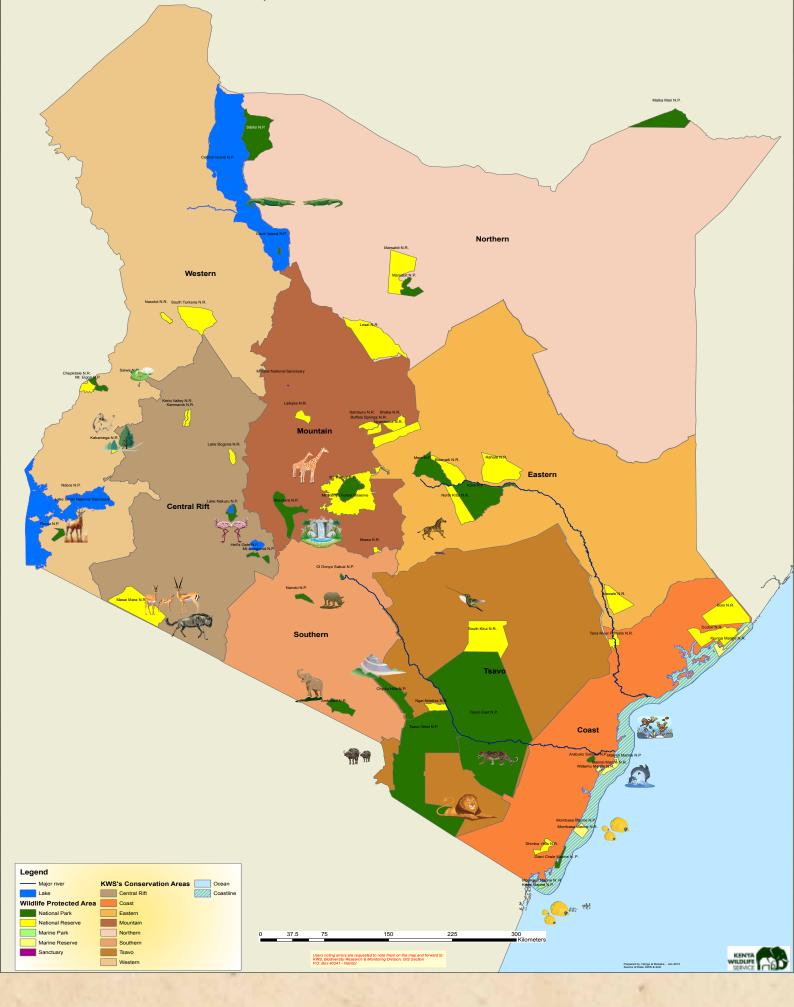


Kenya Wildlife Service Conservation Areas



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KENYA WILDLIFE SERVICE

1

FOREWORD

KWS STRATEGY 2.0: "Preserve the Core and Stimulate Progress"

As we launch our five-year plan 2012-2017, we look back and celebrate years of hard work and sacrifices that have helped conserve a wildlife heritage like no other for future generations. Powered by our past successes and desirous of improving on our inadequacies, we have developed a new roadmap termed KWS Strategy 2.0, a strategic plan which we believe will bring us optimum efficiency, accountability and success in our quest for conservation excellence.

This strategy is a culmination of many consultative forums both within and outside KWS, careful evaluation of our customer and stakeholder needs, our capabilities and our resources - financial and human. It focuses on preserving our core values, while adapting our initiatives and operating practices to an ever-changing world. Our strategy's theme is therefore a magical amalgamation of preservation of the core and stimulation of progress.

Our strategic plan focuses on three key themes: conservation stewardship, people excellence, and collaborative partnerships. The themes are informed by our core competencies, but our strategy is to strive for excellence. We have aligned the plan with Kenya's national development blueprint, Vision 2030, by cascading the blueprint's strategic objectives and identifying our contribution. The strategy derives initiatives from these objectives and allocates resources for realising them. We shall focus on the "who" - our people; not just any people but the right people for the responsibility of conserving our wildlife heritage. We shall endeavour to measure more, share more information and best practices and welcome more partners in our pursuit of conservation excellence.

An important aspect of KWS has always been our capacity to adapt to new threats (be they security, financial, or dwindling community support as a result of resource pressure), and to reinvent and transform ourselves in order to attain higher standards of excellence. Similarly, this strategic plan is intended to be flexible; a living document subject to continuous review, and fine-tuned to meet emerging challenges. However, our commitment to continuously earn the respect and support of Kenyans and the world at large as we conserve and manage a unique and vulnerable resource of national and global significance remains constant.

In the wake of numerous challenges - climate change, regional insecurity, natural calamities such as droughts and floods, upsurge in wildlife crime, volatile economy and political instabilities – Strategy 2.0 helps set the stage for us to do what we are mandated do: conserve Kenya's wildlife heritage.

We thank all our internal and external stakeholders who have contributed to the development of this strategy, the outstanding team that spearheaded its development, and our staff whose dedication and talents will ensure its realisation.

GLOSSARY

ACRONYMS Abbreviation

Meaning

BOT	Board of Trustees
BSC	Balanced Score Card
CITES	Convention on International Trade of Endangered Species
CBO's	Community Based Organisations
COYA	Company of the Year Award
CTF	Conservation Trust Fund
CWS	Community Wildlife Service
EIA	Environmental Impact Assessment
EMCA	Environmental Management and Co-ordination Act
GEF	Global Environmental Fund
GOK	Government of Kenya
ICT	Information and Communication Technology
ISO	International Organization for Standardization
KNPT	Kenya National Parks Trustees
KWCA	Kenya Wildlife Conservancies Association
KWS	Kenya Wildlife Service
KWSTI	Kenya Wildlife Service Training Institute
M & E	Monitoring & Evaluation
MDGs	Millennium Development Goals
MOU's	Memorandum of Understanding
МТР	Medium Term Plan
NEMA	National Environmental Management Authority
NES	National Environmental Secretariat
NGO's	Non-Governmental Organisations
NSW	Nairobi Safari Walk
PAMU	Problem Animal Management Unit
PAPF	Protected Area Planning Framework
PA's	Protected Areas
PC	Performance Contracting
PES	Payment for Ecosystem Services
PESTLE	Political, Economic, Social-cultural, Technological, Legal & Environmental Factors
PPP	Public Private Partnership
SOPs	Standard Operating Procedures
SPS	Sector Perfomance Standards
SWOT	Strengths, Weaknesses, Opportunities & Threats
WCMD	Wildlife Conservation and Management Department

