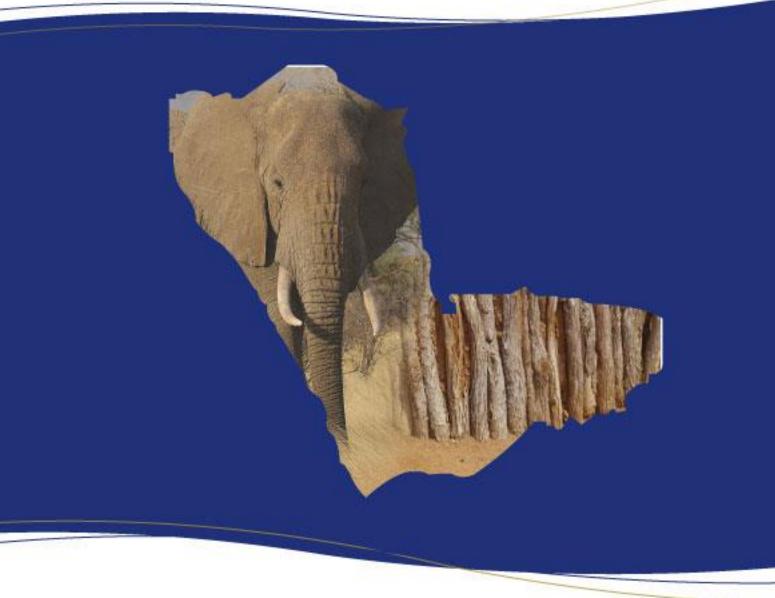
Lanene 2011 Census Regional Profile









2011 POPULATION AND HOUSING CENSUS Kunene Regional Profile

Basic Analysis with Highlights

Foreword

The first Population and Housing Census in an independent Namibia was conducted in 1991. Since then, a Census has been undertaken every ten years, and the 2011 Population and Housing Census marks Namibia's third census since independence in 1990. The Census is demonstrative of the Namibia Statistics Agency's (NSA) commitment to providing relevant and quality statistics to support decision making, policy formulation and monitoring of development programmes.

This regional profile presents the result of the 2011 Namibia Population and Housing Census for the Kunene Region. The report provides a wide range of indicators on population characteristics, household and housing conditions and households enumerated in the region between 28 August and 15 September 2011. The report further provides detailed information on age and sex composition, marital status, education, literacy, economic activity, orphan-hood, fertility and disability. In addition, household size, housing amenities, ownership and the quality of housing are also presented in this report. All these indicators are provided at regional, urban/rural and constituency level. It should be noted that internal migration was not possible to calculate at constituency level. However it was provided at regional level in the 2011 main census report launched on 27 March 2013, as well as in the Population Atlas released in June 2013.

This regional profile is the fourth in a series of reports to be released based on the 2011 census data. The first report - released in April 2012 - disseminated provisional results on the distribution of the population. The second report was the census main report, which presented more detailed results at national levee; and the third report was the Population Atlas, which depicts the distribution of the country's population on maps by regions and constituencies.

We thank the Government of the Republic of Namibia for contributing significantly to the implementation of the 2011 census, as well as our development partners who provided technical or financial support. We are grateful to everyone who contributed to ensuring that the 2011 census was a success. In particular, we thank UNFPA, the Government of the United States of America through USAID and Statistics South Africa for their technical support to ensure the timely completion of census activities. We also thank the census inter-agency technical committee, line ministries, private institutions, the governor of the region and regional offices, field staff and the general public for their support, which was pivotal to the success of the 2011 Population & Housing Census.

We are hopeful that the users of this report will find its contents useful for their decision making and planning purposes, including business investments. Our commitment is to ensure that all statistics required by our users are readily available.

A Control

DR. JOHN STEYTLER STATISTICIAN GENERAL NAMIBIA STATISTICS AGENCY

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LIST OF ACRONYMS

CBS Central Bureau of Statistics

CBR Crude Birth Rate

CDR Crude Death Rate

EA Enumeration Area

ECD Early Childhood Development

ICT Information Communication Technology

MDGs Millennium Development Goals

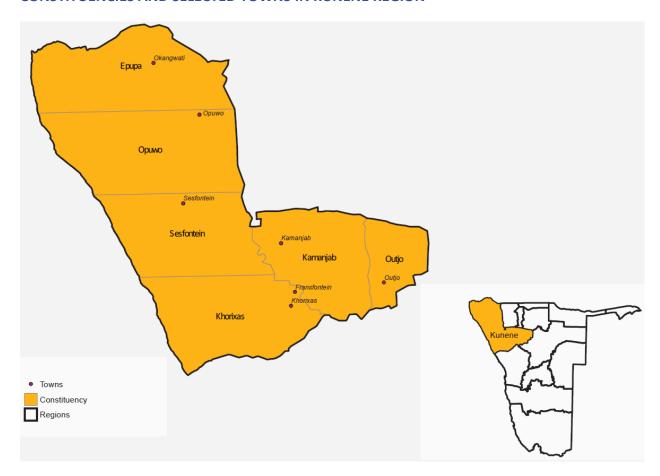
NDPs National Development Plans

NSA Namibia Statistics Agency

UNFPA United Nations Population Fund

USAID United States Agency for International Development

CONSTITUENCIES AND SELECTED TOWNS IN KUNENE REGION



Total Populat

Kunene	86 856
Epupa	17 696
Kamanjab	8 441
Khorixas	12 566
Opuwo	27 272
Outjo	12 447
Sesfontein	8 434

Urban Localities in

Kunene	
Khorixas	6 796
Opuwo	7 657
Outjo	8 445

Kunene Region – Census Selected Indicators, 2011 and 2001

Runelle Region Census se	•				2011	2001
D 11: 6:	2011	2001		1.1.6.27	2011	2001
Population Size				Labour force, 15+ years, %		
Total	86 856	68 735		In labour force	67	57
Females	43 253	34 237		Employed	64	77
Males	43 603	34 487		Unemployed	36	23
Sex ratio: Males per 100 females	101	101		Outside labour force	24	37
				Student	30	19
Age composition, %				Homemaker	30	56
Under 5 years	17	15		Retired, too old, etc.	40	25
5 – 14 years	25	26				
15 – 59 years	51	48		Housing conditions, %		
60+ years	7	7		Households with		
				Safe water	67	73
Marital status: 15+ years, %				No toilet facility	63	65
Never married				Wood/charcoal for	32	22
Never married	56	52		cooking	32	22
Married with					51	81
certificate	13	12))1	01
Married traditionally	18	17				
Married consensually	9	13				
Divorced/Separated	2	2		Main source of income, %		
Widowed	3	4		Household main income		
				Farming	32	35
				Wages & Salaries	41	37
Private households				Cash remittance	5	7
Number	18 495	12 489		Business, non-farming	8	7
Average size	4.6	5.3		Pension	12	10
Head of household, %				Disability, %		
Females	40	40		With disability	4	5
Males	60	60				
Literacy rate, 15+ years, %	65	59				
Education, 15+ years, %						
Never attended	27	40				
school	37	40				
Currently at school	9	23				
Left school	50	34				
			•		•	

Note: 'Not stated' and 'Don't know' were not imputed in 2001 census

Epupa Constituency – Census Selected Indicators, 2011 and 2001

	2011	2001			2011	2001
Population Size			Labou	ır force, 15+ years, %		
Total	17 696	13 129	l l	n labour force	60	66
Females	9 318	6 674		Employed	81	93
Males	8 378	6 455		Unemployed	19	7
Sex ratio: Males per 100 females	90	97		Outside labour force	28	20
				Student	18	11
Age composition, %				Homemaker	50	38
Under 5 years	22	18		Retired, too old, etc.	33	51
5 – 14 years	31	28				
15 – 59 years	40	38	Housi	ng conditions, %		
60+ years	7	7	H	louseholds with		
				Safe water	29	36
Marital status: 15+ years, %				No toilet facility	92	96
Never married	47	39		Electricity for lighting	7	2
Married with		2		Wood/charcoal for		
certificate	3	3		cooking	78	92
Married traditionally	41	44				
Married consensually	2	2				
Divorced/Separated	5	5	Main	source of income, %		
Widowed	3	6	H	lousehold main income		
				Farming	77	81
				Wages & Salaries	6	5
Private households				Cash remittance	1	2
Number	2 781	1 722		Business, non-farming	5	7
Average size	6.3	7.5		Pension	8	3
Head of household, %						
Females	42	36	Disabi	ility, %		
Males	58	64	Wit	th disability	4	6
Literacy rate, 15+ years, %	29	24				
Education, 15+ years, %						
Never attended						
school	70	79				
Currently at school	6	5				
Left school	15	13				

Kamanjab Constituency - Census Selected Indicators, 2011 and 2001

	2011	2001		2011	2001
Population Size			Labour force, 15+ years, %		
Total	8 441	6 454	In labour force	78	69
Females	3 854	2 985	Employed	76	78
Males	4 578	3 469	Unemployed	24	22
			, ,		
Sex ratio: Males per 100 females	119	116	Outside labour force	16	25
			Student	24	30
Age composition, %			Homemaker	28	51
Under 5 years	14	13	Retired, too old, etc.	47	18
5 – 14 years	19	22			
15 – 59 years	60	57	Housing conditions, %		
60+ years	7	6	Households with		
			Safe water	836	87
Marital status: 15+ years, %			No toilet facility	49	61
Never married	51	46	Electricity for lighting	30	15
Married with			Wood/charcoal for	43	86
certificate	21	19	cooking	43	00
Married traditionally	6	2			
Married consensually	20	30			
Divorced/Separated	1	1	Main source of income, %		
Widowed	2	2	Household main income		
			Farming	9	14
			Wages & Salaries	75	67
Private households			Cash remittance	3	7
Number	2 391	1 512	Business, non-farming	5	4
Average size	3.3	4.0	Pension	7	6
Head of household, %	25	25	Disability 0/		
Females	25	25	Disability, %	2	
Males	75	75	With disability	3	3
Litara averata dEverana 0/	75	67			
Literacy rate, 15+ years, %	75	67			
Education, 15+ years, %					
Never attended school	27	30			
Currently at school	5	8			
Left school	66	60			
Leit School	00	00			

Khorixas Constituency - Census Selected Indicators, 2011 and 2001

2011	2001		2011	2001
		Labour force, 15+ years, %		
12 566	11 501	In labour force	63	63
6 155	5 732	Employed	59	56
6 411	5 758	Unemployed	41	44
104	101	Outside labour force	27	34
				27
				41
		Retired, too old, etc.	32	32
		=		
9	9			
			78	82
		•		38
60	55		50	31
24	21	•	34	86
24	21	cooking		00
1	1			
12	19			
1	1	Main source of income, %		
3	3	Household main income		
		Farming	12	17
		Wages & Salaries	46	43
		Cash remittance	9	13
3132	2 537	Business, non-farming	8	7
3.9	4.3	Pension	21	16
45	45	Disability, %		
55	55	With disability	5	3
84	79			
16	18			
0	n			
72	71			
	12 566 6 155 6 411 104 14 23 55 9 60 24 1 1 2 1 3 3 3132 3.9 45 55 84	12 566 6 155 6 411 11 501 5 732 5 758 104 101 14 23 5 55 24 9 9 13 22 55 54 9 9 60 24 21 1 1 3 3 55 24 21 1 1 3 3 3132 3.9 4.3 2 537 4.3 45 55 84 79 45 79 16 18 9 18 9	Labour force, 15+ years, % In labour force Employed Unemployed	Labour force, 15+ years, % In labour force 63

Opuwo Constituency - Census Selected Indicators, 2011 and 2001

	2011	2001		2011	2001
Population Size			Labour force, 15+ years, %		
Total	27 272	20 892	In labour force	63	44
Females	13 896	10 635	Employed	59	86
Males	13 376	10 257	Unemployed	41	14
Sex ratio: Males per 100 females	96	96	Outside labour force	37	52
			Student	35	15
Age composition, %			Homemaker	33	68
Under 5 years	17	17	Retired, too old, etc.	32	17
5 – 14 years	27	28			
15 – 59 years	50	44	Housing conditions, %		
60+ years	7	7	Households with		
			Safe water	62	70
Marital status: 15+ years, %			No toilet facility	74	84
Never married	60	54	Electricity for lighting	28	14
Married with	4	5	Wood/charcoal for	62	69
certificate	4	5	cooking	02	09
Married traditionally	26	29			
Married consensually	4	3			
Divorced/Separated	3	4	Main source of income, %		
Widowed	3	4	Household main income		
			Farming	47	51
			Wages & Salaries	27	21
Private households			Cash remittance	3	5
Number	5 178	3 305	Business, non-farming	12	8
Average size	5.2	6.1	Pension	10	11
Head of household, %			Disability, %		
Females	45	46	With disability	4	4
Males	56	54	·		
Literacy rate, 15+ years, %	62	54			
Education, 15+ years, %					
Never attended school	43	49			
Currently at school	11	11			
Left school	42	42			

Outjo Constituency – Census Selected Indicators, 2011 and 2001

	2011	2001		2011	2001
Population Size			Labour force, 15+ years, %		
Total	12447	9 154	In labour force	75	68
Females	5988	4 481	Employed	66	73
Males	6459	4 673	Unemployed	35	27
Sex ratio: Males per 100 females	108	104	Outside labour force	18	30
			Student	42	24
Age composition, %			Homemaker	20	47
Under 5 years	13	12	Retired, too old, etc.	39	28
5 – 14 years	20	21			
15 – 59 years	61	59	Housing conditions, %		
60+ years	6	7	Households with		
			Safe water	89	89
Marital status: 15+ years, %			No toilet facility	47	40
Never married	55	56	Electricity for lighting	48	51
Married with certificate	22	19	Wood/charcoal for cooking	29	85
Married traditionally	5	3	COOKING		
Married consensually	15	19			
Divorced/Separated	1	1	Main source of income, %		
Widowed	2	2	Household main income		
widowed		_	Farming	5	
			Wages & Salaries	66	
Private households			Cash remittance	9	
Number	3279	2 132	Business, non-farming	7	
Average size	3.7	4.2	Pension	10	
Average size	5.7	7.2	i chision		
Head of household, %			Disability, %		
Females	36	38	With disability	4	
Males	64	62	,		
Literacy rate, 15+ years, %	78	71			
Education, 15+ years, %					
Never attended school	23	28			
Currently at school	9	8			
Left school	65	63			

Sesfontein Constituency – Census Selected Indicators, 2011 and 2001

	2011	2001		2011	2001
			Labour force, 15+		
Population Size			years, %		
Total	8 434	7 605	In labour force	64	45
Females	4 042	3 730	Employed	54	75
Males	4 392	3 875	Unemployed	46	25
Sex ratio: Males per 100 females	109	104	Outside labour force	22	54
			Student	27	18
Age composition, %			Homemaker	20	62
Under 5 years	16	15	Retired, too old, etc.	54	20
5 – 14 years	26	30	etc.		
15 – 59 years	51	47	Housing conditions, %		
60+ years	7	8	Households with		
00+ years	/	0	Safe water	61	68
Marital status: 15+ years, %			No toilet facility	73	79
ivialital status. 13+ years, 76			Wood/charcoal	/3	75
Never married	62	57	for cooking	24	12
Married with certificate	13	13		57	53
Married traditionally	13	10			
Married consensually	8	15			
Divorced/Separated	1	1	Main source of income, %		
Widowed	3	4	Household main income		
			Farming	30	46
			Wages & Salaries	37	26
Private households			Cash remittance	6	7
Number			Business, non-	6	4
Number	1 734	1 281	farming	0	4
Average size	4.7	6	Pension	17	14
Head of household, %			Disability, %		
Females	40	42	With disability	4	6
Males	60	58			
Literacy rate, 15+ years, %	72	70			
Education, 15+ years, %					
Never attended school	28	30			
Currently at school	8	13			
Left school	60	57			

CHAPTER 1: INTRODUCTION

1.1 Background

Kunene Region is one of the thirteen regions of Namibia. The region's name is derived from Kunene River which forms the Northern border with Angola. The largest town and capital is Opuwo. The region is a mountainous area. The Kunene Region has six (6) constituencies which are: Epupa, Kamanjab, Khorixas, Opuwo, Outjo and Sesfontein.

1.2 The 2011 Population and Housing Census

The 2011 Namibia Population and Housing Census results show that, Kunene had a population of 86,856 people of which 43,253 were women and 43,603 were men. The population was growing at an annual rate of 2.3 percent. About 74 percent of the population lived in rural areas, while about 26 percent of the population lived in urban areas. The population consisted of 18,495 households, with an average household size of 4.2 persons.

Therefore, this Regional Report intends to provide more detailed findings in terms of the socio-economic, demographic, household and housing characteristics of the Kunene Region than was collected during the 2011 Census. Furthermore, comparisons were made between the various Census years as well as among urban/rural areas and constituencies within the region.

1.3 Organization of the report

The Report is divided into seven main chapters including the Foreword, Preface and several Annexes. Chapter 1 provides an introduction which includes the background to Censuses, the 2011 Census and an overview of the organization of the Report. Chapter 2 provides information on population size, population structure and composition, sex ratios and population density. Chapter 3 gives information on marital status, citizenship and registration of births. Chapter 4 provides information on population trends, and focuses on population growth, urbanization, fertility and migration, and household deaths. Chapter 5 addresses socio-economic characteristics of the population and mainly covers Information Communication Technology (ICT), literacy and education, disability, orphan-hood and economic activity. Chapter 6 provides information on household characteristics including household size, household composition, main sources of income for the household, asset ownership, main language spoken at household level and agricultural activity. Chapter 7 provides information on housing characteristics and focuses on types of housing unit, tenure status, construction materials, water supply and sanitation as well as sources of energy for the household.

Please note that:

- 1. Chapter two (2) presents information for all persons including those who were in prisons, hotels and night travellers. While chapters 3-7 present information obtained from all persons who were enumerated in households and institutions only.
- 2. Imputation using hot-deck method was applied for 'Not stated' and 'Don't know 'to age and sex of each person.

3. There are three Annexes: a Glossary of Census Terms, an Enumeration Area Map and detailed tables.

CHAPTER 2: POPULATION STRUCTURE, COMPOSITION AND DENSITY

This chapter provides information on the population size, structure, composition and density of Kunene Region. It also presents analyses of population trends between the 1991, 2001 and 2011 Census years.

2.1 Population size and Density

Total Population of Kunene Region was 86,856

Figure 2.1 provides a comparison of the population size by Census year and area. The results show that the total population for Kunene increased from 64,017 in 1991 to 68,735 in 2001, and in 2011 the population increased to 86,856 people. This trend was also observed in the urban and rural areas.

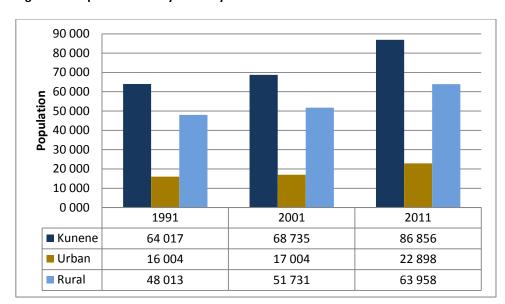


Figure 2.1 Population size by Census year and area

Population density is the average number of persons per square kilometre (sq km). Thus, it shows the relationship between a given population and the size of the area. Population densities calculated for all constituencies are given in Table 2.1.

At constituency level, Outjo was the most densely populated constituency with 1.7 persons per square kilometre. On the other hand, Sesfontein was the least populated constituency with a density of 0.4 persons per square kilometre.

The density was 0.8 persons per square

Table 2.1 Population density by area

Area	Population	Area in sq.km	Population density
Kunene	86 856	115615.7	0.8
Epupa	17 696	23 617.37	0.7
Kamanjab	8 441	17 130.77	0.5
Khorixas	12 566	21 328.01	0.6
Opuwo	27 272	25 822.74	1.1
Outjo	12 447	74 67.567	1.7
Sesfontein	8 434	20 249.21	0.4

Table 2.2 shows the proportion of the population living in rural and urban areas as well as in the constituencies of Kunene Region.

The Table shows that the proportion of the population living in rural areas was higher than in urban areas (In 2011, 73.6% and 26.4%, respectively). At constituency level, Opuwo accommodates about 31 percent of the total population, while Kamanjab and Sesfontein were the least populous constituencies, both with 9.7 percent of the total population.

About 75.3% of the population lived in rural areas

Table 2.2 Percent share of the population within the Census year and area

Area -	Num	ber	Percent
Alea	2001	2011	2001 2011
Kunene	68 735	86 856	100.0 100.0
Urban	17 004	22 898	24.7 26.4
Rural	51 731	63 958	75.3 73.6
Epupa	13 129	17 696	19.1 20.4
Kamanjab	6 454	8 441	9.4 9.7
Khorixas	11 501	12 566	16.7 14.5
Opuwo	20 892	27 272	30.4 31.4
Outjo	9 154	12 447	13.3 14.3
Sesfontein	7 605	8 434	11.1 9.7

2.2 Population structure and composition

This sub-section provides information on the composition of the population in terms of sex and age, which are important demographic parameters.

2.1.1 Age Structure

The age distribution of the population by broad age groups and area is presented in Table 2.3. Kunene Region had a relatively young population, with about 42 percent of the whole population being less than 15 years of age. The share of young people below the age of 15 years in rural areas was about 45 percent, while that of urban areas was about 33 percent. Likewise, the proportion of elderly people aged 60 years and above in rural areas was 7.3 percent, while that in urban areas was 5.9 percent.

Table 2.3 Population distribution by age group and area

			<u> </u>		
Area	Population	0-4	5-14	15-59	60+
Kunene	86 856	16.5	25.2	51.3	6.9
Urban	22 898	12.9	20.0	61.2	5.9
Rural	63 958	17.8	27.1	47.8	7.3
Epupa	17 696	22.2	30.6	40.1	7.1
Kamanjab	8 441	13.9	19.3	60.2	6.5
Khorixas	12 566	13.5	22.8	55.1	8.6
Opuwo	27 272	16.9	26.5	50.1	6.5
Outjo	12 447	12.9	20.4	60.6	6.1
Sesfontein	8 434	15.9	26.3	50.7	7.2

2.2.2 Median age

Kunene Region had a median age of 19 years

Median age is used as an indicator to determine whether the population is young, intermediate or old. Thus, a region is considered 'young' when it has a median age of less than 20 years, while regions with medians of 30 years and above are 'old'. Populations with median ages between 20 and 29 are referred to as intermediate.

Kunene Region had a median age of 19 years, and was therefore young. The figure of 19 years means that half of the population was younger than 19 years old, and the other half older than 19 years.

Table 2.4 presents information on median age by sex and urban and rural areas. The median age for urban areas was 23 years which is slightly higher compared to the median age of 18 years in rural areas.

Table 2.4 Median age by sex and area

·		•	
Area	Total	Female	Male
Kunene	19	19	19
Urban	23	23	23
Rural	17	17	18
Epupa	14	14	13
Kamanjab	25	23	27
Khorixas	22	23	22
Opuwo	18	18	18
Outjo	23	23	24
Sesfontein	19	19	18

2.1.2 Sex composition

The 2011 Census collected information on sex. Table 2.5 gives the population distribution by sex, urban and rural areas and constituencies. The results show that males made up more than half of the population (50.2%). However, more females were found in urban than in rural areas; urban areas having a proportion of females of 52.9 percent. Epupa constituency was characterised by greater dominances of females as compared to the regional average; its proportion of females was 52.7 percent. The Table further shows that the largest proportion of males in a particular constituency was found in Kamanjab constituency, which had a male population of 54.3 percent.

Table 2.5 Population distribution by sex and area

Area	Total	Female	Percent	Male	Percent
Kunene	86 856	43 253	49.8	43 603	50.2
Urban	22 898	12 110	52.9	10 788	47.1
Rural	63 958	31 143	48.7	32815	51.3
Epupa	17 696	9 318	52.7	8 378	47.3
Kamanjab	8 441	3 854	45.7	4 587	54.3
Khorixas	1 2566	6 155	49.0	6 411	51.0
Opuwo	27 272	13 896	51.0	13 376	49.0
Outjo	12 447	5 988	48.1	6 459	51.9
Sesfontein	8 434	4 042	47.9	4 392	52.1

Sex ratio

More than 50% of the population were

Sex ratio is another measure of sex composition and is the proportion of males per 100 females in a given population.

Table 2.6 provides the sex ratio by urban and rural areas and constituencies. The sex ratio for Kunene was 101, which implies that there were on average more males for every 100 females in this region. More males were found in rural areas (105) in 2011, and this trend is also observed in most constituencies with the exception of Epupa and Opuwo, which had more females than males.

It was observed that the sex ratio for urban areas declined slightly, while for rural areas it increased slightly.

Table 2.6 Sex ratio by Census years and area

	<u> </u>	
Area	2001	2011
Kunene	101	101
Urban	92	89
Rural	104	105
Epupa	97	90
Kamanjab	116	119
Khorixas	101	104
Opuwo	96	96
Outjo	104	108
Sesfontein	104	109

2.1.3 Age-sex pyramid

Age-sex pyramids provide important illustrations of the demographic characteristics of the population.

Figure 2.2 is the population pyramid for Kunene by five-year age groups. The broad base representing more young people and a narrow apex representing fewer older people reflects the youthfulness of the population. This shape is typical of populations with high fertility rates. Further, the pyramid shows that the share of males is larger than that of females at most of the age groups as shown by sex ratio.