BALANCED SCORE CARD DEFINITIONS

Mission: What we are about; our purpose; what we do

Vision: Our picture of the future; what we want to accomplish in the future

Core Values: Our guiding principles; what we believe in, principles and philosophy at the centre of our organization

Strategy: How we intend to accomplish our Vision; an approach, or "game plan"

Perspectives: Different views of our organization; performance dimensions; what performance lenses we use to evaluate results

Strategic Themes: Main focus areas for our organization; the organization's "Pillars of Excellence", used to focus staff effort on accomplishing the vision Strategic Results: Desired outcome for the main focus areas of KWS

Strategic Objectives: This is a continuous improvement activity that must be performed to get results

Strategy Map: The "Big Picture" of how we create value that demonstrates the cause-effect relationships among the objectives that make up our strategy

Performance Measures & Targets: Indicators of past and future performance, which show how successful we were or how successful we will be in future

Strategic Initiatives: High impact projects designed to significantly impact strategic performance



ABOUT KENYA WILDLIFE SERVICE

The Kenya Wildlife Service is a State corporation established by an Act of Parliament, Wildlife (Conservation and Management) CAP 376 with the mandate to conserve and manage wildlife in Kenya, and to enforce related laws and regulations. The Act spells out the functions of KWS as follows:

- Formulating policies and guidelines for conservation, management and utilization of all types of fauna and flora, excluding domestic animals
- Stewardship of national parks and reserves, including security for visitors and wildlife within and outside protected areas
- Providing advice to the national government, county government, and land owners on best methods of wildlife conservation and management
- Mandated to license, control and supervise all wildlife conservation and management activities outside protected areas
- Providing wildlife conservation education and extension services to create public awareness
- Conducting and coordinating research activities in the field of wildlife conservation and management and disseminate information
- Capacity building for wildlife conservation and management
- Administering and coordinating international protocols, conventions and treaties regarding wildlife in all its aspects

KWS manages approximately 8 % of the total land mass in Kenya that consists of 23 national Parks, 31 national reserves and 6 national sanctuaries, 4 marine national parks and 6 marine national reserves. There are also 154 field stations for management of wildlife outside the protected areas

1.1 Link to Other Sectors

KWS also contributes to the national economy in the following key sectors:

Tourism: Wildlife is the major product of tourism in Kenya, accounting for 90% of the Safari tourism and 75% of the total national tourism earnings. Water: KWS is directly responsible for conserving three of the five critical water towers in Kenya namely Mt. Kenya, Aberdare and Mt. Elgon. The organisation is also involved in protecting and restoring the Mau forest in collaboration with other national agencies. Energy: 70% of Kenya's electricity supply is generated from rivers that emanate from KWS managed National Parks (Mt. Kenya, Aberdare and Mt. Elgon National Parks) and geothermal reservoirs situated in the Hell's Gate ecosystem

Fisheries: KWS manages five marine protected areas (Mombasa, Kisite Mpunguti, Malindi, Watamu and Kiunga Marine Reserve) that contain critical marine habitats which include coral reefs and mangroves. These habitats are important breeding grounds for marine organisms that support the local fisheries. Environmental: By protecting habitat and wildlife, KWS also conserves genetic resources that could be used to develop new or improved food crops, medications, and other products. For instance, wild plants related to food crops may have genes that increase drought, flood or salt tolerance. Biotechnologists can use such genes to make important crops more resilient.

National Security: KWS is a uniformed and disciplined service, contributing to national security.

Transport: As an agent of the Kenya Roads Board, KWS maintains roads within and outside protected areas.

International Conventions: Kenya is a signatory to a number of environmental conventions and protocols. As the designated national authority on wildlife, KWS is called upon to interpret international conventions, adapt them to local conditions, and implement them in Kenya.

MISSION, VISION AND CORE VALUES

MISSION

Sustainably conserve, manage, and enhance Kenya's wildlife, its habitats, and provide a wide range of public uses in collaboration with stakeholders for posterity

VISION

Save the last great species and places on earth for humanity

CORE VALUES

Passion, Professionalism, Innovation, and Quality



KWS STRATEGY STORY

Strategy 2.0 aims at moving the organization from good to great and builds on the strengths of the good results from the previous strategic plans.

Our shared vision is informed by the need to "save the last great species and places on earth for humanity". Achieving our mission and delivering customer and stakeholder value depends on successfully executing three priority areas of our strategy, namely: Conservation Stewardship, People Excellence, and Collaborative Partnerships. All our initiatives are aligned to these strategic focal areas.

The strategic objectives we have set will be measured through customer and stakeholder satisfaction, financial sustainability, efficient processes, and skilled and motivated workforce. Satisfying our customers and stakeholders is enabled when we mobilize resources and optimally use them for conservation.

Improving and aligning our intangible assets and our organization's readiness to improve critical processes depends on having the people with the right attitude and capacity, and aligning their aspiration to our strategic objectives.

Executing this strategy and achieving our strategic results will depend on engaged leadership at all levels, interactive communication among all employees, and strong adherence to our core values of passion, professionalism, innovation and quality.

3.1 KWS STRATEGY HOUSE

Developing a strategy can be compared to building custom house. The mission, vision, customer needs make up the roof of the house, the strategic results are like the roof lintel, while the Strategic themes make up the "pillars of the house". The perspectives are the "different layers of blocks" of the house and foundation is engaged leadership, and core values.

MISSION Sustainably conserve, manage,

and enhance Kenya's wildlife, its habitats, and provide a wide range of public uses in collaboration with stakeholders for posterity

VISION

Save the last great species and places on earth for humanity

STRATEGIC RESULTS

Enhanced ecological integrity, Improved wildlife industry governance, Enhanced collaboration with our customers and stakeholders, Reduced human wildlife conflict, Strengthened law enforcement and security, Great image and brand.