Figure 2.2 Population pyramid, Kunene

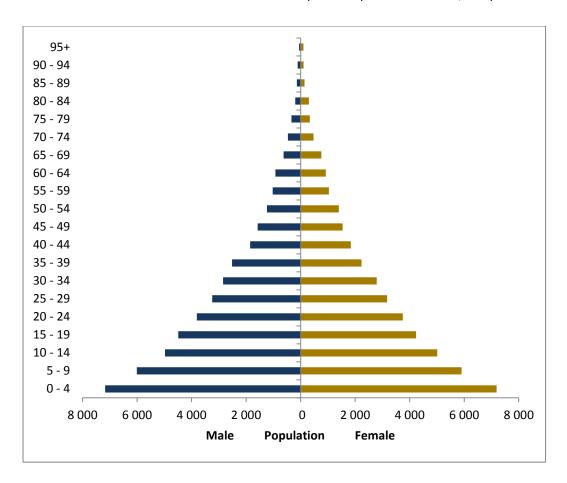


Figure 2.3 presents the population pyramid for urban areas in five-year age groups. The pyramid is bulky in the middle and has a relatively narrow apex indicating that urban areas had a large proportion of working-age people (between 15 - 59 years of age) and a much smaller proportion of elderly people.

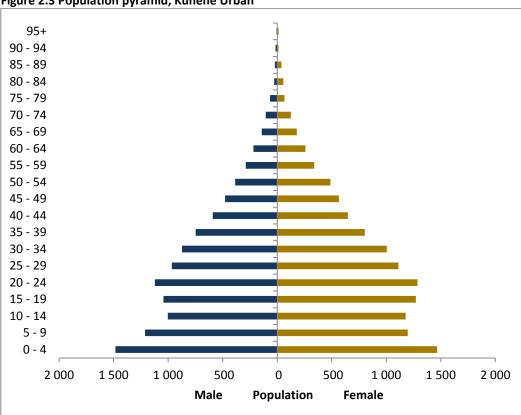
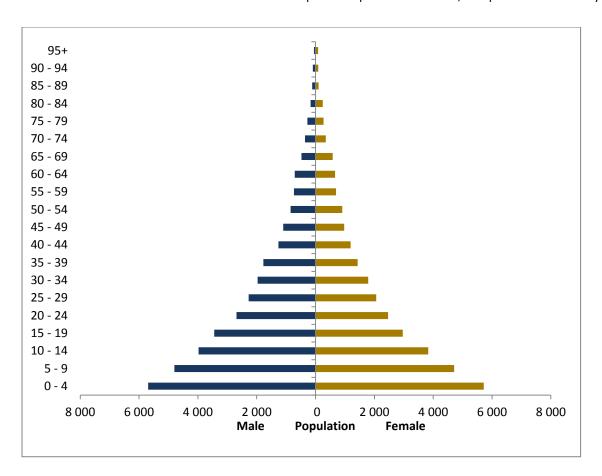


Figure 2.3 Population pyramid, Kunene Urban

Figure 2.4 gives the pyramid for rural areas. The pyramid shows a broad base (an indication of high fertility) and a narrow apex. However a shrink is observed in both sexes of age 15 to 49. This is an indication of out-migration from the rural areas to other regions, which has affected the rural population.

Figure 2.4 Population pyramid, Kunene rural



CHAPTER 3: POPULATION CHARACTERISTICS

This chapter provides information on demographic characteristics and focuses on marital status, citizenship and status of birth registration.

3.1 Marital status

Close to 18% of the population aged 15 years and above was married

During the Census, all people were asked to state their marital status in one of the following categories: never married, married with certificate, married traditionally, consensual union, divorced/separated and widowed. For international comparisons the analysis focuses only on the population aged 15 years and above although we acknowledge that there are cases of child marriage in Namibia.

Figure 3.1 shows that about 56 percent of population of the population aged 15 years or above in Kunene Region were never married, while 17.8 percent were traditionally married. The results also indicate that 12.7 percent of the population were married with a certificate and 8.5 percent were in a consensual union. The high number of people that were never married can be explained by the young population.

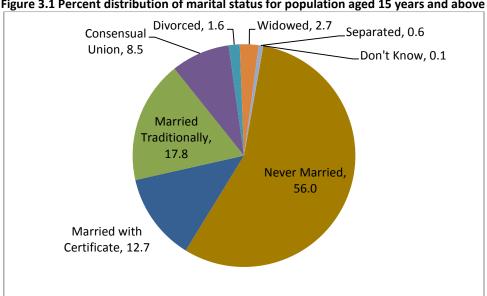


Figure 3.1 Percent distribution of marital status for population aged 15 years and above

3.2 Citizenship

The Census asked all persons to state their country of citizenship, from which the number of Namibians and non-Namibians was reported.

Table 3.1 shows that the great majority of people enumerated (96.7%) in the 2011 Census were Namibians.

Table 3.1 Population distribution by citizenship and sex

		,				
Citizenship	Total	Percent	Female	Percent	Male	Percent
Total	86 856	100.0	43 253	100.0	43 603	100.0
Namibians	84 358	97.1	42 177	97.5	42 181	96.7
Non-Namibians	2 493	2.9	1 074	2.5	1 419	3.3
Don't Know	5	0.0	2	0.0	3	0.0

Table 3.2 shows the distribution of non-Namibians by selected countries of origin; however, it only lists countries of origin from which citizens constitute a substantial share of the total non-Namibian population.

European nationals represented the highest proportion of foreigners residing in Kunene Region (30.7%).

Table 3.2 Non-citizen' population by sex and country of origin

	-					
Citizenship	Total	Percent	Female	Percent	Male	Percent
Total	2 493	100.0	1 074	100.0	1 419	100.0
Angola	564	22.6	132	12.3	432	30.4
Botswana	-	-	-	-	-	-
South Africa	198	7.9	89	8.3	109	7.7
Zambia	12	0.5	4	0.4	8	0.6
Zimbabwe	74	3.0	32	3.0	42	3.0
Other SADC Countries	300	12	143	13.3	157	11.1
Other African Countries	421	16.9	208	19.4	213	15.0
European Countries	765	30.7	403	37.5	362	25.5
American countries	73	2.9	40	3.7	33	2.3
Asian And Oceanic Countries	86	3.4	23	2.1	63	4.4

^{&#}x27;-' Not available

3.3 Namibian Birth Registration

The Census provided information on whether the respondent was in possession of a Namibian birth registration certificate or not. The results are presented in Table 3.3. A birth certificate is an essential tool in Namibia for all citizens to access social services such as social grants and educational services. The Table shows that a significant proportion (90.3%) of the population in Kunene possessed birth certificates in 2011.

At constituency level, the highest proportion of people with birth certificates was in Khorixas, with about 95 percent, while the lowest was Epupa constituency, with 85.5 percent.

About 90% of the population had acquired birth

Table 3.3 Namibian birth certificate status by area

Area Total		With birth certificate			Without birth certificate		Don't know	
		Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	
Kunene	83 550	75 449	90.3	7 555	9.0	546	0.7	
Urban	22 056	20 872	94.6	1 091	4.9	93	0.4	
Rural	61 494	54 577	88.8	6 464	10.5	453	0.7	
Epupa	17 325	14 807	85.5	2 345	13.5	173	1.0	
Kamanjab	7 760	7 010	90.3	719	9.3	31	0.4	
Khorixas	12 137	11 522	94.9	590	4.9	25	0.2	
Opuwo	26 236	23 673	90.2	2 363	9.0	200	0.8	
Outjo	11 863	11 001	92.7	819	6.9	43	0.4	
Sesfontein	8 229	7 436	90.4	719	8.7	74	0.9	

CHAPTER 4: POPULATION TRENDS AND URBANISATION

This chapter analyses population trends, including changes in population growth, sex ratios, household deaths and fertility.

4.1 Population growth

The population of Kunene Region has been growing steadily since the 2001 Census. Table 4.1 provides population increase and annual growth rates between 2001 and 2011.

The annual growth rate for Kunene Region between 2001 and 2011 was 2.3 percent. Furthermore, the annual growth rate for urban areas was 3.0 percent, which is higher than that of rural areas (2.1%). At constituency level, Outjo recorded the highest growth rates (3.1%), while Khorixas constituency had the lowest growth rate of 0.9 percent.

Table 4.1 Population change and annual growth rates for 2001-2011 by area

Area	Popul	ation	Population change	Annual growth
	2001	2011	(2001-2011)	rate (2001-2011)
Kunene	68 735	86 856	18 121	2.3
Urban	17 004	22 898	5 894	3.0
Rural	51 731	63 958	12 227	2.1
Epupa	13 129	17 696	4 567	3.0
Kamanjab	6 454	8 441	1 987	2.7
Khorixas	11 501	12 566	1 065	0.9
Opuwo	20 892	27 272	6 380	2.7
Outjo	9 154	12 447	3 293	3.1
Sesfontein	7 605	8 434	829	1.0

4.2 Fertility

The Census collected information on live births from all women aged 15 – 49 years. Generally these indicators measure the frequency of childbearing in a given population. This section presents two indicators of fertility, namely: Crude Birth Rate (CBR) and Age at first birth for women aged 15 – 49 years, irrespective of their marital status or whether they have borne any child.

The unadjusted crude birth rate was estimated at 32.8 births per 1,000 people

4.2.1 Crude Birth Rate

The Crude Birth Rate (CBR) is the number of live births per 1,000 of the total female and male population per year. In 2011, there were 2,853 children born during the 12 months prior to the Census date, which gives the reported or unadjusted CBR of 32.8 births per 1,000 people. Table 4.2 indicates that the CBR was slightly higher in urban (34.7) than in rural areas (32.2). At the constituency level, Epupa had the highest CBR of 40 births per 1,000 people, while Khorixas had the lowest CBR of 25.7 births per 1,000 people.

Table 4.2 Crude Birth Rates by area

		Births last					
Area	Population	in the 12	CBR				
		months					
Kunene	86 856	2 853	32.8				
Urban	22 898	795	34.7				
Rural	63 958	2 058	32.2				
Epupa	17 696	708	40.0				
Kamanjab	8 441	266	31.5				
Khorixas	12 566	323	25.7				
Opuwo	27 272	950	34.8				
Outjo	12 447	380	30.5				
Sesfontein	8 434	226	26.8				

4.2.2 Age at First Birth

Age at first birth influences the total number of births that a woman might have in her life, which has an impact on the size, composition, and future growth of the population.

Table 4.3 shows that the average age of mOther at first birth in Kunene Region was close to 21 years. A similar trend was observed for urban and rural areas. However, there are slight differences between constituencies. MOther in most of the constituencies gave birth for the first time at an early age of around 20 years with the exception for those in Kamanjab, where on average pregnancy was delayed until the age of 21 years.

Table 4.3 Average age of mother at first birth by area

Area	Average age at	
	first birth	
Kunene	20.7	
Urban	20.8	
Rural	20.7	
Epupa	20.8	
Kamanjab	21.0	
Khorixas	20.8	
Opuwo	20.6	
Outjo	20.7	
Sesfontein	20.4	

4.3 Deaths in the household

Information on deaths in the 12 months prior to the Census (September 2010 to August 2011) was collected from all households during the Census. Usually, mortality indicators are based on data from civil registration, but in Namibia this coverage is incomplete. It must also be acknowledged that information from surveys and Censuses may be under-reported, which can lead to underestimates of the level of mortality.

4.1.1 Reported Deaths

Figure 4.1 presents the distribution of the reported deaths in the 12 months prior to the Census by sex, urban and rural areas. A higher proportion of deaths were recorded for males (58.4%) than for females (41.6). A similar trend of a higher proportion of deaths for males than females was observed in urban as well rural areas.

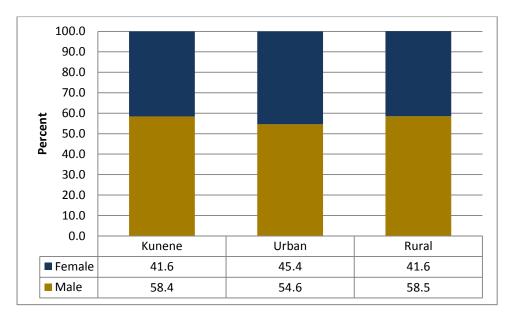


Figure 4.1 Distribution of reported deaths in the last 12 months by sex and area

4.1.1 Crude Death Rate

The crude death rate was 12.6 per 1,000 people

Crude Death Rate (CDR) is defined as the number of deaths that occurred in a given Calendar year per 1,000 people in the population.

Table 4.4 shows that in Kunene Region, a total of 1,097 deaths occurred during the 12 months prior to the Census, which gives a CDR of 12.6 per 1,000 people. The results further show that more deaths were reported in urban (19.8 per 1000 people) than in rural areas (10.1 per 1000 people). At the constituency level, the highest death rate was in Khorixas (28.0), while the lowest rate was recorded in Epupa (7.6).

Table 4.4 Number of reported deaths in the last 12 months and CDR by area

	Area	Population	Number of reported deaths	CDR
Kunene		86 856	1097	12.6
Urban		22 898	453	19.8
Rural		63 958	644	10.1
Epupa		17 696	135	7.6
Kamanjab		8 441	82	9.7
Khorixas		12 566	352	28.0
Opuwo		27 272	284	10.4
Outjo	1	12 447	159	12.8
Sesfontein		8 434	85	10.1

4.4.3 Death Registration

Table 4.5 shows that 88 percent of all reported deaths in the 12 months prior to the Census were registered. Rates of registration were higher in urban areas (92.7%) than in rural areas (84.6%).

At constituency level, Outjo had the highest proportion of deaths registered with 95.6 percent, while the lowest proportion of deaths registered was in Epupa with close to 73 percent.

Table 4.5 Death registration status by area

	Total	Total	
Area	reported	Registered	Percent
	deaths	deaths	Registered
Kunene	1 097	965	88.0
Urban	453	420	92.7
Rural	644	545	84.6
Epupa	135	99	73.3
Kamanjab	82	76	92.7
Khorixas	352	329	93.5
Opuwo	284	230	81.0
Outjo	159	152	95.6
Sesfontein	85	79	92.9

CHAPTER 5: SOCIO-ECONOMICS CHARACTERISTICS OF THE POPULATION

This chapter deals with socio-economic characteristics of the population and the information discussed is crucial for decision-making and planning and monitoring of development programmes and policies. The sub-topics discussed include: Information Communication Technology (ICT), Early Childhood Development (ECD), Education and Literacy, Disability and Labour Force.

About 49 percent of the population in Kunene region had access to a radio

5.1 Information and Communication Technology (ICT)

Information on the usage or access to ICT facilities was collected from people aged 3 years and above. This includes access to information and communication technology such as radio, television, computer, cell phone, telephone (fixed line), newspaper (daily/weekly) and internet (daily/weekly).

Figure 5.1 show that the majority (68.8%) of people living in Kunene Region had access to radio, with slightly more access in rural (41.1%) than urban areas (25.2%). Cell phones (37.0%) were much more widespread across the region than fixed line telephones (4.2 %). However, access to other modern information and communication technology such as computers and internet was fairly limited, particularly so in rural areas.

70.0 60.0 50.0 40.0 30.0 20.0 10.0 0.0 Newspap Internet Cell Telephon Don't Compute (Daily er Radio TV Phone e (Fixed) (Daily& and know Weekly) Weekly) ■ Kunene 48.5 32.3 4.0 37.0 4.2 25.0 4.2 8.0 Urban 57.7 0.7 25.2 3.6 58.9 2.4 12.4 8.3 Rural 41.1 10.9 1.9 1.7 28.9 1.8 3.0 0.8

Figure 5.1 Population aged 3 years and above who have access to ICT by type of service or use and area

5.2 Early Childhood Development (ECD)

Respondents were asked to state whether children aged 0-4 years attended any type of Early Childhood Development (ECD) programmes such as Edu-care (day-care, crèche, kindergarten) and pre-primary school.

Table 5.1 shows that there were a total number of 14,301 children aged 0-4 years in Kunene Region in 2011, and out of this number about 7 percent were attending ECD programmes. However, attendance in urban areas was much better, with close to 13 percent of children attending ECD facilities, while 5.8 percent were attending ECD programmes in rural areas. Slightly more girls than boys were enrolled in ECD programmes in urban areas.

At a constituency level, a higher proportion of children attended ECD programmes in Khorixas (13.3%), while the lowest proportion was in Opuwo (4.6%).

Table 5.1 Population aged 0-4 years attending ECD by sex and area

Area —	Population 0 - 4 years			At	Attending ECD			Percent attending		
	Total	Female	Male	Total	Female	Male	Total	Female	Male	
				1						
Kunene	14 301	7 166	7 135	051	531	520	7.3	7.4	7.3	
Urban	2 916	1 455	1 461	391	198	193	13.4	13.6	13.2	
Rural	11 385	5 711	5 674	660	333	327	5.8	5.8	5.8	
Epupa	3 930	1 999	1 931	274	137	137	7.0	6.9	7.1	
Kamanjab	1 161	566	595	70	37	33	6.0	6.5	5.5	
Khorixas	1 687	849	838	225	106	119	13.3	12.5	14.2	
Opuwo	4 587	2 336	2 251	210	115	95	4.6	4.9	4.2	
Outjo	1 598	777	821	169	78	91	10.6	10.0	11.1	
Sesfontein	1 338	639	699	103	58	45	7.7	9.1	6.4	

Note: *This includes only children enumerated in private and institutional households

Figure 5.2 shows the population aged 0-4 years attending ECD by type, urban and rural areas and constituency. At a regional level, attendance in Edu- care programmes was higher (52.4 %) than in pre-primary school (47.6%).

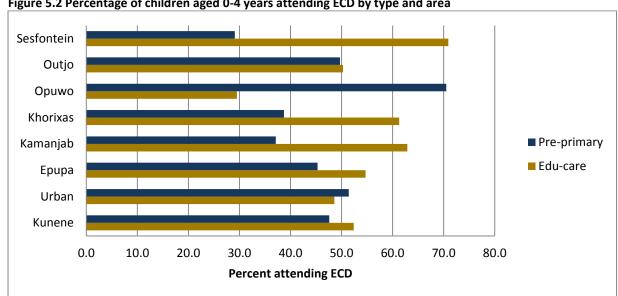


Figure 5.2 Percentage of children aged 0-4 years attending ECD by type and area

5.3 Education and Literacy

Information on literacy and education is vital for many purposes, including the need for Government to articulate and monitor national development programs and goals. During the Census, specific information on education and literacy was collected from all people aged 5 years and above.

5.3.1 Literacy

Literacy can be defined as the ability to read and write with understanding in any language. Therefore, all people aged 5 years and above were asked whether they can read and write in any language with understanding, but no test was administered to determine the level of literacy.

Table 5.2 provides information on literacy rates for the population aged 15 years and above. This Table shows that regional literacy rate was about 65 percent. The literacy rate in urban areas stood at 85.2 percent, while in rural areas it was at 56.0 percent. Furthermore, the Table shows that the literacy rate was highest in Khorixas (83.8 %) and lowest in Epupa (29.4 %).

> About 65% of persons aged 15 years and above were literate.

Table 5.2 Literate population aged 15 years and above by area and sex

Area	Population aged 15 years and above				Literate	Literacy rate			
	Total	Female	Male	Total	Female	Male	Total	Female	Male
Kunene	49 117	24 515	24 602	31 881	15 451	16 430	64.9	63.0	66.8
Urban	15 001	8 155	6 846	12 774	6 852	5 922	85.2	84.0	86.5
Rural	34 116	16 360	17 756	19 107	8 599	10 508	56.0	52.6	59.2
Epupa	8 242	4 502	3 740	2 425	1 150	1 275	29.4	25.5	34.1
Kamanjab	5 194	2 257	2 937	3 918	1 726	2 192	75.4	76.5	74.6
Khorixas	7 752	3 833	3 919	6499	3 241	3258	83.8	84.6	83.1
Opuwo	15 115	7 816	7 299	9 294	4 686	4 608	61.5	60.0	63.1
Outjo	8 063	3 844	4 219	6 306	3 032	3 274	78.2	78.9	77.6
Sesfontein	4 751	2 263	2 488	3 439	1 616	1 823	72.4	71.4	73.3

Table 5.3 indicates that the literacy rate for youth aged 15-24 years in Kunene was 71.8 percent, with higher proportions of females (73.1%) than males (70.5%) being literate. The literacy rate was slightly higher in urban areas (92.3%) than in rural areas (63.4%). The literacy rate for young females in rural areas was 1.0 percentage point higher than for young males, while in urban areas the literacy rates were almost the same for males and females.

71.8% of the youth aged 15 to 24 years were literate

Table 5.3 Literate youth population aged 15-24 years by sex and area

A # 0.0	Populatio	n aged 15-2	4 years		Literate		L	Literacy rate		
Area	Total	Female	Male	Total	Female	Male	Total	Female	Male	
Kunene	15 994	7 860	8 134	11 481	5 747	5 734	71.8	73.1	70.5	
Urban	4 648	2 534	2 114	4 292	2 342	1 950	92.3	92.4	92.2	
Rural	11 346	5 326	6 020	7 189	3 405	3 784	63.4	63.9	62.9	
Epupa	2 959	1 568	1 391	1 129	553	576	38.2	35.3	41.4	
Kamanjab	1 348	663	685	1 132	565	567	84.0	85.2	82.8	
Khorixas	2 184	1 013	1 171	2 021	964	1 057	92.5	95.2	90.3	
Opuwo	5 622	2 819	2 803	3 904	2 068	1 836	69.4	73.4	65.5	
Outjo	2 352	1 111	1 241	2 052	997	1 055	87.2	89.7	85.0	
Sesfontein	1 529	686	843	1 243	600	643	81.3	87.5	76.3	

5.3.2 Formal Education

Formal education can be defined as full-time attendance at any regular educational institution, public or private, for systematic instruction. The categories of formal education used during the Census were: pre-primary school, primary school, secondary or high school, technical school, agricultural institution, teacher training college, polytechnic and university.

5.3.2.1 School Attendance

Table 5.4 shows that out of the population aged 6 years and above in Kunene Region, 35.9 percent never attended school. A higher proportion of the population that never attended school was found in rural areas (44.0) compared to urban areas (15.2%).

The Table indicates that there were slight differences between the proportions of people who attended adult education programmes in urban and rural areas.

About 44% of the population aged 6 years and above in rural areas had never been to school.

Table 5.4 Percent distribution of school attendance for population 6 years and above by area

	Never		Adult			_
Area	Attended	Pre-	Education	Attending	Left	Don't
	Attended	primary	Programme	School	School	know
Kunene	35.9	1.0	0.6	20.6	37.9	4.0
Urban	15.2	1.5	0.5	24.6	55.8	2.4
Rural	44.0	0.8	0.7	19.0	31.0	4.6
Epupa	67.7	0.5	0.8	11.7	11.2	8.2
Kamanjab	25.3	0.7	0.2	17.0	54.3	2.5
Khorixas	14.0	1.5	0.5	26.3	55.3	2.4
Opuwo	41.5	0.9	8.0	21.9	31.4	3.4
Outjo	20.9	1.4	0.5	21.9	52.9	2.4
Sesfontein	23.7	0.8	0.6	26.1	45.0	3.7

5.3.2.2 Educational Attainment

Table 5.5 shows that about 41 percent of the population had completed their primary education and about 14 percent had completed their secondary education before leaving school. About 41 percent of the population had not completed primary school. Similarly, only 2.7 percent of the population had completed tertiary education.

About 41% of persons aged 15 years and above completed primary education before leaving school

Table 5.5 Distribution of the population aged 15 years and above who left school by highest level of educational attainment and sex

		Number			Percent			
Education Attainment	Total	Female	Male	Total	Female	Male		
Total	26 894	13 377	13 517	100.0	100.0	100.0		
No Formal Education	528	252	276	2.0	1.9	2.0		
Incomplete Primary	10 916	5 339	5 577	40.6	39.9	41.3		
Primary	10 990	5 797	5 193	40.9	43.3	38.4		
Secondary education	3 720	1 648	2 072	13.8	12.3	15.3		
Tertiary	734	337	397	2.7	2.5	2.9		
Other	6	4	2	0.0	0.0	0.0		
Don't Know	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0		

5.3.2.3 School Enrolment

Figure 5.3 present school enrolments for the school-going population between the ages of 5 and 24 years. Enrolment rates were highest for the ages of 7 to 14 years, exceeding 50 percent, but dropped after the age of 15 years. The highest enrolment rate was at age 12, where close to 65 percent of girls and close to 60 percent of boys were at school. The lowest enrolment was at age 24, where only 3.8 percent of males and 0 percent of females were still enrolled. More girls than boys were enrolled until the age 18 years.

Over 80% of children aged 7 to 15 years were enrolled in school

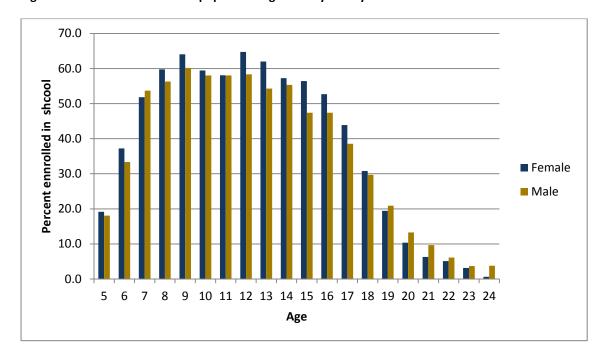


Figure 5.3 School enrolment for population aged 5-24 years by sex

Table 5.6 presents school enrolment rates for urban and rural areas. The Table shows that that the enrolment rates were slightly higher in urban (54.8%) than rural areas (34.3%).