Shared vision + Bold, well executed strategy + Efficient communication and processes + Motivated Staff

2008-2012 STRATEGIC PLAN REFLECTIONS

KWS Strategic Plan 2008-2012 was developed using the balanced score card methodology. The strategic plan emphasis was to focus on people, image and technology as the pillars of excellence. It was geared towards propelling the organisation into becoming a centre of excellence in wildlife conservation. Most of the set targets were attained and specific achievements include the following:

STRATEGIC OBJECTIVE	ACHIEVEMENT	VARIANCES
Enhance collaboration with customers and stakeholders	 Increased customer base by 30% More communities embraced wildlife conservation as a land use option. 	 The target of tripling the customer numbers within five years was not achieved
Strengthen law enforcement	 Positive attitude towards wildlife conservation Well equipped and skilled workforce Effective and efficient wildlife security 	 Outreach programme needs enhancement Need for sophisticated equipment e.g. night vision.
Enhance financial sustainability	 Total revenue increased by 68% Park entry tarrifs reviewed for all major parks Safari card revenue system fully operationalized and rolled out to 6 additional parks. SUN financial system devolved to the 8 conservation areas And all major parks to enhance financial management Animal adoption program officially launched and operationalized International resource mobilization raised funds for Forensic/DNA Laboratory and one Cessna aircraft New revenue streams identified and operational 	 Endowment Fund has not been officially launched Second tier parks not fully exploited to enhance revenue
Enhance Service Delivery	 Attained ISO certification and put systems in place for effective service delivery Implemented Safaricard revenue collection system 	 Customer relationship management system for realtime tracking of customer complaints not in place Agency selling has not yet been actualized

STRATEGIC OBJECTIVE	ACHIEVEMENT	VARIANCES
Reduce human wildlife conflict	 Response time to reported cases in human wildlife conflict reduced from 24hours to 12 hours Wildlife compensation process shortened from 6 months to 3 months 	 Wildlife compensation still not real time
Improve wildlife industry governance	 Wildlife policy and bill passed through cabinet and redrafted by Attorney General Conservancies association formed (KWCA) Capacity building & harmonization of conservancy rangers training at Law Enforcement Academy, Manyani Database for 120 wildlife conservancies done and functional 120 private and community conservancies established 	 Bill not presented in parliament Some conservancy rangers have not been trained
Enhance ecological integrity	 Rhino and elephant strategies developed Forensic laboratory established Laikipia National Park established 300 acres buffer for Nairobi National Park secured Two management plans for Shimba and KiBoDo (Kiunga, Boni & Dodori) developed 	 Not all Protected Areas assessed Not all wildlife corridors have been secured Some management plans not yet completed
Strengthen and modernize institutional capacity	 New rangers and other staff recruited Payroll strategy implemented KWS has become an employer of choice and this has enabled the organization to achieve a high level of skills retention Reference point for excellence in management New ICT equipment procured Intranet and internet services enhanced BSC cascaded to departmental and Park/Station level Use of BSC in management reporting Emergency Management Unit strengthened Force modernization program initiated Various recognition awards in COYA achieved KWSTI Academic Board inaugurated 	 Optimum staffing not realized Some processes not automated Safari card system roll out to all parks not achieved. Appraisals and rewards yet to be fully integrated with the scorecard system Individual BSC not developed





STRATEGY THEMES

Strategic themes are the key areas which we must focus to accomplish desired results. Each theme has a desired outcome or strategic result. The organization, in the duration of this strategic plan, will focus on three areas namely conservation stewardship, which is our core mandate; people excellence, which aims at having the right people with the right attitude and capacity; and collaborative partnerships since wildlife management can only be achieved with the support of other stakeholders The focal areas in previous strategic plans have been the building blocks that have supported our growth. In the strategic plan 2008-2012, the focus was on people as our most valuable resource, image for strengthening the KWS brand and leveraging on technology for opening new opportunities. Strategic plan 2005-2010 focused on use of science and information to drive park management activities, and ensuring market presence to generate revenue to support conservation.



SITUATION ANALYSIS

6.1 **PESTLE Analysis**

A number of factors may affect the organization in its efforts to accomplish its mission and vision. These factors have been considered in coming up with this strategic plan. They include the following:

FACTOR	ELEMENTS
Political factors	National stability
	New constitution
	Relationships with neighboring countries
	County governments
Economic factors	Unpredictable exchange rates
	Escalating cost of living
	Uncertain monetary and fiscal policies
	Unpredictable tourism trends
	Corruption
Socio cultural factors	Demographic changes
	Poverty levels
	Changing consumption patterns
	Changes in land use patterns
	Corruption
Technological factors	Emerging technologies
	E-commerce and internet
Legal	Changing Wildlife Act
	Conflicting legislation by other sectors
	Disparities in regional policies and laws
	International agreements
	New constitution-Land commission
	County governments
Environment	Climate change
	Changing land use patterns
	Weakness in implementing EMCA
	Lack of strong policies for ecosystem protection



6.2 SWOT

STRENGTHS AND OPPORTUNITIES (ENABLERS)

- KWS has the National legal mandate for conservation
- Unique and diverse wildlife and landscapes
- Well established wildlife protection units
- Clearly defined partnerships
- Good infrastructure
- Strong leadership and governance systems
- Clearly defined Protected Area Planning Framework (PAPF)
- Local and international goodwill and recognition
- Very dynamic staff

- Potential to attract financial support and other resources from development partners
- Supportive partners government and community support
- Resource mobilization potential
- Potential for further tourism development
- Commercialization of some of the business units
- Protection of ecosystem services
- Payment for ecosystem services
- Technological advancement

WEAKNESSES AND THREATS (PAINS)

- National mandate is too broad
- Inadequate finances and over reliance on external tourism
- Inadequate human resources
- Incomplete biodiversity inventory

- Inadequate knowledge
- Inadequate risk management strategy
- Underutilization of information
- Lack of an engagement policy with partners