Table 5.6 School enrolments for population aged 5-24 years by area

Age	P	opulation			Enrolled		Enrolme	nt rate	
	Total	Urban	Rural	Total	Urban	Rural	Total	Urban	Rural
Total	37 719	9 216	28 503	14 818	5 052	9 766	39.3	54.8	34.3
5	2 727	516	2 211	507	215	292	18.6	41.7	13.2
6	2 506	518	1 988	885	367	518	35.3	70.8	26.1
7	2 126	442	1 684	1 121	364	757	52.7	82.4	45.0
8	2 293	452	1 841	1 330	405	925	58.0	89.6	50.2
9	2 198	466	1 732	1 364	416	948	62.1	89.3	54.7
10	2 125	443	1 682	1 249	387	862	58.8	87.4	51.2
11	2 348	492	1 856	1 363	416	947	58.0	84.6	51.0
12	1 833	414	1 419	1 126	356	770	61.4	86.0	54.3
13	1 879	421	1 458	1 093	343	750	58.2	81.5	51.4
14	1 690	404	1 286	951	325	626	56.3	80.4	48.7
15	1 900	462	1 438	986	359	627	51.9	77.7	43.6
16	1 702	410	1 292	851	287	564	50.0	70.0	43.7
17	1 495	403	1 092	614	246	368	41.1	61.0	33.7
18	1 793	501	1 292	542	225	317	30.2	44.9	24.5
19	1 693	516	1 177	342	133	209	20.2	25.8	17.8
20	1 710	522	1 188	202	88	114	11.8	16.9	9.6
21	1 762	595	1 167	142	58	84	8.1	9.7	7.2
22	1 382	415	967	77	33	44	5.6	8.0	4.6
23	1 345	443	902	46	19	27	3.4	4.3	3.0
24	1 212	381	831	27	10	17	2.2	2.6	2.0

Figure 5.4 presents the school enrolment rate for the population aged 5 to 24 years by area. The results show that school enrolment was highest in Khorixas, where it was close to 60 percent. By

contrast, the lowest rate of enrolment was in Epupa where less than 20 percent of the population age 5 to 24 years was enrolled at school.

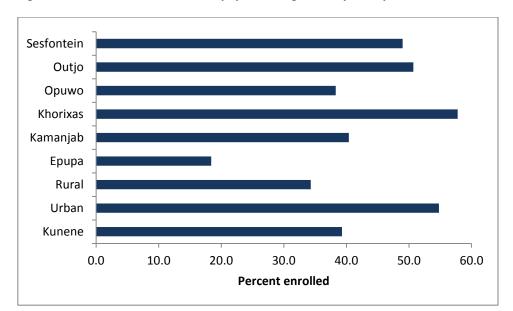


Figure 5.4 School enrolment rate for population aged 5-24 years by area

The region's primary school enrolment rate is presented in Table 5.7. The results show that overall the enrolment rate was 58.4 percent for children aged 7 to 13 years old. The enrolment rate was higher in urban (85.8%) than in rural areas (51.1%). The results further show that more girls in this age group were enrolled in school than boys. At constituency level, Khorixas had the highest enrolment rate of about 88 percent while Epupa had the lowest enrolment rate (25.4%).

58.4% of the children aged 7 – 13 were enrolled in primary school

Table 5.7 Primary school enrolment for population aged 7-13 years by area

Area	Populatio	Population aged 7-13 years			Enrolled			Percent		
	Total	Female	Male	Total	Female	Male	Total	Female	Male	
Kunene	14 802	7 415	7 387	8 646	4 433	4 213	58.4	59.8	57.0	
Urban	3 130	1 635	1 495	2 687	1 408	1 279	85.8	86.1	85.6	
Rural	11 672	5 780	5 892	5 959	3 025	2 934	51.1	52.3	49.8	
Epupa	3 674	1 881	1 793	934	477	457	25.4	25.4	25.5	
Kamanjab	1 055	532	523	761	379	382	72.1	71.2	73.0	
Khorixas	1 929	919	1 010	1 703	837	866	88.3	91.1	85.7	
Opuwo	4 954	2 536	2 418	2 718	1 483	1 235	54.9	58.5	51.1	
Outjo	1 654	818	836	1 342	667	675	81.1	81.5	80.7	
Sesfontein	1 536	729	807	1 188	590	598	77.3	80.9	74.1	

5.4 Disability

Disability was defined as a long-term physical, psychological or mental condition that limits a person from carrying out everyday activities at home, work or school. It may be present from birth or develop during a person's lifetime. Information on disability assists Government in planning infrastructure, education systems and community awareness programmes amongst Other.

During the Census, all persons in private households and institutions were asked about the types of long-term permanent disability or limitation that they had. Ten types of disability were identified for this purpose: blindness, visual impairment, deafness, hearing difficulties, muteness/dumbness, speech impairment, and physical impairment of lower and upper limbs, mental disability, albinism and autism.

Table 5.8 indicates that 3.8 percent of the total population had disabilities. The proportion of people living with disabilities was higher in rural (3.9%) than in urban areas (3.4%). Constituency figures show that Khorixas had the highest proportion of disabled people, with 4.9 percent, while Kamanjab had the lowest proportion of disabled people with 2.6 percent.

3.8 % of the population had disabilities

Table 5.8 Population with disability by sex and area

Aros		Population		w	ith disability		Percent		
Area	Total	Female	Male	Total	Female	Male	Total	Female	Male
Kunene	85 143	42 515	42 628	3 197	1 418	1779	3.8	3.3	4.2
Urban	22 485	11 976	10 509	764	359	405	3.4	3.0	3.9
Rural	62 658	30 539	32 119	2 433	1 059	1 374	3.9	3.5	4.3
Epupa	17 584	9 271	8 313	644	281	363	3.7	3.0	4.4
Kamanjab	7 935	3 597	4 338	209	74	135	2.6	2.1	3.1
Khorixas	12 287	6 039	6 248	597	267	330	4.9	4.4	5.3
Opuwo	26 917	13 784	13 133	1 012	480	532	3.8	3.5	4.1
Outjo	12 122	5 847	6 275	422	182	240	3.5	3.1	3.8
Sesfontein	8 298	3 977	4 321	313	134	179	3.8	3.4	4.1

Table 5.9 shows that physical impairment of the lower limbs was the most common type of disability, affecting 18.5 percent of the population with disabilities. The least common type of disability was albinism and autism, each of which was reported to affect about 1 percent of people with disabilities.

Table 5.9 Population with disability by type and sex

Type of disability		Population			Percent			
	Total	Female	Male	To	tal	Female	Male	
Total	3 197	1 418	1 779	100	0.0	100.0	100.0	
Blindness	372	177	195	11	6	12.5	11.0	
Visual Impairment	395	169	226	12	2.4	11.9	12.7	
Deafness	192	104	88	ϵ	5.0	7.3	4.9	
Hearing Difficulties	211	93	118	ϵ	6.6	6.6	6.6	
Mute/Dumb	188	87	101	5	.9	6.1	5.7	
Speech Impairment	139	51	88	4	.3	3.6	4.9	
Physical Impairment - Upper Limbs	355	148	207	11	1	10.4	11.6	
Physical Impairment - Lower Limbs	593	268	325	18	3.5	18.9	18.3	
Mental Disability	533	232	301	16	5.7	16.4	16.9	
Albinism	27	13	14	C	8.0	0.9	0.8	
Autism	25	10	15	C	8.0	0.7	0.8	
Other Specify	156	62	94	4	.9	4.4	5.3	
Don't Know	11	4	7	C	.3	0.3	0.4	

Note: The total is the number of persons with a disability. This is not the total in the column as some persons have multiple disabilities.

Table 5.10 indicates that in both urban and rural areas the highest proportion of people with disabilities were those with impairment of lower limbs (24.5% and 22.8%, respectively). The lowest proportion of people with disabilities were those with albinism or autism, of which each was reported to affect about less than 1 percent of the population with disabilities.

Table 5.10 Percent distribution of people with disabilities by type and area

Types of disabilities		Population			Percent	
	Total	Urban	Rural	Total	Urban	Rural
Total	3 197	764	2 433	3 197	764	2 433
Blindness	385	83	302	12.0	10.9	12.4
Visual Impairment	438	120	318	13.7	15.7	13.1
Deafness	219	39	180	6.9	5.1	7.4
Hearing Difficulties	277	41	236	8.7	5.4	9.7
Mute/Dumb	202	43	159	6.3	5.6	6.5
Speech Impairment	184	44	140	5.8	5.8	5.8
Physical Impairment - Upper						
Limbs	396	93	303	12.4	12.2	12.5
Physical Impairment - Lower Limbs	742	187	555	23.2	24.5	22.8
Mental Disability	595	131	464	18.6	17.1	19.1
Albinism	29	7	22	0.9	0.9	0.9
Autism	30	8	22	0.9	1.0	0.9
Other Specify	173	55	118	5.4	7.2	4.8
Don't Know	11	0	11	0.3	0.0	0.5

Table 5.11 shows that in Kunene Region, about 43.0 percent of the population with disabilities also had difficulty engaging in any learning and/or economic activity. There were slight differences between males and females in this respect, and a higher proportion of people with disabilities experienced difficulty in urban (46.2%) than rural areas (42.0%).

Table 5.11 Disabled population with difficulties to engage in any learning and/or economic activity by sex and area

A		Disabled			Inability			Percent	
Area	Total	Female	Male	Total	Female	Male	Total	Female	Male
Kunene	3 197	1 418	1 779	1 376	598	778	43.0	42.2	43.7
Urban	764	359	405	353	157	196	46.2	43.7	48.4
Rural	2 433	1 059	1 374	1 023	441	582	42.0	41.6	42.4
Epupa	644	281	363	242	100	142	37.6	35.6	39.1
Kamanjab	209	74	135	61	20	41	29.2	27.0	30.4
Khorixas	597	267	330	287	127	160	48.1	47.6	48.5
Opuwo	1 012	480	532	457	207	250	45.2	43.1	47.0
Outjo	422	182	240	188	78	110	44.5	42.9	45.8
Sesfontein	313	134	179	141	66	75	45.0	49.3	41.9

The results of Table 5.12 show that 87.9 percent of the population with disabilities was affected by one type of disability, while 12.1 percent were affected by more than one type of disability.

Table 5.12 Population distribution with multiple disabilities by area

		Nur	mber	Pero	cent
Area	Total	With one disability	With more than one disability	With one disability	With more than one disability
Kunene	3 197	2 810	387	87.9	12.1
Urban Rural	764 2 433	693 2 117	71 316	90.7 87.0	9.3 13.0
Epupa	644	558	86	86.6	13.3
Kamanjab	209	189	20	90.4	9.6
Khorixas	597	518	79	86.8	13.2
Opuwo	1 012	890	122	87.9	12.1
Outjo	422	386	36	91.5	8.5
Sesfontein	313	269	44	85.9	14.0

5.5 Orphanhood

8.2% of all children had lost one parent

Orphanhood is the condition of being less than 18 years of age and without one or both parents. Information on orphans was collected from all members of the household.

Table 5.13 shows that 8.2 percent of the population 18 years and below in Kunene Region had lost one parent, while 1.4 percent had no parents. Orphanhood was more prevalent in urban than in rural areas.

The proportion of this population with a single parent in urban areas was about 9 percent, which is slightly higher compared to 7.9 percent in rural areas.

Table 5.13 Percentage distribution of orphaned population 18 years and below by area

	Children aged	With one	parent		With both	parents
Area	18 years and	dead	d	_	dead	d
	below	Total	Percent		Total	Percent
Kunene	42 916	3 526	8.2		616	1.4
Urban	9 260	859	9.3		172	1.9
Rural	33 656	2 667	7.9		444	1.3
Epupa	10 733	896	8.3		138	1.3
Kamanjab	3 232	231	7.1		25	0.8
Khorixas	5 441	458	8.4		89	1.6
Opuwo	14 265	1 185	8.3		191	1.3
Outjo	4 975	400	8.0		103	2.1
Sesfontein	4 270	356	8.3		70	1.6

5.6 Economic Activity

During the Census enumeration, all people aged 8 years and above were asked about their economic activity within the last seven days prior to the Census reference night. The analyses presented below however only focus on the population aged 15 years and above. Unlike the labour force survey, which gives detailed information on specific activities, the Census only provides an overview of employment and economic activity.

The diagram in Figure 5.5 illustrates the composition and definition of the economically active and inactive population. The economically inactive population includes students, homemakers and income recipients, while the economically active population is divided into unemployed and employed population. The diagram shows that 67.1 percent of the population aged 15 years and above were economically active, 23.9 percent were economically inactive, and information for about 9 percent of the population was not stated.

67.1% of the population aged 15 years and above were economically active

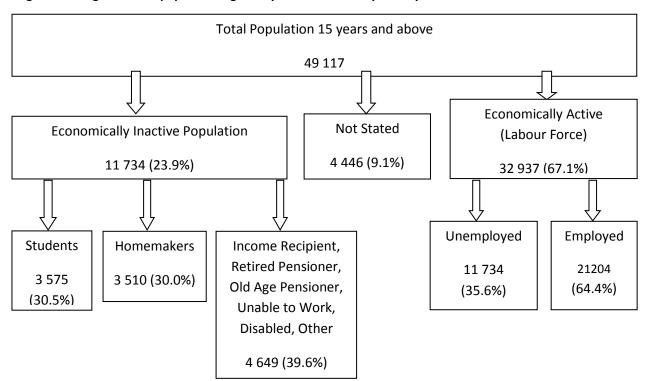


Figure 5.5 Diagram of the population aged 15 years and above by activity status

5.6.1 Economically Active Population

Table 5.14 shows that 64.4 percent of the economically active population aged 15 years and above were employed while 35.6 percent were unemployed. There were differences between urban and rural areas whereby 49.9 percent of the population in urban areas was employed, compared to 71.5 percent in rural areas.

Table 5.14 Employment status of economically active population aged 15 years and above by sex and area

<u> </u>		Number			Percent	
Activity Status	Total	Female	Male	Total	Female	Male
Kunene	32 937	15 303	17 634	100.0	100.0	100.0
Employed	21 204	8 756	12 448	64.4	57.2	70.6
Unemployed	11 733	6 547	5 186	35.6	42.8	29.4
Urban	10 845	5 751	5 094	100.0	100	100.0
Employed	5 413	2 519	2 894	49.9	43.8	56.8
Unemployed	5 432	3 232	2 200	50.1	56.2	43.2
Rural	22 092	9 552	12 540	100.0	100.0	100.0
Employed	15 791	6 237	9 554	71.5	65.3	76.2
Unemployed	6 301	3 315	2 986	28.5	34.7	23.8

5.6.2 Labour Force

The labour force participation rate is the proportion of the economically active people in a given population group, which is calculated as the number of economically active population divided by the total population in the same population group.

Table 5.15 shows that the labour force participation rate for Kunene Region was 67.1 percent. The rate was higher for males (71.7%) than for females (62.4%). Further, the labour force participation rate in urban areas (72.3%) was higher than in rural areas (64.8%). At a constituency level, the labour force participation rate was highest in Kamanjab (77.6%) and lowest in Epupa (60.6%).

Table 5.15 Labour Force Participation rate for population aged 15 years and above by sex and area

Area	Population			In l	In labour force			Labour Participa rate	ation
	Total	Female	Male	Total	Female	Male	Total	Female	Male
Kunene	49 117	24 515	24 602	32 937	15 303	17 634	67.1	62.4	71.7
Urban	15 001	8 155	6 846	10 845	5 751	5 094	72.3	70.5	74.4
Rural	34 116	16 360	17 756	22 092	9 552	12 540	64.8	58.4	70.6
Epupa	8 242	4 502	3 740	4 994	2 540	2 454	60.6	56.4	65.6
Kamanjab	5 194	2 257	2 937	4 032	1 532	2 500	77.6	67.9	85.1
Khorixas	7 752	3 833	3 919	5 310	2 526	2 784	68.5	65.9	71
Opuwo	15 115	7 816	7 299	9 479	4 649	4 830	62.7	59.5	66.2
Outjo	8 063	3 844	4 219	6 074	2 643	3 431	75.3	68.8	81.3
Sesfontein	4 751	2 263	2 488	3 048	1 413	1 635	64.2	62.4	65.7

Skilled agricultural/fishery workers made up the largest occupation group with 46.5%

5.6.3 Employment by main occupation

Table 5.16 shows that skilled agricultural/fishery workers made up the largest occupational group (46.5%), followed by the category 'Elementary Occupation' (18.7%), and then service workers (12.5%). There were differences between females and males among the occupational groups. For instance, service workers was dominated by females (15.6%) as compared to males (10.3%), while craft and related trade workers was dominated by males (11.0%) as compared to females (2.0%). On the other hand, more females worked as professionals and clerks than males.

Table 5.16 Main occupation of employed population aged 15 years and above by sex

Main Occupation	Emp	loyed popul	ation		Percent		
Main Occupation	Total	Female	Male	Total	Female	Male	
Total	21 204	8 756	12 448	100.0	100.0	100.0	
Armed force	55	8	47	0.3	0.1	0.4	
Legislators senior officials and Managers	541	211	330	2.6	2.4	2.7	
Professionals	1 040	557	483	4.9	6.4	3.9	
Technician and associate professionals	455	236	219	2.1	2.7	1.8	
Clerk	625	442	183	2.9	5.0	1.5	
Service Workers	2 647	1 369	1 278	12.5	15.6	10.3	
Skilled Agricultural and Fishery workers	9 870	4 084	5 786	46.5	46.6	46.5	
Craft and Related trades workers	1 541	176	1 365	7.3	2.0	11.0	
Plant and Machine operators and assemblers	443	24	419	2.1	0.3	3.4	
Elementary occupations	3 968	1 637	2 331	18.7	18.7	18.7	
Don't Know	19	12	7	0.1	0.1	0.1	

5.6.4 Employment by Industry

Table 5.17 presents the employed population by main industry and sex at regional level. The results show that in Kunene Region, agriculture, forestry and fishing was the main industry (53.2%) of the work force. Administrative and support service activities employed about 8 percent of the workforce.

Education, wholesale and retail trade, accommodation and food serving activities, human health and social work activities were clearly the domain of women, while men predominantly worked in mining, construction and transport businesses.

Table 5.17 Main Industry of employed population aged 15 years and above by sex

Industry	Emplo	yed popul	ation		Percent	
Industry	Total	Female	Male	Total	Female	Male
Total	21 204	8 756	12 448	100.0	100.0	100.0
Agriculture Forestry and Fishing	11 283	4 248	7 035	53.2	48.5	56.5
Mining And Quarrying	403	33	370	1.9	0.4	3.0
Manufacturing	884	171	713	4.2	2.0	5.7
Electricity Gas Steam and Air conditioning supply	23	6	17	0.1	0.1	0.1
Water Supply Sewerage Waste Management and Remediation activities	79	12	67	0.4	0.1	0.5
Construction	731	60	671	3.4	0.7	5.4
Wholesale and Retail trade; Repair of motor vehicles and motorcycles	1 059	605	454	5.0	6.9	3.6
Transportation and Storage	303	48	255	1.4	0.5	2.0
Accommodation and Food Service activities	917	612	305	4.3	7.0	2.5
Information and Communication	51	23	28	0.2	0.3	0.2
Financial Insurance Activities	127	91	36	0.6	1.0	0.3
Real estate Activities	3	1	2	0.0	0.0	0.0
Professional Scientific and Technical activities	149	59	90	0.7	0.7	0.7
Administrative and Support service activities	1 648	762	886	7.8	8.7	7.1
Public Administration and Defence; compulsory social security	484	130	354	2.3	1.5	2.8
Education	1 126	723	403	5.3	8.3	3.2
Human Health and Social work activities	425	284	141	2.0	3.2	1.1
Arts Entertainment and Recreation	45	11	34	0.2	0.1	0.3
Other Services activities	324	211	113	1.5	2.4	0.9
Activities of Private Households	1 007	609	398	4.7	7.0	3.2
Activities of extraterritorial organisation and bodies	9	6	3	0.0	0.1	0.0
Don't Know	124	51	73	0.6	0.6	0.6

5.6.5 Employment by Educational Attainment

Table 5.18 shows that about 23 percent of the employed population in the region completed their primary education. On the other hand, it is shown that about 21 percent of the employed population had not completed primary school education. Women were better educated than men, on average, with about 25 percent of employed women having completed primary education and about 3 percent tertiary education, as compared to about 21 percent and about 3 percent of men, respectively.

Table 5.18 Educational attainment of employed population aged 15 years and above by sex

Educational Attainment	Employ	ed populati	on .	<u>-</u>	Percent			
Educational Attainment	Total	Female	Male	Total	Female	Male		
Total	21 204	8 756	12 448	100.0	100.0	100.0		
No Formal Education	8 513	3 476	5 037	40.1	39.7	40.5		
Incomplete Primary	4 449	1 646	2 803	21.0	18.8	22.5		
Primary	4 776	2 178	2 598	22.5	24.9	20.9		
Secondary education	2 444	1 024	1 420	11.5	11.7	11.4		
Tertiary	651	289	362	3.1	3.3	2.9		
Other	3	2	1	0.0	0.0	0.0		
Don't Know	368	141	227	1.7	1.6	1.8		

5.6.6 Main Job Undertaken

The results in Table 5.19 show that the subsistence/communal farmer (without paid employees) provided jobs for the largest proportion of employees (34.1%) in Kunene Region. The lowest main job was 'Other Unpaid Family Workers', with 0.6 percent of the employed population. It is observed that more men than women were employed by the private sector, while subsistence farming (without paid employees) was dominated by women.

Table 5.19 Main job of employed population aged 15 years and above by sex

Main Job	Population	on employ	ed	Percent		
Maili 100	Total	female	Male	Total	female	Male
Total	21 204	8 756	12 448	100.0	100.0	100.0
Subsistence/Communal Farmer (With Paid Employees)	604	159	445	2.8	1.8	3.6
Subsistence/Communal Farmer (Without Paid Employees)	7 220	3 787	3 433	34.1	43.3	27.6
Commercial Farmer (With Paid Employees)	396	106	290	1.9	1.2	2.3
Other Employer	236	100	136	1.1	1.1	1.1
Own Account Worker	440	201	239	2.1	2.3	1.9
Employee (Communal Farms)	751	75	676	3.5	0.9	5.4
Employee (Commercial Farms)	1 758	349	1 409	8.3	4.0	11.3
Employee (Government)	2 727	1 326	1 401	12.9	15.1	11.3
Employee (Parastatal)	492	176	316	2.3	2.0	2.5
Employee (Private)	5 564	2 057	3 507	26.2	23.5	28.2
Unpaid Family Worker (Subsistence/Communal)	817	320	497	3.9	3.7	4.0
Other Unpaid Family Worker	127	70	57	0.6	0.8	0.5
Other	52	23	29	0.2	0.3	0.2
Don't Know	20	7	13	0.1	0.1	0.1

5.6.7 Unemployment

The unemployment rate is the proportion of unemployed people in the labour force for a given population group (i.e. the number of unemployed people divided by all people in the labour force in the same population group).

Figure 5.6 presents the distribution of the unemployed population in terms of their level of educational attainment. The results show that about 34 percent of the unemployed population had completed primary education, 7.7 percent had completed secondary and 0.4 percent had completed tertiary education. Those with no formal education constituted around 31 percent of the unemployed population.

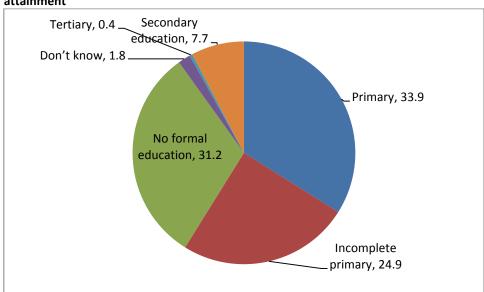


Figure 5.6 Percent distribution of unemployed population aged 15 years and above by educational attainment

Table 5.20 shows that 23.8 percent of the unemployed population were actively looking for work. At a regional level, the proportion of females looking for work was higher than males (27.3% and 20.9%, respectively). It can be observed that the proportion of job seekers in urban areas was higher than in rural areas (32.5% and 19.6%, respectively). The results also indicate that a higher proportion of unemployed females were actively looking for work than males in all constituencies with the exception of Epupa.,The highest proportion of job seekers was in Khorixas (30.3%), while Kamanjab had the lowest proportion of job seekers (14.9%).

Table 5.20 Unemployment rate for population aged 15 years and above, actively looking for a job by sex and area

Area In Labour Force		Unemplo	Unemployed and looking for a job			Percent			
	Total	Female	Male	Total	Female	Male	Total	Female	Male
Kunene	32 937	15 303	17 634	7 851	4 172	3 679	23.8	27.3	20.9
Urban	10 845	5 751	5 094	3 529	2 003	1 526	32.5	34.8	30.0
Rural	22 092	9 552	12 540	4 322	2 169	2 153	19.6	22.7	17.2
Epupa	4 994	2 540	2 454	762	378	384	15.3	14.9	15.6
Kamanjab	4 032	1 532	2 500	600	377	223	14.9	24.6	8.9
Khorixas	5 310	2 526	2 784	1 601	825	776	30.2	32.7	27.9
Opuwo	9 479	4 649	4 830	2 647	1 316	1 331	27.9	28.3	27.6
Outjo	6 074	2 643	3 431	1 394	825	569	23.0	31.2	16.6
Sesfontein	3 048	1 413	1 635	847	451	396	27.8	31.9	24.2

5.7 Economically Inactive Population

Table 5.21 provides information on the economically inactive population. Students constituted the largest share (30.5%), while income recipients had the lowest share with 1.5 percent. Of all economically inactive women, the category of homemakers had the highest population proportion (36.9%), while the proportion of economically inactive men was much higher in the categories of student and old age pensioner (36.2% and 27.1%, respectively).