6.3 Customer/Stakeholder Analysis

ner Pr ction and G on Ef ct se iation Vi rships, VW vices val e attitude R s wildlife (e vation Soc ction, P	Product diversity Good infrastructure Efficient and effective ervice Visitor safety Vildlife to sustain ilue chain Resource sharing economic and	Issues • Product price • Park policies • They demand value for money • Policies • Products • Policies	 Revenue Policies Visitation Revenue Service delivery Policy
vill and rt		 Accountability Wildlife as a land use option 	 Funding Revenue Goodwill Publicity
ciation, • Re rships and ge nships • Co vill and ste rt • G onised ge s	Revenue generation Conservation ewardship Good corporate governance	 Accountability Conservation standards Conservation 	 Policy Funding Support Revenue Goodwill Publicity Policy Funding Support Revenue Goodwill
	ciation, • F rships and g nships • (vill and sta rt • (nised g s ciation • C	ciation, • Revenue rships and generation • Conservation • Conservation • Good corporate governance s ciation rships and nships vill and	 Revenue Revenue generation Conservation Conservation Conservation Good corporate governance Conservation Stewardship Conservation Conservation Stewardship Conservation Conservation Stewardship Conservation Conservation Stewardship Conservation Stewardship

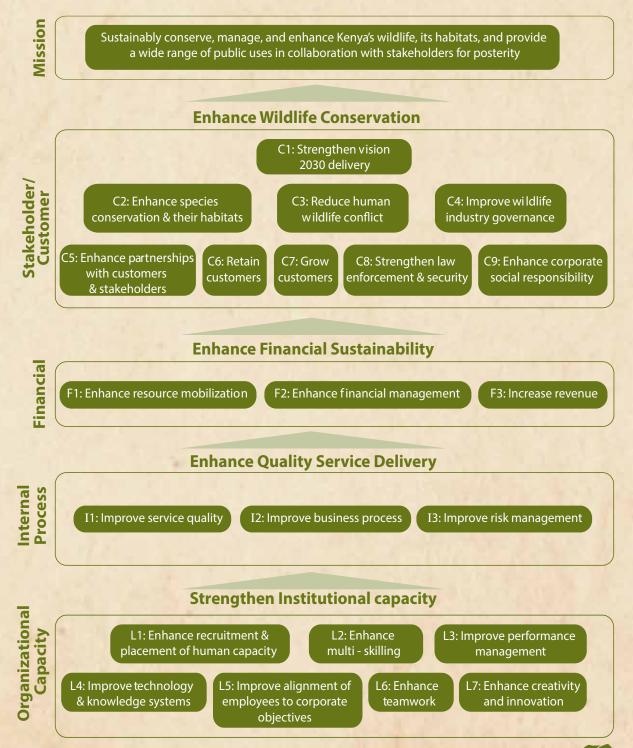


Examples of customers	Behaviours We Want to See	Their Needs (Value They Are Seeking)	Resistance Issues	Their Influence
Suppliers	 Appreciation Partnerships and	Conservation stewardship	Bureaucracy	Procurement policy
	relationships • Goodwill and support	Prompt payments Clear procurement guidelines		Funding Support Revenue
	 Quality products Value for money Timely delivery	• Transparency in award of tenders/ contracts		• Goodwill • Publicity