Table 5.21 Economically inactive population aged 15 years and above by activity status and sex

Economically Inactive		Number		Percent		
	Total	Female	Male	Total	Female	Male
Total	11 734	6 823	4 911	100.0	100.0	100.0
Student	3 575	1 798	1 777	30.5	26.4	36.2
Homemaker	3 510	2 519	991	29.9	36.9	20.2
Income Recipient	176	98	78	1.5	1.4	1.6
Retired Pensioner	463	212	251	3.9	3.1	5.1
Old Age Pensioner	3 125	1 792	1 333	26.6	26.3	27.1
Unable to Work (III)	342	169	173	2.9	2.5	3.5
Unable to Work	304	135	169	2.6	2.0	3.4
(Disabled)	304	133	109	2.0	2.0	3.4
Other	239	100	139	2.0	1.5	2.8

CHAPTER 6: HOUSEHOLD CHARACTERISTICS

This chapter presents information on household characteristics, particularly on household sizes, composition and income. Information on household assets, main languages spoken and agricultural activities is also outlined.

A household is defined as a group of people - related or unrelated - who live in the same dwelling unit and share or have common catering arrangements.

6.1 Household size

Table 6.1 shows that a household in Kunene Region consisted of 4.6 persons, on average. However, the average household size was higher in rural areas (4.9 persons) than in urban areas (3.9 persons). Households in Epupa were largest (6.3 persons). On the other hand, Kamanjab had the lowest average household size of 3.3 persons in 2011.

Average household size was 4.6

Table 6.1 Average household size by Census year and area

Area	2001	2011
Kunene	5.3	4.6
Urban	4.3	3.9
	_	
Rural	5.8	4.9
Epupa	7.5	6.3
Kamanjab	4.0	3.3
Khorixas	4.3	3.9
Opuwo	6.1	5.2
Outjo	4.2	3.7
Sesfontein	4.8	4.7

6.2 Household composition

The composition of households refers to the relationship of its members to the head of the household. Several categories of relationships were used to categorize household members including spouse, son/daughter, grandchild, etc.

Table 6.2 presents the distribution of the household population by relationship to the head of the household. Sons and daughters of the head accounted for about 27 percent. Other relatives (25.4%) and grandchildren (11.6%) made up other significant proportions of household membership. Only about 8 percent of household members were spouses.

Table 6.2 Household population by sex and relationship to the head of household

Dolationship to bood		Population			Percent	
Relationship to head	Total	Female	Male	Total	Female	Male
Total	84 606	42 251	42 355	100.0	100.0	100.0
Head	18 495	7 345	11 150	21.9	17.4	26.3
Spouse	6 360	5 445	915	7.5	12.9	2.2
Son/Daughter	22 486	11 440	11 046	26.6	27.1	26.1
Son/Daughter in Law	1 285	661	624	1.5	1.6	1.5
Grand Child	9 781	4 853	4 928	11.6	11.5	11.6
Parent	630	475	155	0.7	1.1	0.4
Other Relative	21 501	10 578	10 923	25.4	25.0	25.8
Domestic Worker	514	94	420	0.6	0.2	1.0
Other Non-Relative	3 496	1 331	2 165	4.1	3.2	5.1
Don't Know	58	29	29	0.1	0.1	0.1

Note: *The table refers only to conventional/private households

6.2.1 Sex of the Head of Household

Table 6.3 shows that about 60 percent of households in Kunene Region were headed by men. A similar trend was observed at urban, rural and constituency levels.

Table 6.3 Percent distribution of household head by sex and area

		Sex o	of head
Area	Households	Female	Male
Kunene	18 495	39.7	60.3
Urban	5 716	48.8	51.2
Rural	12 779	35.7	64.3
Epupa	2 781	42.2	57.8
Kamanjab	2 391	25.4	74.6
Khorixas	3 132	45.0	55.0
Opuwo	5 178	44.5	55.5
Outjo	3 279	35.6	64.4
Sesfontein	1 734	39.6	60.4

6.2.2 Households Headed by Children and Orphans

Households headed by children and orphans require the attention of Government and other stakeholders. Table 6.4 gives information on households which were headed by children and orphans aged 18 years old or younger. At regional level about 3 percent of all households in Kunene Region were headed by children while 0.8 percent of households were headed by orphans.

Table 6.4 Percent Distribution of Child-headed households by area

Area	Households	Child Headed households	Orphan Headed Households
Kunene	18 495	2.8	0.8
Urban	5 716	1.9	0.5
Rural	12 779	3.3	0.9
Epupa	2 781	4.8	1.1
Kamanjab	2 391	1.5	0.6
Khorixas	3 132	1.8	0.7
Opuwo	5 178	3.7	0.8
Outjo	3 279	1.6	0.6
Sesfontein	1 734	3.1	1.0

6.3 Household Income

Households were asked to state their main source of income, which could include: farming, business activities (non-farming), wages and salaries, old-age pension, cash remittances, retirement fund, grants for orphans and grants for people living with disabilities.

Table 6.5 shows that wages and salaries (41.0%) was the highest main source of income in Kunene Region, while the lowest was orphan grants (0.5%). In urban areas 53.6 percent of households reported wages and salaries as the highest main source of income, while farming (42.9%) dominated in rural areas.

Table 6.5 Percent distribution of household's by main source of income and area

Area	Households	Farming	Business Activity - Not Farming	Wages and Salaries	Old-Age Pension	Cash Remittan ces	Retirement Fund	Orphan' s Grant	Disability Grant	Other
Kunene	18 495	31.6	7.7	41.0	11.0	5.2	0.7	0.5	0.7	1.6
Urban	5 716	6.3	14.3	53.6	11.2	9.0	1.6	0.8	0.9	2.3
Rural	12 779	42.9	4.8	35.3	10.9	3.5	0.4	0.4	0.6	1.2
Epupa	2 781	77.7	5.1	6.2	7.6	1.1	0.1	0.5	0.6	1.1
Kamanjab	2 391	8.9	4.6	74.7	6.5	2.7	0.2	0.1	0.1	2.0
Khorixas	3 132	12.0	7.7	45.5	19.3	9.0	2.0	0.7	1.2	2.6
Opuwo	5 178	46.6	11.6	27.0	9.2	3.4	0.4	0.5	0.5	0.9
Outjo	3 279	5.2	6.8	65.8	9.4	9.1	1.0	0.7	0.9	1.2
Sesfontein	1 734	29.9	6.2	36.6	16.3	6.2	0.7	0.7	1.0	2.5

6.4 Household assets

The ownership of assets is an important indicator of social welfare and living standards, and therefore households that own certain assets have higher standards of living than those without. The Census collected data on a wide range of assets including televisions, radios and mobile phones.

Table 6.6 presents information on communication assets. The results show that radio and mobile phones were the most commonly owned assets in Kunene Region, owned by 56.4 and

49.7 percent of the households, respectively. Only 2.3 percent of all households had internet connectivity and the majority of them were in urban areas.

Table 6.6 Percent distribution of households owning selected communication assets by area

Area	Households	Radio	Television	Telephone (Fixed)	Telephone (Mobile)	Computer /Laptop	Home Internet Connectivity
Kunene	18 495	56.4	24.8	5.3	49.7	6.8	2.3
Urban	5 716	74.3	53.5	9.9	67.2	14.7	4.3
Rural	12 779	48.4	11.9	3.3	41.8	3.2	1.5
Epupa	2 781	26.5	2.1 23.6	1.2	17.3	1.0	0.9
Kamanjab	2 391	55.6		6.9	67.9	7.7	3.1
Khorixas	3 132	68.6	42.8	8.0	57.3	8.7	2.2
Opuwo	5 178	63.0	19.9	3.7	45.6	6.5	1.4
Outio	3 279	66.7	41.3	9.6	64.7	11.1	4.9
Sesfontein	1 734	44.1	14.0	1.6	46.4	3.6	1.6

6.5 Language

Information on the main language spoken in the household was collected from all households. The results in Table 6.7 show that Herero languages were reported as the main language spoken in most of the households (56.2%).

Table 6.7 Distribution of households by main language spoken

Main language	Number of households	Percent
Kunene	12 779	100.0
San languages	80	0.6
Caprivi languages	39	0.3
Herero languages	7 176	56.2
Kavango languages	488	3.8
Nama/Damara languages	3 387	26.5
Oshiwambo languages	923	7.2
Setswana	15	0.1
Afrikaans	436	3.4
German	46	0.4
English	108	0.8
Other European languages	31	0.2
Other African languages	28	0.2
Asian languages	14	0.1
Don't know	8	0.1

6.6 Agricultural Activity

Agriculture is defined in the Population Census as any activity directly related to the production or processing of crops, dairy products, poultry or livestock for commercial sale or as a principal means of personal subsistence. This is known as 'own-account' agriculture. Information was collected on the type of agricultural activities in which households were engaged during the 12

months prior to the Census. Wherever applicable, households could report more than one type of agricultural activity.

Table 6.8 provides information on households engaged in agricultural activities. The results show that livestock farming (41.1%) was the most common agricultural activity in Kunene Region, while poultry farming (6%) was the least common. In rural areas, close to half of households (52.4 %) were involved in livestock farming. Overall, livestock and crop farming were the dominant agricultural activities in all constituencies of the region.

Table 6.8 Percent distribution of households engaged in own account agricultural activity by area

Area	Household	Livestock	Crop	Poultry	Other
Kunene	18 495	41.1	26.2	6.0	0.2
Urban	5 716	15.8	10.0	2.7	0.1
Rural	12 779	52.4	33.5	7.5	0.2
Epupa	2 781	82.6	65.2	7.7	0.2
Kamanjab	2 391	17.1	10.1	7.2	0.1
Khorixas	3 132	32.8	5.3	1.8	0.2
Opuwo	5 178	49.6	40.2	4.8	0.2
Outjo	3 279	16.6	8.7	5.6	0.2
Sesfontein	1 734	43.4	15.3	13.7	0.1

CHAPTER 7: HOUSING CHARACTERISTICS

This chapter presents analyses of the characteristics of housing, which refers to all structures used as dwelling units. Aspects considered are the type of housing, tenure, materials used for building, housing utilities, sources of energy, water supply and sanitation, and garbage and waste disposal.

41.1% of all households resided in traditional dwellings

7.1 Type of housing

Nine types of housing units were defined in the Census: detached house, semi-detached/townhouse, apartment/ flat, guest flat, part commercial/industrial, mobile home (caravan, tent), single quarters, traditional dwelling and improvised housing unit (shack).

Table 7.1 indicates that traditional dwellings were the most common type of housing, making up 41.1 percent of the households in Kunene Region. Part commercial/industrial and guest flat were the least common housing types, each making up only 0.4 percent of the households. It was observed that traditional houses were the most common in rural areas comprising of 57.1 percent of all households. Additionally, it is worth noting that only 16.8 percent of households in urban areas lived in improvised housing units (shacks). At constituency level, traditional dwellings were more common in all constituencies, except in Kamanjab, Khorixas and Outjo.

Table 7.1 Percent distribution of households by type of housing unit and area

Area	Households	Detached House	Semi- Detached House	Apartment / Flat	Guest Flat	Part Commercial / Industrial	Mobile Home	Single Quarters	Traditional Dwelling	Improvised Housing Unit (Shack)	Other
Kunene	18 495	34.0	7.8	3.5	0.4	0.4	2.2	1.0	41.1	8.7	0.8
Urban	5 716	53.2	13.3	6.1	0.6	1.0	1.7	1.2	5.4	16.8	0.6
Rural	12 779	25.4	5.3	2.3	0.4	0.2	2.4	0.9	57.1	5.1	0.8
Epupa	2 781	15.5	0.8	0.5	0.3	0.2	0.9	1.1	77.8	1.9	0.9
Kamanjab	2 391	56.0	10.6	8.0	0.3	*	2.1	0.8	10.5	9.6	2.1
Khorixas	3 132	49.8	11.9	3.3	0.2	0.8	0.5	0.3	29.3	3.7	0.1
Opuwo	5 178	29.5	5.5	4.1	0.5	0.2	3.6	0.8	53.5	1.6	0.6
Outjo	3 279	33.7	12.7	2.7	0.8	1.1	2.2	2.3	10.6	33.4	0.5
Sesfontein	1 734	19.0	5.1	2.1	0.3	0.3	3.1	0.7	66.5	2.1	0.7

7.2 Type of Tenure

Tenure refers to the conditions which govern the rights of individuals to occupy dwelling units. The most frequent forms are tenancy (in which rent is paid to a landlord) and owner occupancy which can be subdivided into owner-occupied or mortgaged. In the case of tenancy, the landlord can be a private individual, non-profit organization such as a housing association, or a government body which provides public housing.

Table 7.2 shows that most housing units (61.7%) in the region were owned and occupied by households without mortgage. These were more common in rural (68.2 %) than in urban areas (47.2%).

Housing units occupied by owners with mortgages were mainly found in urban areas (19.6%), and less so in rural areas (5.7%). This is because most dwellings in rural areas were traditional houses that do not have title deeds and cannot be mortgaged. The same trend can be observed across all the constituencies.

Table 7.2 Percent distribution of households by tenure status and area

Area	Households	Owner Occupied With Mortgage	Owner Occupied Without Mortgage	Rented (Government)	Rented (Local Authority)	Rented (Parastatal)	Rented (Private Firm)	Rented (Individual)	Occupied Rent Free	Other
Kunene	18 495	10.0	61.7	2.0	3.3	0.2	1.0	2.3	18.5	0.9
Urban	5 716	19.6	47.2	6.4	9.4	0.8	2.1	5.8	7.9	0.7
Rural	12 779	5.7	68.2	0.0	0.5	0.0	0.5	0.7	23.3	1.0
-Epupa	2 781	8.5	84.2	0.0	0.3	0.0	0.4	0.4	5.6	0.7
Kamanjab	2 391	4.2	41.8	0.0	0.5	0.0	0.7	0.8	50.9	1.1
Khorixas	3 132	13.0	53.6	4.2	16.4	0.6	1.2	1.1	8.9	1.0
Opuwo	5 178	10.7	72.2	3.4	1.0	0.1	1.2	4.0	6.8	0.7
Outjo	3 279	13.8	42.3	1.8	0.4	0.7	1.5	3.0	35.6	1.0
Sesfontein	1 734	5.8	73.6	0.0	0.3	0.0	0.5	3.1	14.8	1.8

7.3 Average number of persons per sleeping room

The Census collected information on the number of sleeping rooms per household. The average number of persons per sleeping room (or room occupancy) can be used as an indicator of crowding.

Table 7.3 shows that on average the number of people per sleeping room in Kunene Region was 1.9, which suggests that most households were not overcrowded. There were no major differences between urban and rural areas in this respect. Most of the constituencies had an average number of people per sleeping room of less than 2, with the exception of Epupa that had on average 2.7 people per sleeping room.

Table 7.3 Average number of persons per sleeping room by area

			Average
Area	Population	Number of	persons per
		sleeping rooms	room
Kunene	84 606	43 733	1.9
Urban	22 342	13 243	1.7
Rural	62 264	30 490	2
Epupa	17 579	6 532	2.7
Kamanjab	7 889	4 619	1.7
Khorixas	12 138	7 559	1.6
Opuwo	26 742	13 820	1.9
Outjo	12 054	6 793	1.8
Sesfontein	8 204	4 410	1.9

7.4 Materials used for construction

This section presents information on the materials used to construct roofs, walls and floors of housing units, which are important indicators of the socio-economic conditions and welfare of households. Most of the materials used can be broadly divided between those that are harvested with labour from local resources (e.g. grass, stick, mud and dung, etc.) and those that are purchased with cash (e.g. cement bricks/blocks, corrugated iron).

Table 7.4 shows that 41.7 percent of the households resided in dwellings with walls made from sticks with mud/clay/cow dung. About 64 percent of urban households used cement/bricks for outer walls compared to about 21 percent for rural households. There was a higher proportion of urban households that used corrugated iron/zinc for outer walls (21.9%) than the 7.8 percent found in rural areas. At a constituency level, households with walls constructed from sticks with wood poles/sticks or grass/reeds were most common in Epupa (12.5%).

41.7% of all households resided in households with walls made from sticks with mud/clay/cow dung

Table 7.4 Percent distribution of household's by main material used for outer walls and area

Area	Households	Cement Blocks/Brick	Burnt Bricks/Face Bricks	Mud/Clay Bricks	Corrugated Iron/Zinc	Prefabricated Materials	Wood Poles/Sticks or Grass/Reeds	Sticks with Mud/Cla y/Cow Dung	Tin	Other
Kunene	18 495	33.9	0.5	1.6	12.2	2.7	4.3	41.7	0.4	2.8
Urban	5 716	63.6	0.6	2.0	21.9	1.6	2.3	5.5	0.7	1.7
Rural	12 779	20.6	0.4	1.4	7.8	3.2	5.1	57.9	0.2	3.3
Epupa	2 781	4.3	0.0	2.2	2.3	0.4	12.5	76.3	0.1	1.8
Kamanjab	2 391	56.3	0.5	0.8	15.3	5.9	0.7	14.6	0.1	5.8
Khorixas	3 132	51.6	0.7	0.8	13.3	1.9	0.9	29.4	0.2	1.4
Opuwo	5 178	28.4	0.3	2.6	2.9	1.1	4.8	56.3	0.4	3.2
Outjo	3 279	44.0	0.9	0.7	36.3	5.8	3.3	6.1	0.9	1.9
Sesfontein	1 734	15.5	0.4	1.6	3.7	2.7	2.1	70.0	0.3	3.5

The results in Table 7.5 indicate that corrugated iron sheets were the main materials used for roofing, covering more than half of the households in Kunene (72.2%). In urban areas, 91.7 percent of households lived in dwellings where roofs were constructed with corrugated iron sheets, compared to 63.5 percent in rural areas. In most constituencies roofs constructed with corrugated iron sheets were predominant, except in Epupa where only 17.1 of household roofs were made from corrugated iron sheets.

Table 7.5 Percent distribution of households by main material used for the roof and by area

Area	Households	Corrugated Iron Sheet	Asbestos Sheet	Brick Tiles	Concrete	Thatch Grass	Slate	Wood Covered with melthoid	Sticks with Mud/Cow Dung	Tin	Other
Kunene	18 495	72.2	1.6	0.1	0.1	11.1	0.2	0.3	10.1	0.6	3.8
Urban	5716	91.7	2.9	0.1	0.2	1.6	0.4	0.3	0.5	0.7	1.6
Rural	12 779	63.5	1.0	0.1	0.0	15.3	0.1	0.3	14.4	0.6	4.7
Epupa	2781	17.1	0.1	0.0	0.0	37.6	0.0	0.5	42.6	0.6	1.4
Kamanjab	2 391	85.6	1.5	0.3	0.1	2.1	0.0	0.0	0.5	0.5	9.5
Khorixas	3 132	91.9	4.8	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.1	0.2	0.6	0.5	1.5
Opuwo	5 178	70.2	0.6	0.0	0.2	13.5	0.2	0.4	10.7	0.5	3.7
Outjo	3 279	88.8	1.7	0.2	0.0	3.0	0.4	0.2	0.8	1.0	3.9
Sesfontein	1 734	81.3	0.8	0.2	0.0	8.4	0.1	0.4	4.3	0.8	3.6

With regard to material used for the floor, table 7.6 shows that 39.9 percent of the households in Kunene had floors made from cement. It can be observed that in urban areas, the most common material used for floor was cement (57.0%), while in rural areas it was sand/earth (32.7%).

Table 7.6 Percent distribution of households by main material used for the floor and by area

Area	Households	Sand/Earth	Cement	Mud/Clay	Wood	Concrete	Tiles (Ceramic/Wood/ Plastic)	Other
Kunene	18 495	29.8	39.9	21.2	0.7	0.9	5.4	2.0
Urban	5 716	23.2	57.0	2.4	0.9	1.8	13.6	1.1
Rural	12 779	32.7	32.2	29.7	0.7	0.6	1.7	2.4
Epupa	2 781	36.6	8.2	51.1	0.5	0.3	0.7	2.6
Kamanjab	2 391	32.5	58.8	3.9	0.5	0.6	3.0	0.7
Khorixas	3 132	25.7	53.8	5.3	0.6	0.8	12.8	1.0
Opuwo	5 178	21.0	36.3	34.0	0.6	1.8	3.1	3.2
Outjo	3 279	42.9	43.4	1.7	1.5	0.4	9.2	0.9
Sesfontein	1 734	23.6	43.7	25.0	0.7	1.2	2.5	3.3

7.5 Sources of energy

Data collected from private households on energy for cooking, lighting and heating provide useful information on social conditions and development. This information is also valuable as a measure of Namibia's use of renewable (e.g. solar or wind power) and non-renewable (e.g. oil, coal) energy sources, and the environmental consequences of using different kinds of energy.

Table 7.7 indicates that about 50.8 percent of households in Kunene relied on wood as the main source of energy for cooking and about 11.9 percent on electricity from the main grid. About 30 percent of urban households relied on electricity for cooking while about 4 percent of households in rural areas used electricity from the main grid for cooking.

At a constituency level, Khorixas had the highest proportion of households (20.8%) that used electricity for cooking. Overall, wood was commonly used in all constituencies as the main source of energy for cooking.

The main source of energy for cooking is wood/charcoal from wood

Table 7.7 Percent distribution of households by main source of energy for cooking and area

					Wood/Ch					
Area	Household	Electricity	Electricity		arcoal					
Alea	Household	from	from		from	Charcoal-	Animal	Solar		
		Mains	Generator	Gas	Wood	Coal	Dung	Energy	None	Other
Kunene	18 495	11.9	0.5	1.1	50.8	1.2	0.0	0.4	33.7	0.4
Urban	5 716	29.7	0.4	2.0	27.5	1.3	0.0	0.2	38.5	0.3
Rural	12 779	3.9	0.6	0.7	61.3	1.1	0.0	0.5	31.5	0.4
Epupa	2 781	1.5	0.4	0.8	78.1	2.2	0.1	0.6	16.0	0.4
Kamanjab	2 391	6.7	0.3	1.1	42.8	0.3	0.0	0.6	48.1	0.3
Khorixas	3 132	20.8	0.3	0.6	33.8	1.3	0.0	0.9	41.9	0.4
Opuwo	5 178	11.6	0.3	0.6	62.2	0.5	0.0	0.2	24.2	0.4
Outjo	3 279	19.5	0.9	2.6	28.5	1.9	0.1	0.2	46.1	0.2
Sesfontein	1 734	6.1	1.4	1.1	57.2	0.9	0.0	0.3	32.2	0.9

With respect to the sources of energy for lighting, the results from Table 7.8 show that the most common source of energy for lighting in Kunene Region was candles, with 32.7 percent of the households using this light source. More than half of households (62.6%) in urban areas relied on electricity from mains, while most households in rural areas used candles (33.3%) for lighting. Solar energy was not widely used, but played a more important role in rural areas (3.6%) than in urban areas (0.5%). Electricity from mains for lighting dominated in Khorixas (49%).

The most common source of energy for lighting was candles used by 32.7% of the households

Table 7.7 Percent distribution of households by main source of energy for lighting and area

Area	Households	Electricity from Mains	Electricity from Generator	Gas	Paraffin/ Kerosene	Wood/ Charcoal from Wood	Charcoal -coal	Candles	Animal Dung	Solar Energy	Other
Kunene	18 495	30.6	1.5	0.6	12.8	17.5	0.2	32.7	0.0	2.6	1.6
Urban	5 716	62.6	0.5	0.6	2.2	1.0	0.1	31.5	0.0	0.5	0.9
Rural	12 779	16.2	2.0	0.6	17.5	24.8	0.3	33.2	0.0	3.6	1.9
Epupa	2 781	6.1	0.7	1.0	1.0	76.1	1.0	11.9	0.1	1.0	1.2
Kamanjab	2 391	26.1	4.1	0.4	15.4	1.8	0.0	41.8	0.0	9.2	1.3
Khorixas	3 132	49.0	0.6	0.4	27.3	1.6	0.0	18.1	0.0	2.7	0.3
Opuwo	5 178	27.7	0.7	0.5	9.8	18.8	0.2	39.3	0.0	0.8	2.0
Outjo	3 279	46.5	1.7	0.6	4.6	0.5	0.1	42.8	0.0	1.9	1.4
Sesfontein	1 734	21.0	2.9	0.9	26.0	1.9	0.0	40.5	0.0	2.7	4.1

7.6 Water Supply and Sanitation

This section covers the main source of water for drinking and cooking, type of toilet facilities, and disposal of waste or garbage for households. Poor sanitation and inadequate access to safe water are public health concerns because they create conditions conducive to the spread of diseases.

The results from Table 7.9 show that 67.1 percent of the households in Kunene Region had access to safe water. The results further show that more households in urban areas (about 94%) had access to safe water than in rural areas (55%). With regards to unsafe water, about 44 percent of households in rural areas relied on unprotected wells, boreholes with open tanks, rivers/dams/streams and canals as their main source of water for cooking/drinking.

At constituency level, it was observed that in Epupa about 13 percent of the households relied on unprotected wells as their main source of water.

Close to 44% of households in rural areas used unsafe water for cooking and drinking

Table 7.9 Percent distribution of households by main source of water for cooking/drinking and area

Area	Households	Piped Water Inside	Piped Water Outside	Public Pipe	Borehole with Tank Covered	Well Prote cted	Safe water	Borehole with Open Tank	River/Dam/ Stream	Canal	Well Unprotected	Other
Kunene	18 495	13.3	19.0	16.2	16.6	2.0	67.1	8.3	18.0	0.1	4.0	2.5
Urban	5 716	31.0	28.7	34.2	0.1	0.1	94.1	0.1	0.2	0.0	0.6	5.0
Rural	12 779	5.4	14.6	8.2	24.0	2.8	55.0	12.0	25.9	0.1	5.6	1.4
Epupa	2 781	1.2	2.8	3.2	18.9	2.7	28.7	11.3	46.5	0.1	13.3	0.0
Kamanjab	2 391	13.8	40.1	11.5	17.1	0.4	82.8	5.8	10.0	0.0	0.0	1.3
Khorixas	3 132	24.6	25.4	14.2	13.5	0.4	78.1	4.1	14.4	0.1	0.1	3.2
Opuwo	5 178	8.7	14.6	19.2	15.0	4.2	61.6	11.4	15.1	0.0	6.2	5.6
Outjo	3 279	23.7	19.4	30.3	15.2	0.8	89.4	5.0	4.8	0.2	0.2	0.4
Sesfontein	1 734	6.1	16.6	11.8	25.1	1.4	61.0	11.5	23.0	0.2	2.5	1.8

With respect to the type of the main toilet facility, the results from Table 7.10 show that 63.2 percent of the households in Kunene Region had no toilet facility and only 27.3 percent had access to flush toilets. There were notable differences between urban and rural areas. In urban areas about 55 percent of households used flush toilets while the corresponding rural percentage was only about 15 percent. At a constituency level, Epupa had the highest proportion of households with no toilet facility (91.1%).

About 63% of households in Kunene had no toilet facility

Table 7.10 Percent distribution of households by type of main toilet facility and area

Area	Households	Private Flush Connecte d to Sewer	Shared Flush Connecte d to Sewer	Private Flush Connected to Septic/ Cesspool	Shared Flush Connected to Septic/ Cesspool	Pit Latrine with Ventilation Pipe	Covered Pit Latrine without Ventilation Pipe	Uncovered Pit Latrine without Ventilation Pipe	Bucket Toilet	No Toilet Facility	Other
Kunene	18 495	16.2	7.0	2.3	1.8	4.3	1.8	1.0	1.7	63.2	0.7
Urban Rural	5 716 12 779	38.8 6.1	13.4 4.2	1.9 2.5	0.9 2.3	5.8 3.7	1.3 2.0	1.0 0.9	1.2 1.9	34.9 75.8	0.7 0.7
Epupa Kamanja b Khorixas	2 781 2 391 3 132	0.9 15.4 34.7	0.3 13.2 11.4	0.6 6.7 0.9	0.5 6.4 1.0	2.7 2.2 3.5	0.3 2.6 2.4	1.1 1.2 0.8	1.0 1.4 2.8	91.9 49.1 42.3	0.6 1.8 0.2
Opuwo	5 178	9.2	6.4	0.9	0.6	4.6	1.4	1.5	1.5	73.8	0.2
Outjo Sesfontei n	3 279 1 734	28.8	6.3	5.3	2.6 1.8	6.3	1.1	0.2	1.7	47.3 72.6	0.4

7.7 Garbage and waste disposal

Table 7.11 shows that the most common means of disposing of garbage in the Kunene Region was through burning with 52.1 percent of households using this method.

In urban areas 50.1 percent of households benefitted from regular waste collection, while close to 68 percent of households in rural areas burned their waste.

Similarly, at constituency level regular waste collection was most common in the Khorixas and Outjo constituencies (39.1% and 34.4%, respectively), whereas the rest of the constituencies depended more on burning as a means of disposing of their waste/garbage.

Table 7.11 Percentage distribution of households by means of waste/garbage disposal and area

Area	Households	Regularly Irregularly		Burning	Roadside	Rubbish	Other	
Alea	nousenoius	Collected	Collected	builling	Dumping	Pit	Other	
Kunene	18 495	19.7	3.6	52.1	15.6	6.4	2.6	
Urban	5 716	50.1	6.9	16.9	21.6	4.3	0.2	
Rural	12 779	6.1	2.2	67.9	12.9	7.3	3.7	
Epupa	2 781	1.7	2.2	68.5	14.2	2.7	10.7	
Kamanjab	2 391	19.3	3.9	47.8	11.7	17	0.3	
Khorixas	3 132	39.1	4.3	38.4	14.5	2.8	0.8	
Opuwo	5 178	13.1	0.9	64.2	13.9	5.2	2.6	
Outjo	3 279	34.4	9	30.3	22.1	4.1	0.2	
Sesfontein	1 734	5.9	2.2	61.7	18.1	11.5	0.6	

Annexure

Glossary of Census terms

The concepts and classifications used in the 2011 Population and Housing Census are defined below. These concepts and classifications are based on regional and International recommendation with adaptations to suit local conditions.

Geographic Concepts

Kunene Region consisted of 6 constituencies, namely Epupa, Kamanjab, Khorixas, Opuwo, Outjo and Sesfontein.

Locality

For the purpose of the Census, a locality is defined as a distinct population cluster, irrespective of size, in which people live and which has a name or locally recognized status.

Enumeration area

For the purpose of enumeration (census date collection/counting), the whole country was divided into small geographical areas of manageable sizes known as enumeration areas (EAs).

Dwelling unit

A dwelling unit is a unit of accommodation of a household that may be vacant or shared by more than one household.

Marital status

Is defined as the person's personal status in relation to the marriage laws or customs of the country

Live birth

A child born alive is one who cries after being born. Thus, a live birth is a birth which results in a child that shows any sign of life irrespective of the time or period within which these signs are manifested.

Early childhood development

This refers to children aged 0 - 4 years who were attending day-care, crèche, kindergarten and pre-primary school. The categories were as follows: Edu-care (day-care, crèche, kindergarten) and pre-primary school.

Literacy

This refers to the ability to read and write with understanding in any language. Those that could both read and write with understanding were classified as literate; and those who could only read but not write were classified as illiterate.

School attendance

This refers to full time attendance at any regular educational institution, public or private, for systematic instruction at any level of education.

Educational attainment

The highest standard, grade or years completed at the highest level of school, college or university attended.

Disability

This refers to a condition of loss of physical or mental function resulting in inability to perform daily activities. Disability is aggravated by physical, personal, and environmental barriers.

Occupation

This refers to the type of work, trade or profession performed by an individual during the Census reference period, irrespective of status in employment of the individual.

Industry

This refers to the main goods and/or services produced at the person's work place (if employed) or usual place of work (if on vacation, sick leave).

Employment status

This refers to the status of those employed during the reference period or those who were on sick/vacation leave and had a job to return to, in terms of either working/worked as employees, employers, own account workers, or unpaid family workers.

Household

A household consists of a person or a group of persons related or unrelated who lived together in the same homestead/compound but not necessarily in the same dwelling unit.

Head of household

The head of household is the person (of either sex) who is looked upon by the other members of the household as their leader or main decision-maker.

Children and orphan headed household

This refers to households headed by children/orphans aged 18 years and below. Orphans are children 18 years and below who during the time of the Census were orphaned by one or both parents.

Household assets

Ownership of assets is a good measure of the social well-fare and standard of living of households. Hence, households were also asked whether they owned certain assets, and the assets had to be in working condition. Assests included: car, motorbike, bicycle, radio, television, telephone (landline), telephone (mobile), computer/laptop, refrigerator/freezer, stove, microwave, etc.

Agricultural activities

This refers to activities such as the farming of crop, poultry, or livestock, agro processing and horticulture.

Housing unit

This refers to separate and independent living premises occupied by the household.

Tenure

This is the arrangement under which the household occupies all/or part of a housing unit. This looks at whether the housing unit was owner-occupied, rented or rent-free.

Number of sleeping rooms

These are all rooms used for sleeping purposes only, thus it excludes rooms such as study rooms, toilets, kitchens, passages etc. However if a room such as a garage was used for sleeping purposes it was considered a sleeping room.

Material used for outer-walls, floor and roof

This refers to the main material used for the construction of the household's housing unit. Materials may include cement blocks/bricks/stones, burnt/face bricks for outer-walls, or corrugated iron-sheets, brick tiles, concrete for roof, or sand/earth, cement, mud/clay for floor, etc.

Source of water for cooking and drinking

A measure of the well-being of Namibians is the proportion of households that have access to clean/potable water. This question referred to the main sources of water used by the households for cooking and drinking.

Source of energy for cooking, lighting and heating

This refers to the type of energy most often used for cooking, lighting and heating. The sources include electricity, gas, solar, wood, candle, charcoal, paraffin, etc.

Type of toilet facility

This information provides a measure of sanitation level of the household since these facilities are important for disease control and health improvement. This looked at whether the household used a private toilet connected to the main sewer, public toilet connected to the sewer, private toilet connected to septic tank, public toilet connected to septic, etc.

Garbage and refuse disposal

This information can be used in obtaining the hygiene level of the household since these facilities are important for disease control and health improvements.

The Enumeration Area Map

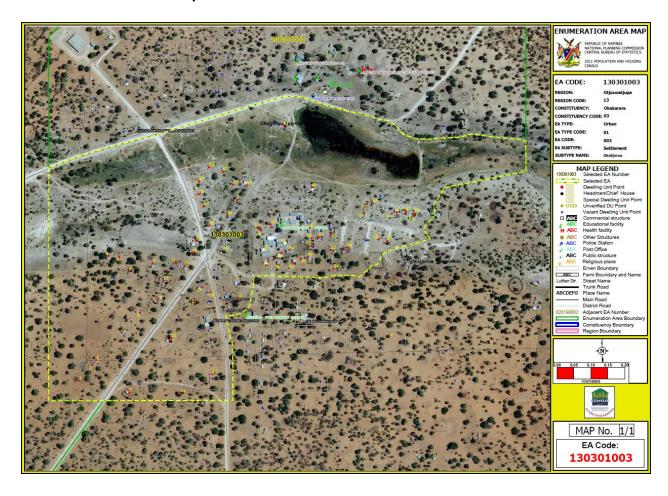


Table 2.1 Total population by sex and single years, Kunen	е
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rabie	2.1 lotai	population	by sex and	single year	rs , Kunene		
Age	Total	Female	Male	Age	Total	Female	Male
0	2 972	1 544	1 428	49	671	334	337
1	2 711	1 325	1 386	50	568	313	255
2	2 867	1 423	1 444	51	575	296	279
3	2 843	1 412	1 431	52	515	257	258
4	2 966	1 482	1 484	53	471	265	206
5	2 737	1 318	1 419	54	505	267	238
6	2 512	1 278	1 234	55	427	220	207
7	2 140	1 080	1 060	56	421	212	209
8	2 309	1 152	1 157	57	369	192	177
9	2 216	1 077	1 139	58	374	201	173
10	2 146	1 139	1 007	59	468	209	259
11	2 369	1 171	1 198	60	462	229	233
12	1 855	898	957	61	409	189	220
13	1 900	958	942	62	347	176	171
14	1 717	843	874	63	311	160	151
15	1 913	954	959	64	318	169	149
16	1 716	840	876	65	388	223	165
17	1 511	709	802	66	261	148	113
18	1837	903		67		157	135
			934		292		
19	1 743	828	915	68	203	108	95 115
20	1 748	859	889	69 7 0	240	125	115
21	1 786	850	936	70	235	127	108
22	1 419	742	677	71	236	123	113
23	1 364	679	685	72	176	82	94
24	1 241	619	622	73	150	78	72
25	1 407	719	688	74	144	65	79
26	1 293	626	667	75	175	77	98
27	1 260	608	652	76	135	70	65
28	1 214	600	614	77	149	81	68
29	1 243	622	621	78	113	60	53
30	1 336	672	664	79	108	52	56
31	1 129	547	582	80	127	69	58
32	1 182	593	589	81	138	77	61
33	935	448	487	82	84	57	27
34	1 056	534	522	83	83	56	27
35	1 103	553	550	84	69	44	25
36	976	439	537	85	76	29	47
37	828	383	445	86	71	47	24
38	873	428	445	87	47	22	25
39	972	430	542	88	43	25	18
40	847	423	424	89	45	21	24
41	803	361	442	90	46	22	24
42	780	404	376	91	79	42	37
43	674	359	315	92	28	13	15
44	588	295	293	93	39	24	15
45	721	342	379	94	23	7	16
46	510	252	258	95+	160	101	59
47	551	289	262	Total	86 856	43 253	43 603
48	663	322	341	10(0)	55 550	73 233	-3 003
40	003	322	241				

Table 2.2 Population distribution by age-group and sex. Kunene

	age-group and sex, Kunene				
Age		Population			
group	Total	Female	Male		
Total	86 856	43 253	43 603		
0 - 4	14 359	7 186	7 173		
5 - 9	11 914	5 905	6 009		
10 - 14	9 987	5 009	4 978		
15 - 19	8 720	4 234	4 486		
20 - 24	7 558	3 749	3 809		
25 - 29	6 417	3 175	3 242		
30 - 34	5 638	2 794	2 844		
35 - 39	4 752	2 233	2 519		
40 - 44	3 692	1 842	1 850		
45 - 49	3 116	1 539	1 577		
50 - 54	2 634	1 398	1 236		
55 - 59	2 059	1 034	1 025		
60 - 64	1 847	923	924		
65 - 69	1 384	761	623		
70 - 74	941	475	466		
75 - 79	680	340	340		
80 - 84	501	303	198		
85 - 89	282	144	138		
90 - 94	215	108	107		
95 +	160	101	59		

Table 2.4 Population distribution by age-group and sex, Rural

	age-group and sex, italian				
Age	Population				
group	Total	Female	Male		
Total	63 958	31 143	32 815		
0 - 4	11 410	5 720	5 690		
5 - 9	9 507	4 709	4 798		
10 - 14	7 807	3 832	3 975		
15 - 19	6 406	2 963	3 443		
20 - 24	5 150	2 463	2 687		
25 - 29	4 339	2 063	2 276		
30 - 34	3 761	1 790	1 971		
35 - 39	3 201	1 429	1 772		
40 - 44	2 454	1 194	1 260		
45 - 49	2 074	974	1 100		
50 - 54	1 761	910	851		
55 - 59	1 431	694	737		
60 - 64	1 370	664	706		
65 - 69	1 062	581	481		
70 - 74	711	350	361		
75 - 79	548	273	275		
80 - 84	417	246	171		
85 - 89	222	105	117		
90 - 94	186	95	91		
95 +	141	88	53		

Table 2.3 Population distribution by age-group and sex, Urban

Age		Population			
group	Total	Female	Male		
Total	22 898	12 110	10 788		
0 - 4	2 949	1 466	1 483		
5 - 9	2 407	1 196	1 211		
10 - 14	2 180	1 177	1 003		
15 - 19	2 314	1 271	1 043		
20 - 24	2 408	1 286	1 122		
25 - 29	2 078	1 112	966		
30 - 34	1 877	1 004	873		
35 - 39	1 551	804	747		
40 - 44	1 238	648	590		
45 - 49	1 042	565	477		
50 - 54	873	488	385		
55 - 59	628	340	288		
60 - 64	477	259	218		
65 - 69	322	180	142		
70 - 74	230	125	105		
75 - 79	132	67	65		
80 - 84	84	57	27		
85 - 89	60	39	21		
90 - 94	29	13	16		
95 +	19	13	6		

Table 2.5 Population distribution by age-group and sex, Epupa

		а. ссл., -ра	F
Age		Population	
group	Total	Female	Male
Total	17 696	9 318	8 378
0 - 4	3 935	2 001	1 934
5 - 9	3 069	1 574	1 495
10 - 14	2 346	1 196	1 150
15 - 19	1 707	879	828
20 - 24	1 267	696	571
25 - 29	1 041	592	449
30 - 34	794	461	333
35 - 39	715	389	326
40 - 44	505	279	226
45 - 49	411	208	203
50 - 54	349	189	160
55 - 59	302	164	138
60 - 64	304	168	136
65 - 69	331	194	137
70 - 74	186	104	82
75 - 79	143	70	73
80 - 84	124	69	55
85 - 89	61	28	33
90 - 94	40	18	22
95 +	66	39	27

Table 2.6 Population distribution by age-group and sex, Kamanjab

	age-group and sex, Kamanjab				
Age	Population				
group	Total	Female	Male		
Total	8 441	3 854	4 587		
0 - 4	1 173	568	605		
5 – 9	909	439	470		
10 - 14	723	359	364		
15 - 19	626	316	310		
20 - 24	760	373	387		
25 - 29	777	334	443		
30 - 34	721	285	436		
35 - 39	641	242	399		
40 - 44	525	230	295		
45 - 49	414	174	240		
50 - 54	352	163	189		
55 - 59	268	117	151		
60 - 64	219	104	115		
65 - 69	140	61	79		
70 - 74	82	32	50		
75 - 79	55	27	28		
80 - 84	22	11	11		
85 - 89	13	8	5		
90 - 94	13	8	5		
95 +	8	3	5		

Table 2.8 Population distribution by age-group and sex, Opuwo

	age-group and sex, Opuwo				
Age	Population				
group	Total Female		Male		
Total	27 272	13 896	13 376		
0 - 4	4 606	2 340	2 266		
5 – 9	3 891	1 938	1 953		
10 - 14	3 339	1 697	1 642		
15 - 19	3 157	1 552	1 605		
20 - 24	2 586	1 321	1 265		
25 - 29	2 062	1 044	1 018		
30 - 34	1 762	942	820		
35 - 39	1 307	641	666		
40 - 44	920	483	437		
45 - 49	782	423	359		
50 - 54	620	340	280		
55 - 59	479	252	227		
60 - 64	494	238	256		
65 - 69	352	198	154		
70 - 74	267	127	140		
75 - 79	202	99	103		
80 - 84	185	122	63		
85 - 89	112	49	63		
90 - 94	96	54	42		
95 +	53	36	17		

Table 2.7 Population distribution by age-group and sex, Khorixas

	age-group and sex, Khorixas					
Age	P	Population				
group	Total	Female	Male			
Total	12 566	6 155	6 411			
0 - 4	1 697	852	845			
5 – 9	1 534	716	818			
10 - 14	1 329	648	681			
15 -19	1 181	537	644			
20 -24	1 039	487	552			
25 - 29	843	406	437			
30 - 34	820	385	435			
35 - 39	781	370	411			
40 - 44	663	327	336			
45 - 49	585	294	291			
50 - 54	535	285	250			
55 - 59	478	259	219			
60 - 64	364	185	179			
65 - 69	266	151	115			
70 - 74	188	102	86			
75 - 79	117	61	56			
80 - 84	69	42	27			
85 - 89	39	25	14			
90 - 94	23	10	13			
95 +	15	13	2			

Table 2.9 Population distribution by age-group and sex, Outjo

Age		Population	
group	Total	Female	Male
Total	12 447	5 988	6 459
0 - 4	1 608	784	824
5 – 9	1 347	661	686
10 - 14	1 197	607	590
15 -19	1 174	588	586
20 -24	1 227	539	688
25 - 29	1 101	529	572
30 - 34	1 015	463	552
35 - 39	870	386	484
40 - 44	721	345	376
45 - 49	582	278	304
50 - 54	494	265	229
55 - 59	354	155	199
60 - 64	279	140	139
65 - 69	163	81	82
70 - 74	128	65	63
75 - 79	88	51	37
80 - 84	43	23	20
85 - 89	29	17	12
90 - 94	18	7	11
95 +	9	4	5

Table 2.10 Population distribution in 5 years

age-group by sex, Sesfontein

	age-group by sex, Sestontein			
Age		Population		
group	Total	Female	Male	
Total	8 434	4 042	4 392	
0 - 4	1 340	641	699	
5 - 9	1 164	577	587	
10 - 14	1 053	502	551	
15 - 19	875	362	513	
20 - 24	679	333	346	
25 - 29	593	270	323	
30 - 34	526	258	268	
35 - 39	438	205	233	
40 - 44	358	178	180	
45 - 49	342	162	180	
50 - 54	284	156	128	
55 - 59	178	87	91	
60 - 64	187	88	99	
65 - 69	132	76	56	
70 - 74	90	45	45	
75 - 79	75	32	43	
80 - 84	58	36	22	
85 - 89	28	17	11	
90 - 94	25	11	14	
95 +	9	6	3	

Table 3.1 Population aged 15 years and above by marital status and sex, Kunene

Marital status	Population			
Maritai Status	Total	Female	Male	
Total	49 117	24 515	24 602	
Never Married	27 496	12 620	14 876	
Married with Certificate	6 244	3 109	3 135	
Married Traditionally	8 737	4 820	3 917	
Consensual Union	4 191	2 154	2 037	
Divorced	786	528	258	
Widowed	1 338	1 100	238	
Separated	289	173	116	
Don't Know	36	11	25	

Table 3.2 Population aged 15 years and above by marital status and sex, Urban

NA		Population	
Marital status	Total	Female	Male
Total	15 001	8 155	6 846
Never Married	8 922	4 860	4 062
Married with Certificate	2 929	1 517	1 412
Married Traditionally	1 155	617	538
Consensual Union	1 396	720	676
Divorced	162	106	56
Widowed	344	285	59
Separated	80	44	36
Don't Know	13	6	7

Table 3.3 Population aged 15 years and above by marital status and sex, Rural

Marital status		Population	
Total Never Married Married with Certificate Married Traditionally Consensual Union Divorced Widowed Separated	Total	Female	Male
Total	34 116	16 360	17 756
Never Married	18 574	7 760	10 814
Married with Certificate	3 315	1 592	1 723
Married Traditionally	7 582	4 203	3 379
Consensual Union	2 795	1 434	1 361
Divorced	624	422	202
Widowed	994	815	179
Separated	209	129	80
Don't Know	23	5	18

Table 3.4 Population aged 15 years and above by marital status and sex, Epupa

status ana sen, Epapa			
Marital status		Population	
iviaritai status	Total	Female	Male
Total	8 242	4 502	3 740
Never Married	3 872	1 884	1 988
Married with Certificate	214	112	102
Married Traditionally	3 344	1 910	1 434
Consensual Union	153	87	66
Divorced	283	203	80
Widowed	278	237	41
Separated	89	66	23
Don't Know	9	3	6

Table 3.5 Population aged 15 years and above by marital status and sex, Kamanjab

Marital status		Population			
- Iviai ital status	Total	Total Female			
Total	5 194	2 257	2 937		
Never Married	2 632	990	1 642		
Married with Certificate	1 100	525	575		
Married Traditionally	333	151	182		
Consensual Union	1 014	513	501		
Divorced	23	8	15		
Widowed	78	67	11		
Separated	11	3	8		
Don't Know	3	0	3		

Table 3.6 Population aged 15 years and above by marital status and sex, Khorixas

Manufacture and the state of th		Population	
Marital status	Total	Female	Male
Total	7 752	3 833	3 919
Never Married	4 611	2 170	2 441
Married with Certificate	1 863	939	924
Married Traditionally	80	35	45
Consensual Union	890	462	428
Divorced	28	18	10
Widowed	231	181	50
Separated	48	27	21
Don't Know	1	1	0

Table 3.7 Population aged 15 years and above by marital status and sex, Opuwo

status and sex, of	Juvo		
Marital status		Population	
Maritarstatus	Total	Female	Male
Total	15 115	7 816	7 299
Never Married	9 044	4 302	4 742
Married with Certificate	639	321	318
Married Traditionally	3 923	2 196	1 727
Consensual Union	594	304	290
Divorced	349	239	110
Widowed	468	395	73
Separated	84	54	30
Don't Know	14	5	9

Table 3.9 Population aged 15 years and above by marital status and sex, Sesfontein

Marital status		Population	
ivialitai status	Total	Female	Male
Total	4 751	2 263	2 488
Never Married	2 939	1 293	1 646
Married with Certificate	623	302	321
Married Traditionally	630	338	292
Consensual Union	364	192	172
Divorced	45	29	16
Widowed	132	102	30
Separated	17	7	10
Don't Know	1	0	1

Table 3.8 Population aged 15 years and above by marital status and sex, Outjo

		Population	
Marital status –	Total	Female	Male
Total	8 063	3 844	4 219
Never Married	4 398	1 981	2 417
Married with Certificate	1 805	910	895
Married Traditionally	427	190	237
Consensual Union	1 176	596	580
Divorced	58	31	27
Widowed	151	118	33
Separated	40	16	24
Don't Know	8	2	6