SEI William

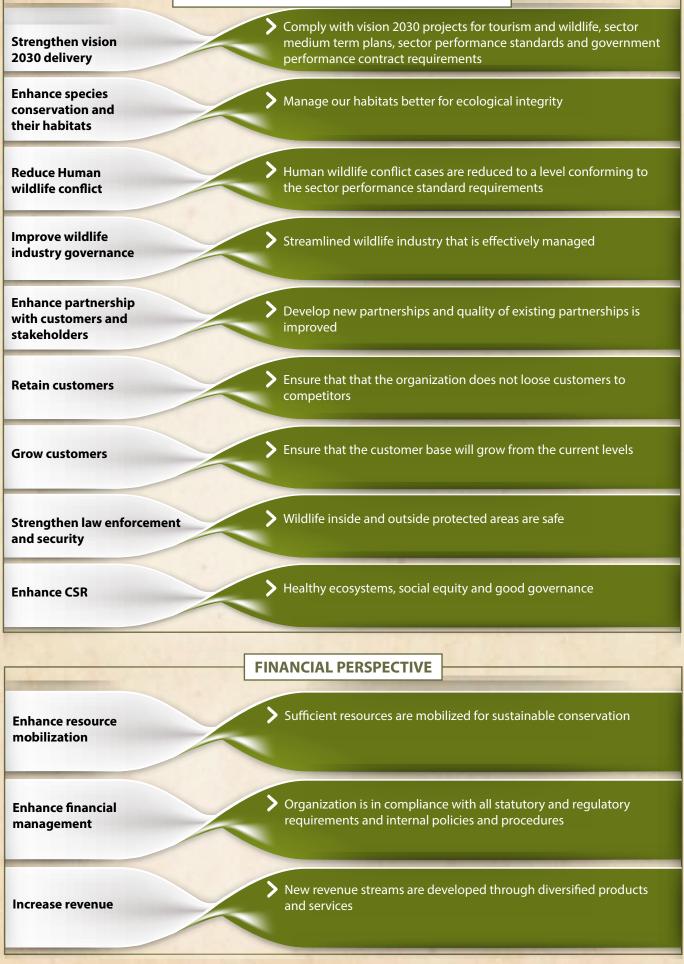
CORPORATE STRATEGY MAP

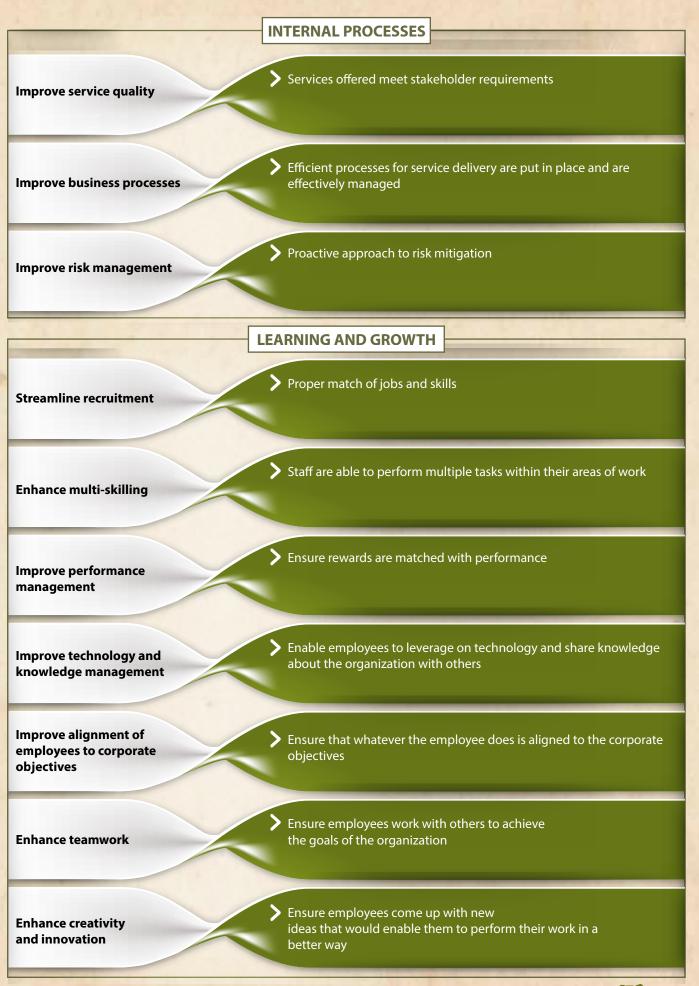
The corporate strategy map is a cause and effect diagram that shows how one perspective leads to the next and ultimately, delivery of our mandate. Learning and growth will equip our staff with requisite skills to re-engineer our internal business processes. Efficient processes will lead to prudent financial management and ultimately better services to customers and stakeholders, which will enhance wildlife conservation.





7.1 OBJECTIVE SUMMARY







7.2 BROAD OBJECTIVES AND INITIATIVES

1. Strengthen and modernize institutional capacity

Initiatives

- 1.1. Development of a knowledge management system
- 1.2. Succession planning and capacity building
- 1.3. Upgrade equipment and infrastructure
- 1.4. Staff appraisal and reward system
- 1.5. Implementation of innovation policy
- 1.6. Inculcate teamwork and synergy
- 2. Enhance quality service delivery

Initiatives

- 2.1. Monitoring of service level agreements implementation
- 2.2. Maintenance of quality management systems
- 2.3. Automate, upgrade and harmonize internal processes
- 2.4. Identify and manage strategic risks
- 3. Enhance financial sustainability

Initiatives

- 3.1. Diversify and strengthen revenue streams
- 3.2. Introduce and implement cost reduction measures
- 3.3. Intensify fundraising activities
- 3.4. Adopt green technology

4. Enhance wildlife conservation

Initiatives

- 4.1. Increase space for wildlife
- 4.2. Implement wildlife policy and law
- 4.3. Maintain ecological integrity
- 4.4. Security (collaborative, modernization, strengthen)
- 4.5. Use of technology in biodiversity and security management
- 4.6. Funding for existing strategies
- 4.7. Formulate, review and implement ecosystem management plans
- 4.8. Formulate and implement endangered and vulnerable species strategies
- 4.9. Domesticate MEA (Multilateral Environmental Agreements)
- 5. Enhance partnerships with customers and stakeholders

Initiatives

- 5.1. Capacity-build communities and stakeholders
- 5.2. Manage human-wildlife conflict
- 5.3. Evaluate impact of Corporate Social Citizenship
- 5.4. Organize the wildlife industry



					U	U	U	
	OWNER		All Divisions	All Divisions	Strategy & Change	Strategy & Change	Strategy & Change	All Divisions
		2016/17	7,500	3,000	3,500	500	1,200	3,600
	2017)	2015/16	7,500		3,500	500	3,600	3,600
RD	BUDGET (KES 000′ 2012 – 2017)	2014/15	7,500	3,000	3,500	500	1,200	3,600
RE CA	BUDGET (KI	2013/14	7,500		3,500	500	1,200	3,600
ED SCO		2012/13	7,500	3,000	3,500	500	1,200	3,600
CORPORATE BALANCED SCORE CARD	INITIATIVES		 i. Participate in development of targets for Vision 2030 Medium Term Plan 2013 – 2018 (Environment, Water & Sanitation Sector, Security Sector, Economic Sector – Tourism) 	ii. Develop Sector Performance Standards in liaison with other Government Agencies	iii. Align Vision 2030, Sector Performing Standards, Strategy 2.0. and Performance Contracting	iv. Coordinate M&E and Reporting to Vision 2030 Delivery Secretariat, Performance Contracting Department, Board of Trustees and KWS Management.	v. Cascade Vision 2030, Sector Performing Standards, KWS 2.0 and Performance Contracting	vi. Develop, Negotiate & Implement Performance Contracts
CORP	TARGETS				100%	12.16		
	MEASURES			Compliance	with Vision 2030 Medium Term Plans (MTP) 2013- 2018 & Sector	Performance Standards (SPS)		
	STRATEGIC OBJECTIVES				C1. Strengthen Vision 2030	Delivery		
	DERCDECTIVE				ST АКЕНОГDER	CUSTOMER/		