Table 4.1 Children ever born to females aged 12-64 years, Kunene

Age of	Number	Chile	dren ever b	orn		Surviving			Died		
Mother	of Women	Total	Female	Male	Total	Female	Male	Total	Female	Male	
Total	24 996	65 098	32 391	32 707	58 791	29 432	29 359	6 307	2 959	3 348	
12-14	2 662	117	52	65	104	47	57	13	5	8	
15 - 19	4 166	1 425	724	701	1 327	668	659	98	56	42	
20 - 24	3 694	4 744	2 362	2 382	4 446	2 226	2 220	298	136	162	
25 - 29	3 118	7 029	3 504	3 525	6 585	3 295	3 290	444	209	235	
30 - 34	2 734	8 867	4 353	4 514	8 205	4 044	4 161	662	309	353	
35 - 39	2 186	9 059	4 457	4 602	8 382	4 175	4 207	677	282	395	
40 - 44	1 776	8 639	4 234	4 405	7 870	3 860	4 010	769	374	395	
45 - 49	1 468	7 509	3 796	3 713	6 799	3 459	3 340	710	337	373	
50 - 54	1 322	7 312	3 619	3 693	6 435	3 220	3 215	877	399	478	
55 - 59	992	5 471	2 734	2 737	4 613	2 314	2 299	858	420	438	
60 - 64	878	4 926	2 556	2 370	4 025	2 124	1 901	901	432	469	

Table 4.2 Children ever born to females aged 12-64 years, Urban

Age of	Number	Chile	dren ever bo	rn		Surviving			Died		
Mother	of Women	Total	Female	Male	Total	Female	Male	Total	Female	Male	
Total	8 342	19 429	9 611	9 818	17 398	8 656	8 742	2 031	955	1 076	
12-14	672	20	10	10	19	10	9	1	0	1	
15 - 19	1 263	347	160	187	329	151	178	18	9	9	
20 - 24	1 271	1 261	570	691	1 156	534	622	105	36	69	
25 - 29	1 094	1 957	973	984	1 841	925	916	116	48	68	
30 - 34	987	2 581	1 245	1 336	2 389	1 148	1 241	192	97	95	
35 - 39	800	2 754	1 363	1 391	2 552	1 278	1 274	202	85	117	
40 - 44	640	2 612	1 292	1 320	2 347	1 157	1 190	265	135	130	
45 - 49	556	2 347	1 218	1 129	2 123	1 115	1 008	224	103	121	
50 - 54	473	2 331	1 119	1 212	2 038	984	1 054	293	135	158	
55 - 59	333	1 770	914	856	1 438	742	696	332	172	160	
60 - 64	253	1 449	747	702	1 166	612	554	283	135	148	

Table 4.3 Children ever born to females aged 12-64 years, Rural

Age of	Number	Chil	dren ever b	oorn Surviving			Died			
Mother	of Women	Total	Female	Male	Total	Female	Male	Total	Female	Male
Total	16 654	45 669	22 780	22 889	41 393	20 776	20 617	4 276	2 004	2 272
12-14	1 990	97	42	55	85	37	48	12	5	7
15 - 19	2 903	1 078	564	514	998	517	481	80	47	33
20 - 24	2 423	3 483	1 792	1 691	3 290	1 692	1 598	193	100	93
25 - 29	2 024	5 072	2 531	2 541	4 744	2 370	2 374	328	161	167
30 - 34	1 747	6 286	3 108	3 178	5 816	2 896	2 920	470	212	258
35 - 39	1 386	6 305	3 094	3 211	5 830	2 897	2 933	475	197	278
40 - 44	1 136	6 027	2 942	3 085	5 523	2 703	2 820	504	239	265
45 - 49	912	5 162	2 578	2 584	4 676	2 344	2 332	486	234	252
50 - 54	849	4 981	2 500	2 481	4 397	2 236	2 161	584	264	320
55 - 59	659	3 701	1 820	1 881	3 175	1 572	1 603	526	248	278
60 - 64	625	3 477	1 809	1 668	2 859	1 512	1 347	618	297	321

Table 4.4 Children ever born to females aged 12-64 years, Epupa

Age of Number		Child	Children ever born Surviving Died			Surviving				
Mother	of Women	Total	Female	Male	Total	Female	Male	Total	Female	Male
Total	4 583	13 514	6 802	6 712	12 369	6 248	6 121	1 145	554	591
12-14	601	42	19	23	35	15	20	7	4	3
15 - 19	875	357	186	171	337	175	162	20	11	9
20 - 24	693	1 153	593	560	1 081	557	524	72	36	36
25 - 29	584	1 678	851	827	1 572	802	770	106	49	57
30 - 34	456	1 902	970	932	1 786	903	883	116	67	49
35 - 39	385	2 199	1 074	1 125	2 016	993	1 023	183	81	102
40 - 44	276	1 747	871	876	1 598	797	801	149	74	75
45 - 49	204	1 419	741	678	1 301	689	612	118	52	66
50 - 54	183	1 204	593	611	1 066	521	545	138	72	66
55 - 59	161	983	488	495	873	440	433	110	48	62
60 - 64	165	830	416	414	704	356	348	126	60	66

Table 4.5 Children ever born to females aged 12-64 years, Kamanjab

Age of	Number	Child	ren ever bor	n		Surviving			Died	
Mother	of Women	Total	Female	Male	Total	Female	Male	Total	Female	Male
Total	2 313	5 668	2 772	2 896	5 114	2 529	2 585	554	243	311
12-14	188	8	2	6	7	2	5	1	0	1
15 - 19	298	121	52	69	112	50	62	9	2	7
20 - 24	365	483	238	245	452	226	226	31	12	19
25 - 29	320	627	316	311	570	286	284	57	30	27
30 - 34	261	744	341	403	691	317	374	53	24	29
35 - 39	222	755	365	390	713	350	363	42	15	27
40 - 44	198	789	388	401	719	355	364	70	33	37
45 - 49	141	604	296	308	536	263	273	68	33	35
50 - 54	138	659	338	321	579	308	271	80	30	50
55 - 59	98	445	224	221	366	184	182	79	40	39
60 - 64	84	433	212	221	369	188	181	64	24	40

Table 4.6 Children ever born to females aged 12-64 years, Khorixas

Age of	Number	Child	ren ever bor	n		Surviving			Died	
Mother	of Women	Total	Female	Male	Total	Female	Male	Total	Female	Male
Total	3 800	9 525	4 671	4 854	8 414	4 148	4 266	1 111	523	588
12-14	359	7	3	4	7	3	4	0	0	0
15 - 19	530	148	71	77	138	65	73	10	6	4
20 - 24	483	509	255	254	459	229	230	50	26	24
25 - 29	394	730	343	387	674	322	352	56	21	35
30 - 34	377	993	477	516	914	439	475	79	38	41
35 - 39	363	1 201	592	609	1 111	557	554	90	35	55
40 - 44	318	1 260	603	657	1 159	554	605	101	49	52
45 - 49	284	1 119	554	565	1 018	507	511	101	47	54
50 - 54	271	1 265	595	670	1 079	507	572	186	88	98
55 - 59	248	1 266	636	630	1 035	533	502	231	103	128
60 - 64	173	1 027	542	485	820	432	388	207	110	97

Table 4.7 Children ever born to females aged 12-64 years, Opuwo

Age of	Number of	Chile	dren ever bo	orn	:	Surviving			Died	
Mother	Women	Total	Female	Male	Total	Female	Male	Total	Female	Male
Total	8 054	20 715	10 360	10 355	18 920	9 546	9 374	1 795	814	981
12-14	918	42	19	23	40	19	21	2	0	2
15 - 19	1 522	531	295	236	486	265	221	45	30	15
20 - 24	1 297	1 614	800	814	1 533	768	765	81	32	49
25 - 29	1 036	2 409	1 189	1 220	2 265	1 122	1 143	144	67	77
30 - 34	934	3 149	1 559	1 590	2 917	1 464	1 453	232	95	137
35 - 39	637	2 748	1 372	1 376	2 566	1 294	1 272	182	78	104
40 - 44	474	2 742	1 330	1 412	2 480	1 217	1 263	262	113	149
45 - 49	418	2 475	1 247	1 228	2 257	1 139	1 118	218	108	110
50 - 54	334	2 197	1 101	1 096	1 973	1 000	973	224	101	123
55 - 59	248	1 482	732	750	1 295	641	654	187	91	96
60 - 64	236	1 326	716	610	1 108	617	491	218	99	119

Table 4.8 Children ever born to females aged 12-64 years, Outjo

Age of	Number of	Chile	dren ever bo	rn		Surviving			Died	
Mother	Women	Total	Female	Male	Total	Female	Male	Total	Female	Male
Total	3 919	9 330	4 641	4 689	8 360	4 164	4 196	970	477	493
12-14	317	11	5	6	10	4	6	1	1	0
15 - 19	583	168	73	95	157	67	90	11	6	5
20 - 24	528	600	280	320	560	261	299	40	19	21
25 - 29	517	1 007	531	476	962	511	451	45	20	25
30 - 34	452	1 291	601	690	1 185	547	638	106	54	52
35 - 39	379	1 345	663	682	1 230	613	617	115	50	65
40 - 44	336	1 247	628	619	1 138	568	570	109	60	49
45 - 49	269	1 109	559	550	996	511	485	113	48	65
50 - 54	248	1 077	546	531	953	487	466	124	59	65
55 - 59	154	706	368	338	565	284	281	141	84	57
60 - 64	136	769	387	382	604	311	293	165	76	89

Table 4.9 Children ever born to females aged 12-64 years, Sesfontein

Age of	Number of	Chile	dren ever bo	rn		Surviving			Died	
Mother	Women	Total	Female	Male	Total	Female	Male	Total	Female	Male
Total	2 327	6 346	3 145	3 201	5 614	2 797	2 817	732	348	384
12-14	279	7	4	3	5	4	1	2	0	2
15 - 19	358	100	47	53	97	46	51	3	1	2
20 - 24	328	385	196	189	361	185	176	24	11	13
25 - 29	267	578	274	304	542	252	290	36	22	14
30 - 34	254	788	405	383	712	374	338	76	31	45
35 - 39	200	811	391	420	746	368	378	65	23	42
40 - 44	174	854	414	440	776	369	407	78	45	33
45 - 49	152	783	399	384	691	350	341	92	49	43
50 - 54	148	910	446	464	785	397	388	125	49	76
55 - 59	83	589	286	303	479	232	247	110	54	56
60 - 64	84	541	283	258	420	220	200	121	63	58

Table 4.10 Births in the last 12 months by females aged 12-49 years, Kunene

Age of	Number		Births			Surviving			Died	
Mother	of women	Total	Female	Male	Total	Female	Male	Total	Female	Male
Total	21 804	2 885	1 518	1 367	2 816	1 481	1 335	69	37	32
12-14	2 662	32	14	18	32	14	18	0	0	0
15 - 19	4 166	478	258	220	466	250	216	12	8	4
20 - 24	3 694	739	372	367	719	365	354	20	7	13
25 - 29	3 118	568	306	262	559	301	258	9	5	4
30 - 34	2 734	477	232	245	472	230	242	5	2	3
35 - 39	2 186	346	192	154	334	188	146	12	4	8
40 - 44	1 776	184	109	75	173	98	75	11	11	0
45 - 49	1 468	61	35	26	61	35	26	0	0	0

Table 4.11 Births in the last 12 months by females aged 12-49 years, Urban

Age of	Number		Births			Surviving			Died	
Mother	of women	Total	Female	Male	Total	Female	Male	Total	Female	Male
Total	21 804	2 885	1 518	1 367	2 816	1 481	1 335	69	37	32
12-14	2 662	32	14	18	32	14	18	0	0	0
15 - 19	4 166	478	258	220	466	250	216	12	8	4
20 - 24	3 694	739	372	367	719	365	354	20	7	13
25 - 29	3 118	568	306	262	559	301	258	9	5	4
30 - 34	2 734	477	232	245	472	230	242	5	2	3
35 - 39	2 186	346	192	154	334	188	146	12	4	8
40 - 44	1 776	184	109	75	173	98	75	11	11	0
45 - 49	1 468	61	35	26	61	35	26	0	0	0

Table 4.12 Births in the last 12 months by females aged 12-49 years, Rural

Age of	Number		Births			Surviving			Died	
Mother	of women	Total	Female	Male	Total	Female	Male	Total	Female	Male
Total	21 804	2 885	1 518	1 367	2 816	1 481	1 335	69	37	32
12-14	2 662	32	14	18	32	14	18	0	0	0
15 - 19	4 166	478	258	220	466	250	216	12	8	4
20 - 24	3 694	739	372	367	719	365	354	20	7	13
25 - 29	3 118	568	306	262	559	301	258	9	5	4
30 - 34	2 734	477	232	245	472	230	242	5	2	3
35 - 39	2 186	346	192	154	334	188	146	12	4	8
40 - 44	1 776	184	109	75	173	98	75	11	11	0
45 - 49	1 468	61	35	26	61	35	26	0	0	0

Table 4.13 Births in the last 12 months by females aged 12-49 years, Epupa

Age of	Number		Births			Surviving			Died	
Mother	of women	Total	Female	Male	Total	Female	Male	Total	Female	Male
Total	4 074	717	378	339	705	372	333	12	6	6
12-14	601	9	4	5	9	4	5	0	0	0
15 - 19	875	115	60	55	114	59	55	1	1	0
20 - 24	693	169	86	83	166	85	81	3	1	2
25 - 29	584	153	83	70	150	82	68	3	1	2
30 - 34	456	105	55	50	105	55	50	0	0	0
35 - 39	385	101	56	45	99	56	43	2	0	2
40 - 44	276	45	24	21	42	21	21	3	3	0
45 - 49	204	20	10	10	20	10	10	0	0	0

Table 4.14 Births in the last 12 months by females aged 12-49 years, Kamanjab

Age of	Number		Births			Surviving			Died	
Mother	of women	Total	Female	Male	Total	Female	Male	Total	Female	Male
Total	1 993	268	138	130	262	133	129	6	5	1
12-14	188	2	1	1	2	1	1	0	0	0
15 - 19	298	45	23	22	43	21	22	2	2	0
20 - 24	365	66	34	32	66	34	32	0	0	0
25 - 29	320	53	31	22	53	31	22	0	0	0
30 - 34	261	46	20	26	45	19	26	1	1	0
35 - 39	222	35	14	21	34	14	20	1	0	1
40 - 44	198	14	10	4	12	8	4	2	2	0
45 - 49	141	7	5	2	7	5	2	0	0	0

Table 4.15 Births in the last 12 months by females aged 12-49 years, Khorixas

Age of	Number		Births			Surviving			Died	
Mother	of women	Total	Female	Male	Total	Female	Male	Total	Female	Male
Total	3 108	327	163	164	314	156	158	13	7	6
12-14	359	4	1	3	4	1	3	0	0	0
15 - 19	530	47	25	22	45	24	21	2	1	1
20 - 24	483	100	46	54	93	44	49	7	2	5
25 - 29	394	50	28	22	50	28	22	0	0	0
30 - 34	377	56	25	31	55	24	31	1	1	0
35 - 39	363	51	25	26	50	24	26	1	1	0
40 - 44	318	18	12	6	16	10	6	2	2	0
45 - 49	284	1	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	0

Table 4.16 Births in the last 12 months by females aged 12-49 years, Opuwo

Age of	Number		Births			Surviving			Died	
Mother	of women	Total	Female	Male	Total	Female	Male	Total	Female	Male
Total	7 236	965	525	440	947	516	431	18	9	9
12-14	918	15	7	8	15	7	8	0	0	0
15 - 19	1 522	164	98	66	160	96	64	4	2	2
20 - 24	1 297	248	126	122	245	126	119	3	0	3
25 - 29	1 036	192	97	95	188	93	95	4	4	0
30 - 34	934	164	86	78	163	86	77	1	0	1
35 - 39	637	83	50	33	80	50	30	3	0	3
40 - 44	474	72	46	26	69	43	26	3	3	0
45 - 49	418	27	15	12	27	15	12	0	0	0

Table 4.17 Births in the last 12 months by females aged 12-49 years, Outjo

Age of	Number	Births				Surviving			Died		
Mother	of women	Total	Female	Male	Total	Female	Male	Total	Female	Male	
Total	3 381	382	193	189	372	188	184	10	5	5	
12-14	317	2	1	1	2	1	1	0	0	0	
15 - 19	583	69	35	34	66	33	33	3	2	1	
20 - 24	528	96	43	53	92	41	51	4	2	2	
25 - 29	517	85	50	35	84	50	34	1	0	1	
30 - 34	452	64	25	39	63	25	38	1	0	1	
35 - 39	379	46	30	16	45	29	16	1	1	0	
40 - 44	336	18	7	11	18	7	11	0	0	0	
45 - 49	269	2	2	0	2	2	0	0	0	0	

Table 4.18 Births in the last 12 months by females aged 12-49 years, Sesfontein

Age of	Number	Births				Surviving			Died		
Mother	of women	Total	Female	Male	Total	Female	Male	Total	Female	Male	
Total	2 012	226	121	105	216	116	100	10	5	5	
12-14	279	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
15 - 19	358	38	17	21	38	17	21	0	0	0	
20 - 24	328	60	37	23	57	35	22	3	2	1	
25 - 29	267	35	17	18	34	17	17	1	0	1	
30 - 34	254	42	21	21	41	21	20	1	0	1	
35 - 39	200	30	17	13	26	15	11	4	2	2	
40 - 44	174	17	10	7	16	9	7	1	1	0	
45 - 49	152	4	2	2	4	2	2	0	0	0	

Table 4.19 Deaths in the last 12 months by age group and sex, Kunene

age	group and s	ex, Kullelle	
Age group	Total	Female	Male
Total	1 097	540	557
Under 1	157	84	73
1 - 4	74	36	38
5 - 9	15	9	6
10 - 14	7	4	3
15 - 19	33	14	19
20 - 24	39	19	20
25 - 29	37	24	13
30 - 34	58	32	26
35 - 39	47	17	30
40 - 44	52	23	29
45 - 49	53	23	30
50 - 54	31	16	15
55 - 59	40	18	22
60 - 64	73	38	35
65 +	297	139	158
Don't know	84	44	40

Table 4.21 Deaths in the last 12 months by age group and sex. Rural

	age group and sex, Kurai										
Age group	Total	Female	Male								
Total	644	312	332								
Under 1	88	43	45								
1 - 4	38	17	21								
5 - 9	10	7	3								
10 - 14	5	3	2								
15 - 19	19	7	12								
20 - 24	19	9	10								
25 - 29	23	16	7								
30 - 34	23	13	10								
35 - 39	18	7	11								
40 - 44	26	12	14								
45 - 49	30	13	17								
50 - 54	18	7	11								
55 - 59	27	12	15								
60 - 64	44	27	17								
65 +	201	93	108								
Don't know	55	26	29								

Table 4.20 Deaths in the last 12 months by age group and sex, Urban

Age group	Total	Female	Male					
Total	453	228	225					
Under 1	69	41	28					
1 - 4	36	19	17					
5 - 9	5	2	3					
10 - 14	2	1	1					
15 - 19	14	7	7					
20 - 24	20	10	10					
25 - 29	14	8	6					
30 - 34	35	19	16					
35 - 39	29	10	19					
40 - 44	26	11	15					
45 - 49	23	10	13					
50 - 54	13	9	4					
55 - 59	13	6	7					
60 - 64	29	11	18					
65 +	96	46	50					
Don't know	29	18	11					

Table 5.1 Population aged 3 years and above who have access to ICT services by type and area

							Newspaper	Internet	
					Cell	Telephone	(Daily &	(Daily &	Don't
Area	Population	Radio	TV	Computer	Phone	(Fixed)	Weekly)	Weekly)	know
Kunene	76 638	37 165	18 021	3 081	28 356	2 351	6 433	2 654	572
							0	0	
Urban	20 640	14 130	11 905	2 003	12 167	1 347	4 727	1 695	150
Rural	55 998	23 035	6 116	1 078	16 189	1 004	1706	959	422
							0	0	
Epupa	13 761	3 227	350	86	2 018	90	171	126	111
Kamanjab	7 268	4 179	1 709	355	3 954	277	425	287	47
Khorixas	10 869	7 269	5 747	755	5 751	591	1 736	490	78
Opuwo	22 666	12 718	3 749	857	7 615	576	1 708	799	195
Outjo	10 839	7 096	5 461	842	6 496	681	2 152	800	114
Sesfontein	7 094	2 676	1 005	186	2 522	136	241	152	27

Table 5.2 Children aged 0-4 years attending Early Childhood Development Programmes (ECD) by sex and area

		Population			Female		Male		
Area & — age	Total	Attending	Not attending	Total	Attending	Not attending	Total	Attending	Not attending
Kunene									
Total	14 301	1 051	13 250	7 166	531	6 635	7 135	520	6 615
0	2 942	132	2 810	1 533	65	1 468	1 409	67	1 342
1	2 702	93	2 609	1 322	44	1 278	1 380	49	1 331
2	2 861	154	2 707	1 422	80	1 342	1 439	74	1 365
3	2 837	257	2 580	1 407	121	1 286	1 430	136	1 294
4	2 959	415	2 544	1 482	221	1 261	1 477	194	1 283
Urban									
Total	2 916	391	2 525	1 455	198	1 257	1 461	193	1 268
0	736	33	703	377	18	359	359	15	344
1	579	32	547	288	15	273	291	17	274
2	530	52	478	266	27	239	264	25	239
3	554	98	456	261	44	217	293	54	239
4	517	176	341	263	94	169	254	82	172
Rural									
Total	11 385	660	10 725	5 711	333	5 378	5 674	327	5 347
0	2 206	99	2 107	1 156	47	1 109	1 050	52	998
1	2 123	61	2 062	1 034	29	1 005	1 089	32	1 057
2	2 331	102	2 229	1 156	53	1 103	1 175	49	1 126
3	2 283	159	2 124	1 146	77	1 069	1 137	82	1 055
4	2 442	239	2 203	1 219	127	1 092	1 223	112	1 111
Epupa									
Total	3 930	274	3 656	1 999	137	1 862	1 931	137	1 794
0	783	52	731	394	30	364	389	22	367
1	679	23	656	325	12	313	354	11	343
2	793	43	750	414	21	393	379	22	357
3	800	62	738	410	28	382	390	34	356
4	875	94	781	456	46	410	419	48	371
Kamanjab									
Total	1 161	70	1 091	566	37	529	595	33	562
0	248	5	243	127	2	125	121	3	118
1	224	8	216	108	3	105	116	5	111
2	245	10	235	119	5	114	126	5	121
3	216	18	198	103	11	92	113	7	106
4	228	29	199	109	16	93	119	13	106
Khorixas									
Total	1 687	225	1 462	849	106	743	838	119	719
0	344	28	316	170	11	159	174	17	157
1	337	25	312	166	11	155	171	14	157
2	351	38	313	180	18	162	171	20	151
3	340	52	288	164	23	141	176	29	147
4	315	82	233	169	43	126	146	39	107
Opuwo									
Total	4 587	210	4 377	2 336	115	2 221	2 251	95	2 156
0	954	25	929	526	16	510	428	9	419
1	909	25	884	454	11	443	455	14	441
2	900	32	868	439	18	421	461	14	447
3	893	41	852	461	20	441	432	21	411
4	931	87	844	456	50	406	475	37	438

Table 5.2 Children aged 0-4 years attending Early Childhood Development Programmes (ECD) by sex and area

٨٣٥٥		Population			Female			Male	
Area & age	Total	Attending	Not attending	Total	Attending	Not attending	Total	Attending	Not attending
Outjo									
Total	1 598	169	1 429	777	78	699	821	91	730
0	354	12	342	181	3	178	173	9	164
1	316	7	309	155	4	151	161	3	158
2	307	16	291	142	8	134	165	8	157
3	320	55	265	147	24	123	173	31	142
4	301	79	222	152	39	113	149	40	109
Sesfonte	ein								
Total	1 338	103	1 235	639	58	581	699	45	654
0	259	10	249	135	3	132	124	7	117
1	237	5	232	114	3	111	123	2	121
2	265	15	250	128	10	118	137	5	132
3	268	29	239	122	15	107	146	14	132
4	309	44	265	140	27	113	169	17	152

Table 5.3 Population aged 0 - 4 years attending ECD by type, sex and area									
Type of ECD	Total	Female	Male						
Kunene									
Total	14 301	7 166	7 135						
Edu-care	551	268	283						
Pre-primary	500	263	237						
No	13 009	6 508	6 501						
Don't Know	241	127	114						
Urban									
Total	2 916	1 455	1 461						
Edu-care	190	91	99						
Pre-primary	201	107	94						
No	2 471	1 224	1 247						
Don't Know	54	33	21						
Rural									
Total	11 385	5 711	5 674						
Edu-care	361	177	184						
Pre-primary	299	156	143						
No	10 538	5 284	5 254						
Don't Know	187	94	93						
Ерира									
Total	3 930	1 999	1 931						
Edu-care	149	68	81						
Pre-primary	125	69	56						
No	3 551	1 802	1 749						
Don't Know	105	60	45						
Kamanjab									
Total	1 161	566	595						
Edu-care	44	24	20						
Pre-primary	26	13	13						
No	1 067	520	547						
Don't Know	24	9	15						
Khorixs									
Total	1 687	849	838						
Edu-care	138	61	77						
Pre-primary	87	45	42						
No	1 424	721	703						
Don't Know	38	22	16						
Opuwo									
Total	4 587	2 336	2 251						
Edu-care	62	35	27						
Pre-primary	148	80	68						
No	4 310	2 187	2 123						
Don't Know	67	34	33						

Table 5.3 Population aged 0 - 4 years attending ECD by type and sex cont...