									2 .								
	OWNER							Biodiversity Research &	Monitoring/ Wildlife & Community Service/	Lorporate service							
		2016/17		5,000	4,500	8,000	3,000	1,500	4,528	3,000	10,000	1,000	36,000	7,100	3,000	480,000	20,000
	2017)	2015/16			4,500	8,000	3,000	1,500	4,528	3,000	10,000	1,000	36,000	7,100	3,000		20,000
RD	BUDGET (KES 000′ 2012 – 2017)	2014/15		5,000	4,500	8,000	3,000	1,500	4,528	3,000	10,000	1,000	36,000	7,100	3,000	40,000	20,000
RE CA	BUDGET (KE	2013/14			4,500	8,000	3,000	1,500	4,528	3,000	10,000	1,000	36,000	7,100	3,000		20,000
D SCO		2012/13		5,000	4,500	8,000	3,000	1,500	4,528	3,000	10,000	1,000	36,000	7,100	3,000	30,000	20,000
CORPORATE BALANCED SCORE CARD	INITIATIVES		i. Develop ecological integrity composite index	ii. Carry out Baseline Surveys on Ecological Integrity	iii. Identify and document Key Ecosystem Hotspots and enhance their connectivity	iv. Formulate and Review Ecosystem Management Plans	v. Institutionalize Payment of Ecosystem Services (PES)	vi. Undertake Conservation and Management of Water Catchment Areas	vii. Undertake Conservation and Management of Wetlands of International Importance (Ramsar sites and other wetlands)	viii. Establish Community Level Wetlands Conservation	x. Rehabilitate Degraded Habitats	xi. Designate new Wetlands of International Importance (Ramsar Sites)	xii. Engage stakeholders in Beach Management	xiii. Manage Invasive Species in National Parks, Reserves & Adjacent Areas	xiv. Identify and Map Wildlife Corridors and Dispersal Areas	xv. Formulate and Implement Endangered Species Conservation and Management Recovery Plans	xvi. Nurture Orphaned Wildlife
CORP	TARGETS								X+10%								
	MEASURES								Ecosystem perfomance/ integrity index								
	STRATEGIC OBJECTIVES							C2. Enhance Species	Conservatio n & their Habitats								
	DERCDECTIVE							DLDER	3/ STAKEH0	LOWER	LSN:)		1			



	OWNER			Biodiversity Becearch &	Monitoring/	Community Service/	Corporate service						Wildlife &	Community Service/	Strategy & Change/	Security/ Corporate service			
		2016/17	10,000	5,000	13,000	4,000	15,000	1,500	50,000	30,000	89,000	31,104	133,000	4,500	180,000	83,176	31,417	20,000	
	2017)	2015/16	10,000	5,000	13,000	4,000	15,000	1,500	50,000	30,000	66,000	25,920	124,000	3,800	150,000	66,012	24,167	20,000	
RD	BUDGET (KES 000′ 2012 – 2017)	2014/15	10,000	5,000	13,000	4,000	15,000	1,500	50,000	30,000	55,000	21,600	111,000	3,000	150,000	52,381	18,590	20,000	
RE CA	BUDGET (KE	2013/14	10,000	5,000	13,000	4,000	15,000	1,500	50,000	30,000	50,000	18,000	106,000	2,600	120,000	41,580	14,300	20,000	2
D SCO		2012/13	10,000	5,000	13,000	4,000	15,000	1,500	50,000	30,000	40,000	15,000	90,000	2,500	100,000	33,000	11,000	20,000	
CORPORATE BALANCED SCORE CARD	INITIATIVES		xvii. Roll out Conservation Anthem and Conservation Day	xviii. Improve Adaptation and Mitigate impacts of Climate change in the Wildlife Sector	xx. Institutionalize Go-Green Economy Activities in the Wildlife Sector	xxi. Undertake Environmental audits and EIA of Projects	xxii. Establish Forensic and Genetic/DNA Laboratories	xxiii. Implement National Bio-Prospecting Strategy	xxiv. Secure and utilize Land Asset	i. Support Establishment of Conservancies and link Communities with Investors and Donors	ii.Conduct Education and Awareness	iii. Engage Media for Education and Creation of Awareness	iv. Engage Stakeholders and Communities in wildlife management	v. Identify areas for Wildlife Barriers	vi. Construction and maintain Wildlife Barriers	vii. Train and equip Problem Animal Management	viii. Create Wildlife Conservancies Forum, build their capacity and carry out joint patrols and data collection	 X. Engage & Collaborate with Stakeholders to secure Wildlife Corridors and Dispersal Areas 	xi. Develop Governance indicators
CORP	TARGETS				o	0								1	10				
	MEASURES				No of Viable	Ecosystems Maintained								% reduction	in conflict cases				
	STRATEGIC OBJECTIVES			C2. Enhance	Species	& their	חמטונמנא							C3. Reduce Human	Wildlife Conflict				
	DERCDECTIVE								83	КЕНОГДІ	IAT	S /ଧ3N	NOTSI						

C2 Continued



			CORPORA	ORATE BALANCED SCORE CARD		RECA	RD			
DERCDECTIVE	STRATEGIC OBJECTIVES	MEASURES	TARGETS	INITIATIVES		BUDGET (KE	BUDGET (KES 000′ 2012 – 2017)	2017)		OWNER
					2012/13	2013/14	2014/15	2015/16	2016/17	
	د د د د د د د د د د د د د د د د د د د			i. Increase in Mobilize Government Subventions	4,500	4,500	4,500	4,500	4,500	
	r I. Ennance Resource	% increase in funds	50	ii. Introduce and undertake Fundraising and Flagship Events	38,000	47,500	59,375	74,219	92,773	
	ואוסטווובפרוטו	mobilized		iii. Diversify Resource Mobilization Streams	11,000	12,100	13,310	15,641	16,105	
				i. Implement Efficiency measures on Cost Reduction and Savings		15,000				
	-			ii. Comply with set Budgetary Provisions	12,500		12,500			
1	F2. Ennance Financial	% Saving Per Annum	10	iii. Link the Process of Budgeting to Performance Target Setting	2,000	2,000	2,000	2,000	2,000	All Divisions
AIDN	Management			iv. Devolve automated financial services	7,000	8,000	7,000	7,000		2
AN				v. Cashflow Management						X
IJ				i. Introduce New Products and fees	200,000	300,000	200,000	300,000	200,000	
				ii. Conduct Asset Inventory	3,000	3,300	3,630	3,993	4,392	
	F3. Increase	% Increase in	10	iii. Operationalize Special Purpose Vehicle	150,000			12,000		
	שאפוומפ	Kevenue		iv. Diversify Revenue Streams		50,000		50,000		
				v. Carry out Park Branding & Rebranding		50,000		50,000		
				i. Implement and Operationalize KWS Customer Service Charter	10,000	12,000	14,400	17,280	20,736	
	I1. Improve	:		ii. Undertake Continuous Audits	4,000	4,000	4,000	4,000	4,000	Strategy &
OCES TERN	Service Quality	% Keduction in Cycle Time	10	iii. Implement Service Level Agreements	1,200	1,200	1,200	1,200	1,200	Einance & Administration
				iv. Maintain ISO Certification	4,000	4,800	5,760	6,912	8,294	
				v. Enhance Supply Chain management					3	

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CORPORATE BALANCED SCORE CARD

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DERCDECTIVE	STRATEGIC OBJECTIVES	MEASURES	TARGETS	INITIATIVES		BUDGET (KE	BUDGET (KES 000' 2012 – 2017)	2017)		OWNER
					2012/13	2013/14	2014/15	2015/16	2016/17	
	I1. Improve			vi. Develop, Cascade and Implement Organizational policies	10,000	12,000	14,400	17,280	20,736	Strategy &
	Service Quality	% Reduction in Cycle Time	10	vii. Develop & Implement Customer Relationship Management Strategy		2,500				Change, Finance &
	`			viii. Implement Gemba Kaizen	4,500	4,500	4,500	4,500	4,500	Administration
				i. Maintain and Upgrade ICT Systems	30,000	30,000	30,000	30,000	30,000	
SES				ii. Align Performance Contracts to Respective Functions	12,500		12,500			
OCES				iii. Automate Performance Management Systems			3,500			Corporate
8 9 .	I2. Improve	%	100	iv. Undertake Process Audits	4,500	4,500	4,500	4,500	4,500	Strategy &
IANA	business Process	Compliance	8	v. Emplement Monitoring and Evaluation	6,000	7,200	8,640	10,368	12,442	Change/ Human Capital/
ати				vi. Improve Infrastructure within Parks	800,000	960,000	1,152,000	1,382,400	1,658,880	Directors
11				vii. Automate Ticketing	800,000	960,000	1,152,000	1,382,400	1,658,800	
	I3. Improve	% Reduction in Risk		i. Develop and Implement Enterprise Management Policy and framework	13,000				15,000	
	Risk	incidences/	10	ii. Identify and Manage Strategic Risks	150,000	180,000	216,000	259,200	311,040	All Divisions
	Management	Management Uncertainties		iii. Strengthen Revenue Inspection	150,000	180,000	216,000	259,200	311,040	



	OWNER				Human Capital			1	Human Capital				Corporate	Service
		2016/17	12,000	20,736		82,944	82,944	11,000		5,247	2,624	150,000		
CORPORATE BALANCED SCORE CARD	2017)	2015/16	12,000	17,280		69,120	69,120	11,000		4,563	2,281	150,000	29,000	
	BUDGET (KES 000′ 2012 – 2017)	2014/15	12,000	14,400		57,600	57,600	11,000		3,968	1,984	150,000		
	BUDGET (KI	2013/14	12,000	12,000		48,000	48,000	24,000		3,450	1,725	150,000		
		2012/13	12,000	10,000		40,000	40,000	20,000		3,000	1,500	150,000	40,000	
	INITIATIVES		i. Develop Talent Management Programs	ii. Strategic Placement of Human Capacity	iii. Review Organizational Structure to support KWS Strategy	iv. Develop an effective Succession Plan, Management and Supervisory Trainings.	v. Recruit and Train Rangers	i. Conduct Training and Development; Mentoring & Coaching Programme, Job Rotation, Role Play	i. Review and Implement Performance Ma <mark>na</mark> gement System	ii. Undertake and implement Competency Development	iii. Develop Internal Performance Contracts	i. Upgrade Equipment & Infrastructure	ii. Deploy Modern Security Equipment	iii. Develop Knowledge Management Systems
CORP	TARGETS				100			1i. Conductadditionali. Conductskill/Mentoringskill/Job Rotatio		100			50%	
	MEASURES			% Match of	Skill and Job Placement			No. of Employees Trained in other Skills	% Compliance with Set Targets			% Level of Automation		
	STRATEGIC OBJECTIVES			L1. Streamline	Recruitment Process			L2. Enhance Multi Skilling		L3. Improve <mark>% Comp</mark> Performance with Set	Management Targets	L4. Improve	Technology	& Knowledge Systems
	DERODECTIVE		НТЖОЯӘ ФИА ӘИІИЯАЭЈ											

	OWNER					Human Capital/ Strategy &	0					gy &	ge			
	MO					Human Ca Strategy &	Change	F	3			Strategy &	Change		3	
		2016/17	7,871	10,368	300	6,700	800	31,104	18,662	3,000		3,600	15,000	20,736	5,000	7,566,082
	2017)	2015/16	13,824	8,640	300	6,700	006	25,920	15,552	3,000		3,600	1,382,400	17,280	5,000	6,334,826
CORPORATE BALANCED SCORE CARD	BUDGET (KES 000′ 2012 – 2017)	2014/15	11,520	7,200	300	6,700	800	21,600	12,960	3,000		3,600	1,152,000	14,400	5,000	5,543,322
	BUDGET (KE	2013/14	9,600	6,000	300	6,700	800	18,000	10,800	3,000		3,600	960,000	12,000	5,000	5,036,548
		2012/13	8,000	5,000	300	6,700	800	15,000	000'6	3,000	7,000	3,600	800,000	10,000	5,000	4,530,862
	INITIATIVES		i. Carry out Employee and Work Environment Survey	ii. Cascade Balanced Score Cards	iii. Conduct Training Needs Assessment	iv. Conduct Employee Training and Exposure Training Evaluation	v. Develop and implement team rewards	vi. Improve Internal Communication	vii. Improve Employee Welfare	viii. Undertake Team Building	i. Develop and Implement Innovation Policy	ii. Create Idea Bank and innovation matrix	iii. Conduct sensitisation Workshops	iv. Reward Ideas Implemented	v. Implement Innovative Ideas	TOTAL BUDGET
CORP	TARGETS		Employee Satisfaction (x+5) Index (x+5) No. of Ideas 5													
	MEASURES															
	STRATEGIC OBJECTIVES				L5. Improve	Alignment of Employees	to Corporate Objectives					L6. Enhance	Creativity &			
	DERCDECTIVE					нтw	סאס כ	JNA	ÐNI	INB	ЧЭЛ					



FINANCIAL FORECAST

For this strategy to be successfully implemented KWS will have to expand its revenue base to support the activities outlined in this plan. The following areas are the highlights that have been taken into consideration in the projections.