Type of ECD	Total	Female	Male
Outjo			
Total	1 598	777	821
Edu-care	85	37	48
Pre-primary	84	41	43
No	1 427	698	729
Don't Know	2	1	1
Sesfontein			
Total	1 338	639	699
Edu-care	73	43	30
Pre-primary	30	15	15
No	1 230	580	650
Don't Know	5	1	4

Table 5.4 Literacy status for population aged 5 years and above by sex and area

Area		Population			Illiterate			Literate	
	Total	Female	Male	Total	Female	Male	Total	Female	Male
Kunene	70 842	35 349	35 493	28 763	14 649	14 114	42 079	20 700	21 379
Urban	19 569	10 521	9 048	3 534	1 926	1 608	16 035	8 595	7 440
Rural	51 273	24 828	26 445	25 229	12 723	12 506	26 044	12 105	13 939
Epupa	13 654	7 272	6 382	9 909	5 443	4 466	3 745	1 829	1 916
Kamanjab	6 774	3 031	3 743	2 032	914	1 118	4 742	2 117	2 625
Khorixas	10 600	5 190	5 410	2 227	1 032	1 195	8 373	4 158	4 215
Opuwo	22 330	11 448	10 882	9 729	4 956	4 773	12 601	6 492	6 109
Outjo	10 524	5 070	5 454	2 622	1 221	1 401	7 902	3 849	4 053
Sesfontein	6 960	3 338	3 622	2 244	1 083	1 161	4 716	2 255	2 461

Table 5.5 Literacy rate for population aged 15 years and above by age group and sex, Kunene

		Total			Female			Male	
Age group	Total	Literate	Literacy rate	Total	Literate	Literacy rate	Total	Literate	Literacy rate
Total	49 117	31 881	64.9	24 515	15 451	63.0	24 602	16 430	66.8
15 - 19	8 583	6 121	71.3	4 166	3 050	73.2	4 417	3 071	69.5
20 - 24	7 411	5 360	72.3	3 694	2 697	73.0	3 717	2 663	71.6
25 - 29	6 258	4 497	71.9	3 118	2 198	70.5	3 140	2 299	73.2
30 - 34	5 474	3 892	71.1	2 734	1 897	69.4	2 740	1 995	72.8
35 - 39	4 638	3 274	70.6	2 186	1 485	67.9	2 452	1 789	73.0
40 - 44	3 555	2 452	69.0	1 776	1 193	67.2	1 779	1 259	70.8
45 - 49	2 945	1 928	65.5	1 468	929	63.3	1 477	999	67.6
50 - 54	2 489	1 432	57.5	1 322	719	54.4	1 167	713	61.1
55 - 59	1 962	1 015	51.7	992	460	46.4	970	555	57.2
60 - 64	1 759	773	43.9	878	337	38.4	881	436	49.5
65 - 69	1 320	449	34.0	730	193	26.4	590	256	43.4
70 - 74	911	285	31.3	466	120	25.8	445	165	37.1
75 - 79	664	176	26.5	333	69	20.7	331	107	32.3
80 - 84	498	112	22.5	302	49	16.2	196	63	32.1
85 - 89	276	59	21.4	141	29	20.6	135	30	22.2
90 - 94	215	35	16.3	108	15	13.9	107	20	18.7
95+	159	21	13.2	101	11	10.9	58	10	17.2

Table 5.6 Literacy rate for population aged 15 years and above by age group and sex, Urban

	•	Total		-	Female			Male	
Age group	Total	Literate	Literacy rate	Total	Literate	Literacy rate	Total	Literate	Literacy rate
Total	15 001	12 774	85.2	8 155	6 852	84.0	6 846	5 922	86.5
15 - 19	2 292	2 132	93.0	1 263	1 173	92.9	1 029	959	93.2
20 - 24	2 356	2 160	91.7	1 271	1 169	92.0	1 085	991	91.3
25 - 29	2 008	1814	90.3	1 094	979	89.5	914	835	91.4
30 - 34	1 813	1 608	88.7	987	869	88.0	826	739	89.5
35 - 39	1 526	1 329	87.1	800	694	86.8	726	635	87.5
40 - 44	1 210	1 044	86.3	640	546	85.3	570	498	87.4
45 - 49	1 016	868	85.4	556	464	83.5	460	404	87.8
50 - 54	849	679	80.0	473	363	76.7	376	316	84.0
55 - 59	614	443	72.1	333	236	70.9	281	207	73.7
60 - 64	466	289	62.0	253	145	57.3	213	144	67.6
65 - 69	313	167	53.4	177	88	49.7	136	79	58.1
70 - 74	224	107	47.8	122	54	44.3	102	53	52.0
75 - 79	127	59	46.5	65	29	44.6	62	30	48.4
80 - 84	84	36	42.9	57	21	36.8	27	15	55.6
85 - 89	56	27	48.2	38	20	52.6	18	7	38.9
90 - 94	29	10	34.5	13	1	7.7	16	9	56.3
95+	18	2	11.1	13	1	7.7	5	1	20.0

Table 5.7 Literacy rate for population aged 15 years and above by age group and sex, Rural

		Total			Female			Male	
Age group	Total	Literate	Literacy rate	Total	Literate	Literacy rate	Total	Literate	Literacy rate
Total	34 116	19 107	56.0	16 360	8 599	52.6	17 756	10 508	59.2
15 - 19	6 291	3 989	63.4	2 903	1 877	64.7	3 388	2 112	62.3
20 - 24	5 055	3 200	63.3	2 423	1 528	63.1	2 632	1 672	63.5
25 - 29	4 250	2 683	63.1	2 024	1 219	60.2	2 226	1 464	65.8
30 - 34	3 661	2 284	62.4	1 747	1 028	58.8	1 914	1 256	65.6
35 - 39	3 112	1 945	62.5	1 386	791	57.1	1 726	1 154	66.9
40 - 44	2 345	1 408	60.0	1 136	647	57.0	1 209	761	62.9
45 - 49	1 929	1 060	55.0	912	465	51.0	1 017	595	58.5
50 - 54	1 640	753	45.9	849	356	41.9	791	397	50.2
55 - 59	1 348	572	42.4	659	224	34.0	689	348	50.5
60 - 64	1 293	484	37.4	625	192	30.7	668	292	43.7
65 - 69	1 007	282	28.0	553	105	19.0	454	177	39.0
70 - 74	687	178	25.9	344	66	19.2	343	112	32.7
75 - 79	537	117	21.8	268	40	14.9	269	77	28.6
80 - 84	414	76	18.4	245	28	11.4	169	48	28.4
85 - 89	220	32	14.5	103	9	8.7	117	23	19.7
90 - 94	186	25	13.4	95	14	14.7	91	11	12.1
95+	141	19	13.5	88	10	11.4	53	9	17.0

Table 5.8 Literacy rate for population aged 15 years and above by age group and sex, Epupa

-		Total			Female		Male		
Age group	Total	Literate	Literacy rate	Total	Literate	Literacy rate	Total	Literate	Literacy rate
Total	8 242	2 425	29.4	4 502	1 150	25.5	3 740	1 275	34.1
15 - 19	1 701	683	40.2	875	335	38.3	826	348	42.1
20 - 24	1 258	446	35.5	693	218	31.5	565	228	40.4
25 - 29	1 024	349	34.1	584	167	28.6	440	182	41.4
30 - 34	784	242	30.9	456	125	27.4	328	117	35.7
35 - 39	706	186	26.3	385	80	20.8	321	106	33.0
40 - 44	497	135	27.2	276	64	23.2	221	71	32.1
45 - 49	399	119	29.8	204	50	24.5	195	69	35.4
50 - 54	335	68	20.3	183	32	17.5	152	36	23.7
55 - 59	292	54	18.5	161	21	13.0	131	33	25.2
60 - 64	299	57	19.1	165	29	17.6	134	28	20.9
65 - 69	328	27	8.2	192	9	4.7	136	18	13.2
70 - 74	185	24	13.0	104	7	6.7	81	17	21.0
75 - 79	143	15	10.5	70	7	10.0	73	8	11.0
80 - 84	124	8	6.5	69	2	2.9	55	6	10.9
85 - 89	61	5	8.2	28	1	3.6	33	4	12.1
90 - 94	40	2	5.0	18	1	5.6	22	1	4.5
95+	66	5	7.6	39	2	5.1	27	3	11.1

Table 5.9 Literacy rate for population aged 15 years and above by age group and sex, Kamanjab

Λαο		Total			Female			Male	
Age group	Total	Literate	Literacy rate	Total	Literate	Literacy rate	Total	Literate	Literacy rate
Total	5 194	3 918	75.4	2 257	1 726	76.5	2 937	2 192	74.6
15 - 19	603	500	82.9	298	256	85.9	305	244	80.0
20 - 24	745	632	84.8	365	309	84.7	380	323	85.0
25 - 29	750	610	81.3	320	267	83.4	430	343	79.8
30 - 34	680	554	81.5	261	224	85.8	419	330	78.8
35 - 39	604	466	77.2	222	174	78.4	382	292	76.4
40 - 44	469	344	73.3	198	150	75.8	271	194	71.6
45 - 49	346	240	69.4	141	97	68.8	205	143	69.8
50 - 54	297	172	57.9	138	89	64.5	159	83	52.2
55 - 59	230	145	63.0	98	61	62.2	132	84	63.6
60 - 64	184	112	60.9	84	47	56.0	100	65	65.0
65 - 69	117	68	58.1	53	20	37.7	64	48	75.0
70 - 74	67	36	53.7	27	15	55.6	40	21	52.5
75 - 79	49	18	36.7	24	9	37.5	25	9	36.0
80 - 84	21	9	42.9	11	3	27.3	10	6	60.0
85 - 89	11	4	36.4	6	1	16.7	5	3	60.0
90 - 94	13	6	46.2	8	4	50.0	5	2	40.0
95+	8	2	25.0	3	0	0.0	5	2	40.0

Table 5.10 Literacy rate for population aged 15 years and above by age group and sex, Khorixas

A.g.o.		Total			Female		Male		
Age group	Total	Literate	Literacy rate	Total	Literate	Literacy rate	Total	Literate	Literacy rate
Total	7 752	6 499	83.8	3 833	3 241	84.6	3 919	3 258	83.1
15 - 19	1 165	1 089	93.5	530	506	95.5	635	583	91.8
20 - 24	1 019	932	91.5	483	458	94.8	536	474	88.4
25 - 29	818	751	91.8	394	377	95.7	424	374	88.2
30 - 34	793	714	90.0	377	357	94.7	416	357	85.8
35 - 39	760	694	91.3	363	341	93.9	397	353	88.9
40 - 44	640	571	89.2	318	294	92.5	322	277	86.0
45 - 49	566	480	84.8	284	248	87.3	282	232	82.3
50 - 54	505	408	80.8	271	218	80.4	234	190	81.2
55 - 59	457	343	75.1	248	181	73.0	209	162	77.5
60 - 64	341	225	66.0	173	111	64.2	168	114	67.9
65 - 69	246	125	50.8	141	64	45.4	105	61	58.1
70 - 74	183	73	39.9	101	40	39.6	82	33	40.2
75 - 79	114	46	40.4	60	20	33.3	54	26	48.1
80 - 84	68	23	33.8	42	13	31.0	26	10	38.5
85 - 89	39	14	35.9	25	9	36.0	14	5	35.7
90 - 94	23	7	30.4	10	2	20.0	13	5	38.5
95+	15	4	26.7	13	2	15.4	2	2	100.0

Table 5.11 Literacy rate for population aged 15 years and above by age group and sex, Opuwo

٨٥٥		Total			Female			Male	
Age group	Total	Literate	Literacy rate	Total	Literate	Literacy rate	Total	Literate	Literacy rate
Total	15 115	9 294	61.5	7 816	4 686	60.0	7 299	4 608	63.1
15 - 19	3 097	2 133	68.9	1 522	1 120	73.6	1 575	1 013	64.3
20 - 24	2 525	1 771	70.1	1 297	948	73.1	1 228	823	67.0
25 - 29	2 015	1 421	70.5	1 036	717	69.2	979	704	71.9
30 - 34	1 711	1 178	68.8	934	619	66.3	777	559	71.9
35 - 39	1 289	909	70.5	637	427	67.0	652	482	73.9
40 - 44	897	562	62.7	474	280	59.1	423	282	66.7
45 - 49	767	443	57.8	418	228	54.5	349	215	61.6
50 - 54	608	285	46.9	334	128	38.3	274	157	57.3
55 - 59	468	178	38.0	248	70	28.2	220	108	49.1
60 - 64	484	150	31.0	236	54	22.9	248	96	38.7
65 - 69	345	93	27.0	197	38	19.3	148	55	37.2
70 - 74	265	59	22.3	126	14	11.1	139	45	32.4
75 - 79	201	39	19.4	98	8	8.2	103	31	30.1
80 - 84	184	40	21.7	121	18	14.9	63	22	34.9
85 - 89	110	18	16.4	48	9	18.8	62	9	14.5
90 - 94	96	8	8.3	54	3	5.6	42	5	11.9
95+	53	7	13.2	36	5	13.9	17	2	11.8

Table 5.12 Literacy rate for population aged 15 years and above by age group and sex, Outjo

۸۵۵		Total			Female		Male		
Age group	Total	Literate	Literacy rate	Total	Literate	Literacy rate	Total	Literate	Literacy rate
Total	8 063	6 306	78.2	3 844	3 032	78.9	4 219	3 274	77.6
15 - 19	1 156	1 019	88.1	583	523	89.7	573	496	86.6
20 - 24	1 196	1 033	86.4	528	474	89.8	668	559	83.7
25 - 29	1 072	903	84.2	517	442	85.5	555	461	83.1
30 - 34	988	787	79.7	452	369	81.6	536	418	78.0
35 - 39	849	670	78.9	379	299	78.9	470	371	78.9
40 - 44	701	556	79.3	336	265	78.9	365	291	79.7
45 - 49	556	417	75.0	269	200	74.3	287	217	75.6
50 - 54	469	328	69.9	248	175	70.6	221	153	69.2
55 - 59	344	207	60.2	154	101	65.6	190	106	55.8
60 - 64	270	160	59.3	136	75	55.1	134	85	63.4
65 - 69	160	93	58.1	79	43	54.4	81	50	61.7
70 - 74	124	63	50.8	63	31	49.2	61	32	52.5
75 - 79	82	36	43.9	49	20	40.8	33	16	48.5
80 - 84	43	16	37.2	23	6	26.1	20	10	50.0
85 - 89	27	13	48.1	17	8	47.1	10	5	50.0
90 - 94	18	5	27.8	7	1	14.3	11	4	36.4
95+	8	0	0.0	4	0	0.0	4	0	0.0

Table 5.13 Literacy rate for population aged 15 years and above by age group and sex, Sesfontein

۸۵۵		Total			Female		Male		
Age group	Total	Literate	Literacy rate	Total	Literate	Literacy rate	Total	Literate	Literacy rate
Total	4 751	3 439	72.4	2 263	1 616	71.4	2 488	1 823	73.3
15 - 19	861	697	81.0	358	310	86.6	503	387	76.9
20 - 24	668	546	81.7	328	290	88.4	340	256	75.3
25 - 29	579	463	80.0	267	228	85.4	312	235	75.3
30 - 34	518	417	80.5	254	203	79.9	264	214	81.1
35 - 39	430	349	81.2	200	164	82.0	230	185	80.4
40 - 44	351	284	80.9	174	140	80.5	177	144	81.4
45 - 49	311	229	73.6	152	106	69.7	159	123	77.4
50 - 54	275	171	62.2	148	77	52.0	127	94	74.0
55 - 59	171	88	51.5	83	26	31.3	88	62	70.5
60 - 64	181	69	38.1	84	21	25.0	97	48	49.5
65 - 69	124	43	34.7	68	19	27.9	56	24	42.9
70 - 74	87	30	34.5	45	13	28.9	42	17	40.5
75 - 79	75	22	29.3	32	5	15.6	43	17	39.5
80 - 84	58	16	27.6	36	7	19.4	22	9	40.9
85 - 89	28	5	17.9	17	1	5.9	11	4	36.4
90 - 94	25	7	28.0	11	4	36.4	14	3	21.4
95+	9	3	33.3	6	2	33.3	3	1	33.3

Table 5.14 School enrolment for population aged 5-24 years by age and sex, Kunene

	Total				Female			Male		
۸	Tatal	At	Enrolled	Total	At	Enrolled	Total	At	Enrolled	
Age	Total	school	rate	Total	school	rate	Total	school	rate	
Total	37 719	18 694	19 025	14 818	7 546	7 272	39.3	40.4	38.2	
5	2 727	1 315	1 412	507	252	255	18.6	19.2	18.1	
6	2 506	1 274	1 232	885	474	411	35.3	37.2	33.4	
7	2 126	1 077	1 049	1 121	558	563	52.7	51.8	53.7	
8	2 293	1 145	1 148	1 330	684	646	58.0	59.7	56.3	
9	2 198	1 068	1 130	1 364	684	680	62.1	64.0	60.2	
10	2 125	1 132	993	1 249	673	576	58.8	59.5	58.0	
11	2 348	1 161	1 187	1 363	674	689	58.0	58.1	58.0	
12	1 833	887	946	1 126	574	552	61.4	64.7	58.4	
13	1 879	945	934	1 093	586	507	58.2	62.0	54.3	
14	1 690	830	860	951	475	476	56.3	57.2	55.3	
15	1 900	946	954	986	534	452	51.9	56.4	47.4	
16	1 702	833	869	851	439	412	50.0	52.7	47.4	
17	1 495	704	791	614	309	305	41.1	43.9	38.6	
18	1 793	880	913	542	271	271	30.2	30.8	29.7	
19	1 693	803	890	342	156	186	20.2	19.4	20.9	
20	1 710	850	860	202	88	114	11.8	10.4	13.3	
21	1 762	843	919	142	53	89	8.1	6.3	9.7	
22	1 382	727	655	77	37	40	5.6	5.1	6.1	
23	1 345	670	675	46	21	25	3.4	3.1	3.7	
24	1 212	604	608	27	4	23	2.2	0.7	3.8	

T able 5.15 School enrolment for population aged 5-24 years by age and sex, Urban

	Total				Female		Male			
^	Tatal	At	Enrolled	Tatal	At	Enrolled	Takal	At	Enrolled	
Age	Total	school	rate	Total	school	rate	Total	school	rate	
Total	9 216	4 900	4 316	5 052	2 662	2 390	54.8	54.3	55.4	
5	516	242	274	215	105	110	41.7	43.4	40.1	
6	518	263	255	367	192	175	70.8	73.0	68.6	
7	442	219	223	364	173	191	82.4	79.0	85.7	
8	452	234	218	405	213	192	89.6	91.0	88.1	
9	466	234	232	416	208	208	89.3	88.9	89.7	
10	443	246	197	387	212	175	87.4	86.2	88.8	
11	492	256	236	416	218	198	84.6	85.2	83.9	
12	414	230	184	356	195	161	86.0	84.8	87.5	
13	421	216	205	343	189	154	81.5	87.5	75.1	
14	404	226	178	325	177	148	80.4	78.3	83.1	
15	462	270	192	359	214	145	77.7	79.3	75.5	
16	410	229	181	287	155	132	70.0	67.7	72.9	
17	403	207	196	246	131	115	61.0	63.3	58.7	
18	501	274	227	225	121	104	44.9	44.2	45.8	
19	516	283	233	133	70	63	25.8	24.7	27.0	
20	522	279	243	88	38	50	16.9	13.6	20.6	
21	595	317	278	58	24	34	9.7	7.6	12.2	
22	415	222	193	33	14	19	8.0	6.3	9.8	
23	443	252	191	19	11	8	4.3	4.4	4.2	
24	381	201	180	10	2	8	2.6	1.0	4.4	

Table 5.16 School enrolment for population aged 5-24 years by age and sex, Rural

		Total			Female			Male	
Λσο.	Total	At	Enrolled	Total	At	Enrolled	Total	At	Enrolled
Age	TOtal	school	rate	TOtal	school	rate	TOtal	school	rate
Total	28 503	13 794	14 709	9 766	4 884	4 882	34.3	35.4	33.2
5	2 211	1 073	1 138	292	147	145	13.2	13.7	12.7
6	1 988	1 011	977	518	282	236	26.1	27.9	24.2
7	1 684	858	826	757	385	372	45.0	44.9	45.0
8	1 841	911	930	925	471	454	50.2	51.7	48.8
9	1 732	834	898	948	476	472	54.7	57.1	52.6
10	1 682	886	796	862	461	401	51.2	52.0	50.4
11	1 856	905	951	947	456	491	51.0	50.4	51.6
12	1 419	657	762	770	379	391	54.3	57.7	51.3
13	1 458	729	729	750	397	353	51.4	54.5	48.4
14	1 286	604	682	626	298	328	48.7	49.3	48.1
15	1 438	676	762	627	320	307	43.6	47.3	40.3
16	1 292	604	688	564	284	280	43.7	47.0	40.7
17	1 092	497	595	368	178	190	33.7	35.8	31.9
18	1 292	606	686	317	150	167	24.5	24.8	24.3
19	1 177	520	657	209	86	123	17.8	16.5	18.7
20	1 188	571	617	114	50	64	9.6	8.8	10.4
21	1 167	526	641	84	29	55	7.2	5.5	8.6
22	967	505	462	44	23	21	4.6	4.6	4.5
23	902	418	484	27	10	17	3.0	2.4	3.5
24	831	403	428	17	2	15	2.0	0.5	3.5

Table 5.17 School enrolment for population aged 5-24 years by age and sex, Epupa

	Total			Female			Male		
A ~ o	Total	At	Enrolled	Total	At	Enrolled	Total	At	Enrolled
Age	Total	school	rate	Total	school	rate	Total	school	rate
Total	8 371	4 338	4 033	1 540	764	776	18.4	17.6	19.2
5	686	340	346	52	26	26	7.6	7.6	7.5
6	709	378	331	63	42	21	8.9	11.1	6.3
7	553	290	263	115	62	53	20.8	21.4	20.2
8	575	295	280	139	76	63	24.2	25.8	22.5
9	545	271	274	175	87	88	32.1	32.1	32.1
10	559	302	257	130	72	58	23.3	23.8	22.6
11	578	293	285	151	65	86	26.1	22.2	30.2
12	438	199	239	113	53	60	25.8	26.6	25.1
13	426	231	195	111	62	49	26.1	26.8	25.1
14	343	171	172	94	40	54	27.4	23.4	31.4
15	394	206	188	92	50	42	23.4	24.3	22.3
16	347	184	163	74	40	34	21.3	21.7	20.9
17	272	138	134	53	23	30	19.5	16.7	22.4
18	378	197	181	57	28	29	15.1	14.2	16.0
19	310	150	160	48	15	33	15.5	10.0	20.6
20	312	157	155	23	7	16	7.4	4.5	10.3
21	295	159	136	22	6	16	7.5	3.8	11.8
22	239	144	95	10	4	6	4.2	2.8	6.3
23	212	114	98	10	5	5	4.7	4.4	5.1
24	200	119	81	8	1	7	4.0	0.8	8.6

Table 5.18 School enrolment for population aged 5-24 years by age and sex, Kamanjab

		Total			Female			Male	
۸	Takal	At	Enrolled	Tatal	At	Enrolled	Tatal	At	Enrolled
Age	Total	school	rate	Total	school	rate	Total	school	rate
Total	2 928	1 437	1 491	1 182	596	586	40.4	41.5	39.3
5	229	116	113	45	25	20	19.7	21.6	17.7
6	161	73	88	62	28	34	38.5	38.4	38.6
7	157	83	74	96	50	46	61.1	60.2	62.2
8	172	84	88	122	59	63	70.9	70.2	71.6
9	168	73	95	128	52	76	76.2	71.2	80.0
10	157	83	74	120	58	62	76.4	69.9	83.8
11	152	74	78	103	48	55	67.8	64.9	70.5
12	125	71	54	97	60	37	77.6	84.5	68.5
13	124	64	60	95	52	43	76.6	81.3	71.7
14	135	53	82	85	40	45	63.0	75.5	54.9
15	134	69	65	68	40	28	50.7	58.0	43.1
16	136	71	65	74	39	35	54.4	54.9	53.8
17	110	60	50	39	24	15	35.5	40.0	30.0
18	111	44	67	24	8	16	21.6	18.2	23.9
19	112	54	58	10	5	5	8.9	9.3	8.6
20	155	80	75	7	5	2	4.5	6.3	2.7
21	158	68	90	2	1	1	1.3	1.5	1.1
22	148	81	67	1	1	0	0.7	1.2	0.0
23	147	62	85	1	1	0	0.7	1.6	0.0
24	137	74	63	3	0	3	2.2	0.0	4.8

Table 5.19 School enrolment for population aged 5-24 years by age and sex, Khorixas

		Total			Female			Male	
Λαο	Total	At	Enrolled	Total	At	Enrolled	Total	At	Enrolled
Age	TOtal	school	rate	Total	school	rate	Total	school	rate
Total	5 032	2 370	2 662	2 910	1 419	1 491	57.8	59.9	56.0
5	349	160	189	119	56	63	34.1	35.0	33.3
6	320	150	170	210	99	111	65.6	66.0	65.3
7	283	130	153	245	113	132	86.6	86.9	86.3
8	318	156	162	287	148	139	90.3	94.9	85.8
9	257	118	139	230	109	121	89.5	92.4	87.1
10	272	143	129	248	133	115	91.2	93.0	89.1
11	301	141	160	259	122	137	86.0	86.5	85.6
12	256	130	126	227	118	109	88.7	90.8	86.5
13	242	101	141	207	94	113	85.5	93.1	80.1
14	250	128	122	205	107	98	82.0	83.6	80.3
15	234	120	114	191	107	84	81.6	89.2	73.7
16	213	90	123	159	66	93	74.6	73.3	75.6
17	207	74	133	110	52	58	53.1	70.3	43.6
18	252	132	120	109	58	51	43.3	43.9	42.5
19	259	114	145	44	16	28	17.0	14.0	19.3
20	250	110	140	32	11	21	12.8	10.0	15.0
21	236	120	116	14	5	9	5.9	4.2	7.8
22	179	80	99	7	3	4	3.9	3.8	4.0
23	196	106	90	5	2	3	2.6	1.9	3.3
24	158	67	91	2	0	2	1.3	0.0	2.2