- 1. Conservation fee will be revised during the implementation of this strategic plan resulting in 15% increase in park entry fees.
- 2. There will be a 15 % increase in visitation.

- 3. New revenue streams will be introduced.
- 4. Endowment fund principle target is estimated to generate a return of 10% annually.
- 5. Salaries and allowance upgrade by 10% annually.
- 6. Expenditure expected to grow at 10% annually.
- 7. Government funding of capital expenditure is expected to increase by at least KShs. 500 million per year.

		EAFENDIION	EFUNECAST			
INCOME	2011/12	2012/13	2013/14	2014/15	2015/16	2016/17
Park Entry Fee	3,975,057	4,770,068	5,724,082	6,868,898	8,242,678	9,891,214
Accommodation Facilities	159,002	198,753	248,441	310,551	388,188	485,236
Other income	313,011	322,401	335,297	352,062	366,144	380,790
GoK Subvention	2,001,300	2,501,625	2,800,000	2,800,000	3,000,000	3,000,000
Grants	600,000	600,000	600,000	600,000	600,000	600,000
Endowment fund Interest	40,000	50,000	100,000	100,000	150,000	200,000
OVERALL INCOME	7,088,370	8,442,847	9,807,820	11,031,511	12,747,011	14,557,239
TOTAL Recurrent Expenditure	5,982,716	6,580,988	7,239,086	7,962,995	8,759,294	9,635,224
Total Capital Expenditure	2,261,000	2,202,000	2,116,000	2,882,000	3,289,576	3,754,792
OVERALL SURPLUS/(DEFICIT)	-1,155,346	-340,141	452,733	186,516	698,140	1,167,223

INCOME AND EXPENDITURE FORECAST KSHS "000"

CASCADING, MONITORING AND EVALUATION

9.1 CASCADING

Strategy 2.0 will be disseminated at three levels, stating from the corporate level from where it will be cascaded to the department, park or station and then to the individual. Respective levels will develop their score cards and monitor their objectives, measures, and strategic initiatives against allocated budgets and timelines.



9.2 MONITORING AND EVALUATION

After BSCs have been established for multiple levels of the organization, a strategy monitoring and evaluation process will be put in place to ensure that performance is reviewed and analyzed on a periodic basis. This strategy will further be subjected to a mid-term and end-term external review. The process will take into account emergent issues, why targets were not met, and changes in the environment that affect this plan.

9.3 PERFORMANCE APPRAISAL AND BUDGETING

Employees' appraisal will be aligned to this strategy and linked to performance scorecards. Supervisors will conduct annual appraisals and objectively analyze the employees' performance and contribution to the service based on individual scorecard. Budgets will also be strategy-based, derived from initiatives developed from the strategic objectives



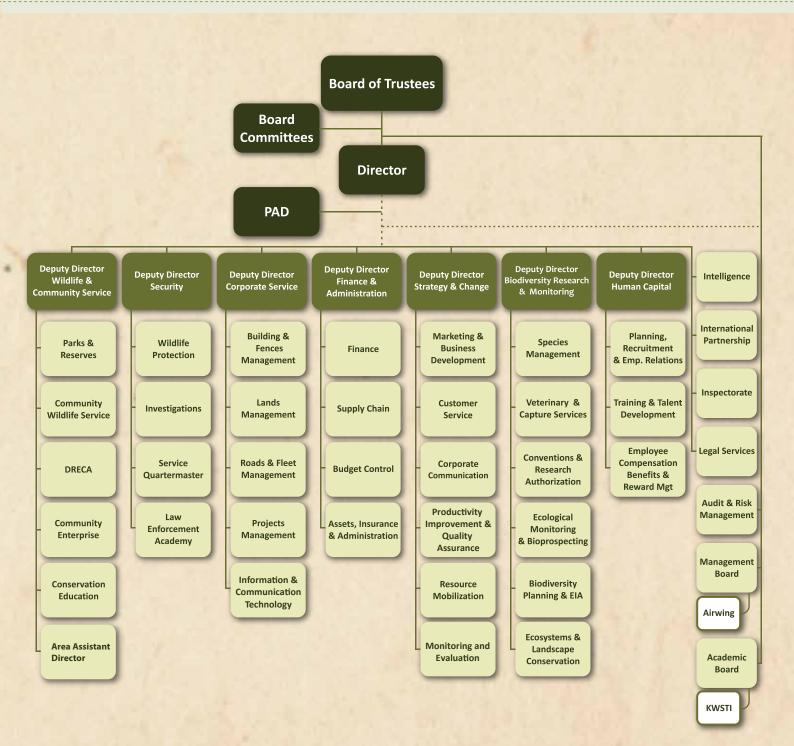
STRUCTURE TO DELIVER STRATEGY 2.0

The organizational structure to drive this plan will largely be determined by the plan. The following are the guiding principles for the envisioned structure;

- 1. Need to strengthen devolution initiated in the previous plan
- 2. Need to make the headquarters lean.
- 3. Need to strengthen the oversight role to ensure compliance to standards
- 4. Aligning KWS structure to the Constitution
- 5. Strengthen the delivery of Vision 2030
- 6. Need to provide for organizational growth and strategic direction

- 7. Rationalized span of control at all levels
- 8. Need to strengthen Monitoring and Evaluation function
- 9. Address new institutional arrangements envisioned in the expected new Wildlife Act
- Address need for semi autonomy and commercialization of some functions – KWSTI and Air wing

KENYA WILDLIFE SERVICE CORPORATE STRUCTURE



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OUR VALUES





The Director

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