Table 5.20 School enrolment for population aged 5-24 years by age and sex, Opuwo

		Total			Female			Male	
A ~ o	Total	At	Enrolled	Total	At	Enrolled	Total	At	Enrolled
Age	Total	school	rate	Total	school	rate	Total	school	rate
Total	12 837	6 451	6 386	4 913	2 625	2 288	38.3	40.7	35.8
5	906	431	475	130	64	66	14.3	14.8	13.9
6	788	386	402	259	138	121	32.9	35.8	30.1
7	685	373	312	323	174	149	47.2	46.6	47.8
8	740	371	369	378	202	176	51.1	54.4	47.7
9	763	376	387	434	237	197	56.9	63.0	50.9
10	667	357	310	387	218	169	58.0	61.1	54.5
11	834	420	414	462	248	214	55.4	59.0	51.7
12	593	293	300	357	186	171	60.2	63.5	57.0
13	672	346	326	377	218	159	56.1	63.0	48.8
14	567	279	288	297	152	145	52.4	54.5	50.3
15	698	340	358	364	196	168	52.1	57.6	46.9
16	613	306	307	312	181	131	50.9	59.2	42.7
17	540	253	287	248	127	121	45.9	50.2	42.2
18	612	309	303	193	107	86	31.5	34.6	28.4
19	634	314	320	156	80	76	24.6	25.5	23.8
20	581	309	272	85	42	43	14.6	13.6	15.8
21	585	290	295	71	22	49	12.1	7.6	16.6
22	485	253	232	44	22	22	9.1	8.7	9.5
23	433	234	199	24	8	16	5.5	3.4	8.0
24	441	211	230	12	3	9	2.7	1.4	3.9

Table 5.21 School enrolment for population aged (5-24 years) by sex, Outjo

		Total			Female			Male	
^~~	Total	At	Enrolled	Total	At	Enrolled	Total	At	Enrolled
Age	Total	school	rate	Total	school	rate	Total	school	rate
Total	4 813	2 337	2 476	2 440	1 242	1 198	50.7	53.1	48.4
5	299	141	158	113	56	57	37.8	39.7	36.1
6	306	166	140	187	102	85	61.1	61.4	60.7
7	234	101	133	193	85	108	82.5	84.2	81.2
8	247	130	117	209	108	101	84.6	83.1	86.3
9	240	112	128	208	98	110	86.7	87.5	85.9
10	252	133	119	199	99	100	79.0	74.4	84.0
11	243	126	117	198	101	97	81.5	80.2	82.9
12	236	116	120	184	95	89	78.0	81.9	74.2
13	202	100	102	151	81	70	74.8	81.0	68.6
14	202	101	101	147	74	73	72.8	73.3	72.3
15	238	125	113	161	89	72	67.6	71.2	63.7
16	214	114	100	135	74	61	63.1	64.9	61.0
17	217	114	103	112	63	49	51.6	55.3	47.6
18	247	120	127	106	53	53	42.9	44.2	41.7
19	240	110	130	59	27	32	24.6	24.5	24.6
20	261	128	133	41	17	24	15.7	13.3	18.0
21	309	121	188	21	12	9	6.8	9.9	4.8
22	215	95	120	12	5	7	5.6	5.3	5.8
23	237	105	132	4	3	1	1.7	2.9	0.8
24	174	79	95	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0

Table 5.22 School enrolment for population aged 5-24 years by age and sex, Sesfontein

	Total				Female			Male	
Age	Total	At school	Enrolled rate	Total	At school	Enrolled rate	Total	At school	Enrolled rate
	42.027			4 000			10.0		
Total	12 837	6 451	6 386	1 833	900	933	49.0	51.1	47.2
5	906	431	475	48	25	23	18.6	19.7	17.6
6	788	386	402	104	65	39	46.8	53.7	38.6
7	685	373	312	149	74	75	69.6	74.0	65.8
8	740	371	369	195	91	104	80.9	83.5	78.8
9	763	376	387	189	101	88	84.0	85.6	82.2
10	667	357	310	165	93	72	75.7	81.6	69.2
11	834	420	414	190	90	100	79.2	84.1	75.2
12	593	293	300	148	62	86	80.0	79.5	80.4
13	672	346	326	152	79	73	71.4	76.7	66.4
14	567	279	288	123	62	61	63.7	63.3	64.2
15	698	340	358	110	52	58	54.5	60.5	50.0
16	613	306	307	97	39	58	54.2	57.4	52.3
17	540	253	287	52	20	32	34.9	30.8	38.1
18	612	309	303	53	17	36	27.5	21.8	31.3
19	634	314	320	25	13	12	18.1	21.3	15.6
20	581	309	272	14	6	8	9.3	9.1	9.4
21	585	290	295	12	7	5	6.7	8.2	5.3
22	485	253	232	3	2	1	2.6	2.7	2.4
23	433	234	199	2	2	0	1.7	4.1	0.0
24	441	211	230	2	0	2	2.0	0.0	4.2

Table 5.23 Population aged 5 years and above by school attendance and sex, Kunene

School		Sex	
attendance	Total	Female	Male
Total	70 842	35 349	35 493
Never Attended	26 315	13 028	13 287
Pre-primary	1 055	529	526
Adult Education Programme	435	225	210
School	14 123	7 192	6 931
Left School	25 878	12 895	12 983
Don't Know	3 036	1 480	1 556

Table 5. 34 Population aged 5 years and above by school attendance and sex, Urban

School		Sex	
attendance	Total	Female	Male
Total	19 569	10 521	9 048
Never Attended	3 109	1 624	1 485
Pre-primary	457	222	235
Adult Education Programme	92	49	43
School	4 725	2 503	2 222
Left School	10 649	5 862	4 787
Don't Know	537	261	276

Table 5.25 Population aged 5 years and above by school attendance and sex, Rural

School		Sex	
attendance	Total	Female	Male
Total	51 273	24 828	26 445
Never Attended	23 206	11 404	11 802
Pre-primary	598	307	291
Adult Education Programme	343	176	167
School	9 398	4 689	4 709
Left School	15 229	7 033	8 196
Don't Know	2 499	1 219	1 280

Table 5.26 Population aged 5 years and above by school attendance and sex, Epupa

School		Sex	
attendance	Total	Female	Male
Total	13 654	7 272	6 382
Never Attended	9 318	5 044	4 274
Pre-primary	101	52	49
Adult Education	105	62	43
Programme	103	02	45
School	1 527	762	765
Left School	1 453	720	733
Don't Know	1 150	632	518

Table 5.27 Population aged 5 years and above by school attendance and sex, Kamanjab

School attendance —		Sex	
3chool attenuance	Total	Female	Male
Total	6 774	3 031	3 743
Never Attended	1 801	737	1 064
Pre-primary	81	41	40
Adult Education	14	4	10
Programme	14	4	10
School	1 123	564	559
Left School	3 562	1 594	1 968
Don't Know	193	91	102

Table 5.28 Population aged 5 years and above by school attendance and sex, Khorixas

School attendance —		Sex	
School attenuance —	Total	Female	Male
Total	10 600	5 190	5 410
Never Attended	1 593	676	917
Pre-primary	250	119	131
Adult Education Programme	48	28	20
School	2 716	1 320	1 396
Left School	5 689	2 916	2 773
Don't Know	304	131	173

Table 5.29 Population aged 5 years and above by school attendance and sex, Opuwo

School attendance -		Sex	
3chool attenuance —	Total	Female	Male
Total	22 330	11 448	10 882
Never Attended	9 575	4 777	4 798
Pre-primary	294	149	145
Adult Education	182	87	95
Programme School	4 733	2 526	2 207
Left School	6 730	3 514	3 216
Don't Know	816	395	421

Table 5.30 Population aged 5 years and above by school attendance and sex, Outjo

School attendance		Sex	
	Total	Female	Male
Total	10 524	5 070	5 454
Never Attended	2 282	9 94	1 288
Pre-primary	237	114	123
Adult Education	49	23	26
Programme	43	23	20
School	2 261	1 162	1 099
Left School	5 418	2 654	2 764
Don't Know	277	123	154

Table 5.31 Population aged 5 years and above by school attendance and by sex, Sesfontein

School attendance	Sex					
School attenuance	Total	Female	Male			
Total	6 960	3 338	3 622			
Never Attended	1 746	800	946			
Pre-primary	92	54	38			
Adult Education Programme	37	21	16			
School	1 763	858	905			
Left School	3 026	1 497	1 529			
Don't Know	296	108	188			

Table 5.32 Population with disability by type and area

Area	Population with disability	Blind- ness	Visual Impairment	Deafness	Hearing Difficulty	Mute/ Dumb	Speech Impairment	Physical Impairment - Upper Limbs	Physical Impairment - Lower Limbs	Mental Disability	Albinism	Autism	Other	Don't know
Kunene		12.0	13.7	6.9	8.7	6.3	5.8	12.4	23.2	18.6	0.9	0.9	5.4	0.3
Urban Rural	764 2 433	10.9 12.4	15.7 13.1	5.1 7.4	5.4 9.7	5.6 6.5	5.8 5.8	12.2 12.5	24.5 22.8	17.1 19.1	0.9 0.9	1.0 0.9	7.2 4.8	0.0 0.5
Epupa	644	13.2	9.9	9.3	9.8	8.4	5.7	14.6	22.7	19.9	0.8	0.8	1.6	0.5
Kamanjab Khorixas	209 597	8.1 9.7	10.5 23.3	8.6 4.2	10.0 10.1	7.7 3.2	6.2 6.0	7.2 12.7	20.6 24.5	20.1 16.8	1.0 0.7	0.5 1.3	9.6 3.4	1.4 0.0
Opuwo	1 012	13.8	11.9	6.7	8.1	5.9	5.2	12.5	22.7	19.8	0.9	0.5	7.9	0.2
Outjo	422	10.0	15.4	5.0	6.2	5.5	5.5	10.7	26.5	15.4	0.5	1.4	7.6	0.5
Sesfontein	313	13.7	8.9	8.6	8.0	9.6	7.0	12.8	20.8	19.2	2.2	1.6	3.5	0.3

Table 5.33 Population with disability by sex and area

Aron		Population		W	ith disability	
Area	Total	Female	Male	Total	Female	Male
Kunene	85 143	42 515	42 628	3 197	1 418	1 779
Urban	764	359	405	353	157	196
Rural	2 433	1 059	1 374	1 023	441	582
Epupa	17 584	9 271	8 313	644	281	363
Kamanjab	7 935	3 597	4 338	209	74	135
Khorixas	12 287	6 039	6 248	597	267	330
Opuwo	26 917	13 784	13 133	1 012	480	532
Outjo	12 122	5 847	6 275	422	182	240
Sesfontein	8 298	3 977	4 321	313	134	179

Table 5.34 Population aged 15 years and above by activity status and age group, Kunene

Ager group	Total	Employed	Unemployed	Student	Homemaker	Income Recipient	Retired Pensioner	Old Age Pensioner	Unable to Work (III & Disabled)	Other	Don't Know
	49										
Total	117	21 204	11 733	3 575	3 5 1 0	176	463	3 125	646	239	4 446
15 - 19	8 583	2 031	1 569	2 889	522	20	-	-	104	88	1 360
20 - 24	7 411	3 084	2 504	422	538	22	-	-	72	34	735
25 - 29	6 258	3 141	1 945	77	455	7	-	-	56	27	550
30 - 34	5 474	2 903	1 624	51	427	20	-	-	44	13	392
35 - 39	4 638	2 661	1 247	19	330	21	26	-	47	12	275
40 - 44	3 555	2 072	855	19	295	18	26	-	50	12	208
45 - 49	2 945	1 685	706	`	224	15	40	-	51	14	192
50 - 54	2 489	1 398	507	12	229	18	65	-	81	14	165
55 - 59	1 962	1 008	358	9	222	22	132		71	11	129
60 - 64	1 759	475	184	16	96	1	81	761	25	3	117
65+	4 043	746	234	43	172	12	93	2 364	45	11	323

Table 5.35 Female population aged 15 years and above activity status and age group, Kunene

Ager group	Total	Employed	Unemployed	Student	Homemaker	Income Recipient	Retired Pensioner	Old Age Pensioner	Unable to Work (III & Disabled)	Other	Don't Know
Total	24 515	8 756	6 547	1 798	2 519	98	212	1 792	304	100	2 389
15 - 19	4 166	819	814	1 487	299	11	-	-	42	36	658
20 - 24	3 694	1 262	1 425	178	380	10	-	-	31	15	393
25 - 29	3 118	1 315	1 078	33	334	2	-	-	28	13	315
30 - 34	2 734	1 210	913	32	314	13	-	-	20	3	229
35 - 39	2 186	1 064	683	6	245	10	12	-	24	3	139
40 - 44	1 776	872	488	11	242	14	11	-	20	9	109
45 - 49	1 468	691	413	10	181	8	21	-	25	8	111
50 - 54	1 322	617	316	7	182	12	40	-	45	6	97
55 - 59	992	425	206	7	165	10	63	-	37	4	75
60 - 64	878	175	92	7	76	1	31	419	11	0	66
65+	2 181	306	119	20	101	7	34	1 373	21	3	197

Table 5.36 Male population aged 15 years and above activity status and age group, Kunene

									Unable to Work		
						Income	Retired	Old Age	(III and		Don't
Age group	Total	Employed	Unemployed	Student	Homemaker	Recipient	Pensioner	Pensioner	Disabled)	Other	Know
Total	24 602	12 448	5 186	1 777	991	78	251	1 333	342	139	2 057
15 - 19	4 417	1 212	755	1 402	223	9	-	-	62	52	702
20 - 24	3 717	1 822	1 079	244	158	12	-	-	41	19	342
25 - 29	3 140	1 826	867	44	121	5	-	-	28	14	235
30 - 34	2 740	1 693	711	19	113	7	-	-	24	10	163
35 - 39	2 452	1 597	564	13	85	11	14	-	23	9	136
40 - 44	1 779	1 200	367	8	53	4	15	-	30	3	99
45 - 49	1 477	994	293	8	43	7	19	-	26	6	81
50 - 54	1 167	781	191	5	47	6	25	-	36	8	68
55 - 59	970	583	152	2	57	12	69	-	34	7	54
60 - 64	881	300	92	9	20	0	50	342	14	3	51
65+	1 862	440	115	23	71	5	59	991	24	8	126

Table 5.37 Labour force participate rate and unemployed rate for population aged 15 years and above by sex

		Total			Female	<u>}</u>		Male	
Age		Labour			Labour			Labour	
group	Total	Force	Unemployment	Total	Force	Unemployment	Total	Force	Unemployment
group	TOtal	Participati	rate	TOLAT	Participation	rate	TOtal	Participation	rate
		on rate			rate			rate	
Total	49 117	67.1	4.1	24 515	62.4	4.3	24 602	71.7	4.0
15 - 19	8 583	41.9	2.4	4 166	39.2	2.9	4 417	44.5	1.9
20 - 24	7 411	75.4	5.2	3 694	72.7	5.4	3 717	78.0	5.0
25 - 29	6 258	81.3	5.2	3 118	76.7	5.2	3 140	85.8	5.3
30 - 34	5 474	82.7	4.0	2 734	77.7	3.8	2 740	87.7	4.1
35 - 39	4 638	84.3	4.0	2 186	79.9	3.5	2 452	88.1	4.5
40 - 44	3 555	82.3	4.1	1 776	76.6	4.6	1 779	88.1	3.6
45 - 49	2 945	81.2	4.0	1 468	75.2	5.1	1 477	87.1	3.1
50 - 54	2 489	76.5	3.3	1 322	70.6	3.0	1 167	83.3	3.6
55 - 59	1 962	69.6	2.9	992	63.6	2.9	970	75.8	2.9
60 - 64	1 759	37.5	3.8	878	30.4	3.4	881	44.5	4.1
65+	4 043	24.2	4.0	2 181	19.5	4.9	1 862	29.8	3.2

Table 5.38 Population aged 15 years and above by activity status and sex, Kunene

Activity status	Total	Female	Male
Total	49 117	24 515	24 602
Economically Active (In Labour force)	32 937	15 303	17 634
Employed	21 204	8 756	12 448
Unemployed	11 733	6 547	5 186
Economically inactive (outside labour force)	11 734	6 823	4 911
Student	3 575	1 798	1 777
Homemaker	3 510	2 519	991
Income Recipient	176	98	78
Retired Pensioner	463	212	251
Old Age Pensioner	3 125	1 792	1 333
Unable to Work (III)	342	169	173
Unable to Work (Disabled)	304	135	169
Other	239	100	139
Don't Know	4 446	2 389	2 057

Table 5.39 Population aged 15 years and above by activity status and sex, Urban

Activity status	Total	Female	Male
Total	15 001	8 155	6 846
Economically Active (In Labour force)	10 845	5 751	5 094
Employed	5 413	2 519	2 894
Unemployed	5 432	3 232	2 200
Economically inactive (outside labour force)	2 968	1 731	1 237
Student	1 328	719	609
Homemaker	366	301	65
Income Recipient	37	23	14
Retired Pensioner	186	78	108
Old Age Pensioner	764	465	299
Unable to Work (III)	108	56	52
Unable to Work (Disabled)	109	56	53
Other	70	33	37
Don't Know	1 188	673	515

Table 5.40 Population aged 15 years and above by activity status and sex, Rural

Activity status	Total	Female	Male
Total	34 116	16 360	17 756
Economically Active (In Labour force)	22 092	9 552	12 540
Employed	15 791	6 237	9 554
Unemployed	6 301	3 315	2 986
Economically inactive (outside labour force)	8 766	5 092	3 674
Student	2 247	1 079	1 168
Homemaker	3 144	2 218	926
Income Recipient	139	75	64
Retired Pensioner	277	134	143
Old Age Pensioner	2 361	1 327	1 034
Unable to Work (III)	234	113	121
Unable to Work (Disabled)	195	79	116
Other	169	67	102
Don't Know	3 258	1 716	1 542

Table 5.41 Population aged 15 years and above by activity status and sex, Epupa

Activity status	Total	Female	Male
Total	8 242	4 502	3 740
Facus arrivally. Ashing /In Labour force)	4.004	2.540	2 454
Economically Active (In Labour force)	4 994	2 540	2 454
Employed	4 040	2 063	1 977
Unemployed	954	477	477
Economically inactive (outside labour force)	2 309	1 414	895
Student	409	189	220
Homemaker	1 149	798	351
Income Recipient	13	4	9
Retired Pensioner	45	28	17
Old Age Pensioner	541	325	216
Unable to Work (III)	56	30	26
Unable to Work (Disabled)	51	21	30
Other	45	19	26
Don't Know	939	548	391

Table 5.42 Population aged 15 years and above by activity status and sex, Kamanjab

Activity status	Total	Female	Male
Total	5 194	2 257	2 937
Economically Active (In Labour force)	4 032	1 532	2 500
Employed	3 074	893	2 181
Unemployed	958	639	319
Economically inactive (outside labour force)	817	522	295
Student	199	107	92
Homemaker	230	214	16
Income Recipient	53	39	14
Retired Pensioner	41	21	20
Old Age Pensioner	233	120	113
Unable to Work (III)	27	9	18
Unable to Work (Disabled)	21	7	14
Other	13	5	8
Don't Know	345	203	142

Table 5.43 Population aged 15 years and above by activity status and sex, Khorixas

Activity status	Total	Female	Male
Total	15 115	7 816	7 299
Economically Active (In Labour force)	9 479	4 649	4 830
Employed	5 629	2 623	3 006
Unemployed	3 850	2 026	1 824
Economically inactive (outside labour force)	4 140	2 365	1 775
Student	1 435	745	690
Homemaker	1 379	921	458
Income Recipient	35	16	19
Retired Pensioner	115	56	59
Old Age Pensioner	907	497	410
Unable to Work (III)	100	53	47
Unable to Work (Disabled)	80	37	43
Other	89	40	49
Don't Know	1 496	802	694

Table 5.44 Population aged 15 years and above by activity status and sex, Opuwo

Activity status	Total	Female	Male
Total	15 115	7 816	7 299
Economically Active (In Labour force)	9479 46	649	4830
Employed	5 629	2 623	3 006
Unemployed	3 850	2 026	1 824
Economically inactive (outside labour force)	4 140	2 365	1 775
Student	1 435	745	690
Homemaker	1 379	921	458
Income Recipient	35	16	19
Retired Pensioner	115	56	59
Old Age Pensioner	907	497	410
Unable to Work (III)	100	53	47
Unable to Work (Disabled)	80	37	43
Other	89	40	49
Don't Know	1 496	802	694

Table 5.45 Population aged 15 years and above by activity status and sex, Outjo

Activity status	Total	Female	Male
Total	8 063	3 844	4 219
Economically Active (In Labour force)	6 074	2 643	3 431
Employed	3 979	1 345	2 634
Unemployed	2 095	1 298	797
Economically inactive (outside labour force)	1 459	906	553
Student	611	327	284
Homemaker	285	265	20
Income Recipient	29	20	9
Retired Pensioner	65	26	39
Old Age Pensioner	358	219	139
Unable to Work (III)	43	18	25
Unable to Work (Disabled)	51	23	28
Other	17	8	9
Don't Know	530	295	235

Table 5.46 Population aged 15 years and above by activity status and sex, Sesfontein

Activity status	Total	Female	Male
Total	4 751	2 263	2 488
Face and in the Astrice (In Labour face)	2.040	1 412	1.625
Economically Active (In Labour force)	3 048	1 413	1 635
Employed	1 639	651	988
Unemployed	1 409	762	647
Economically inactive (outside labour force)	1 057	552	505
Student	281	127	154
Homemaker	207	132	75
Income Recipient	25	8	17
Retired Pensioner	61	24	37
Old Age Pensioner	375	209	166
Unable to Work (III)	26	15	11
Unable to Work (Disabled)	37	18	19
Other	45	19	26
Don't Know	646	298	348

Table 5.47 Main occupation of employed population aged 15 years and above by sex, Kunene

Main occupation	Total	Female	Male
Total	21 204	8 756	12 448
Armed force	55	8	47
Legislators senior officials and Managers	541	211	330
Professionals	1 040	557	483
Technician and associate professionals	455	236	219
Clerk	625	442	183
Service Workers	2 647	1 369	1 278
Skilled Agricultural and Fishery workers	9 870	4 084	5 786
Craft and Related trades workers	1 541	176	1 365
Plant and Machine operators and assemblers	443	24	419
Elementary occupations	3 968	1 637	2 331
Don't Know	19	12	7

Table 5.48 Main occupation of employed population aged 15 years and above by sex, Urban

Main occupation	Total	Female	Male
Total	5 413	2 519	2 894
Armed force	30	5	25
Legislators senior officials and Managers	281	107	174
Professionals	670	368	302
Technician and associate professionals	316	164	152
Clerk	455	318	137
Service Workers	1 266	632	634
Skilled Agricultural and Fishery workers	166	37	129
Craft and Related trades workers	719	92	627
Plant and Machine operators and assemblers	209	13	196
Elementary occupations	1 289	776	513
Don't Know	12	7	5

Table 5.49 Main occupation of employed population aged 15 years and above by sex, Rural

Main occupation	Total	Female	Male
Total	15 791	6 237	9 554
Armed force	25	3	22
Legislators senior officials and Managers	260	104	156
Professionals	370	189	181
Technician and associate professionals	139	72	67
Clerk	170	124	46
Service Workers	1 381	737	644
Skilled Agricultural and Fishery workers	9 704	4 047	5 657
Craft and Related trades workers	822	84	738
Plant and Machine operators and assemblers	234	11	223
Elementary occupations	2 679	861	1 818
Don't Know	7	5	2

Table 5.50 Main industry of employed population aged 15 years and above by sex, Kunene

Main Industry	Total	Female	Male
Total	21 204	8 756	12 448
Agriculture Forestry and Fishing	11 283	4 248	7 035
Mining And Quarrying	403	33	370
Manufacturing	884	171	713
Electricity Gas Steam and Air conditioning supply	23	6	17
Water Supply Sewerage Waste Management and Remediation activities	79	12	67
Construction	731	60	671
Wholesale and Retail trade; Repair of motor vehicles and motorcycles	1 059	605	454
Transportation and Storage	303	48	255
Accommodation and Food Service activities	917	612	305
Information and Communication	51	23	28
Financial Insurance Activities	127	91	36
Real estate Activities	3	1	2
Professional Scientific and Technical activities	149	59	90
Administrative and Support service activities	1 648	762	886
Public Administration and Defence; compulsory social security	484	130	354
Education	1 126	723	403
Human Health and Social work activities	425	284	141
Arts Entertainment and Recreation	45	11	34
Other Services activities	324	211	113
Activities of Private Households	1 007	609	398
Activities of extraterritorial organisation and bodies	9	6	3
Don't Know	124	51	73

Table 5.51 Main industry of employed population aged 15 years and above by sex, Urban

Main Industry	Total	Female	Male
Total	5 413	2 519	2 894
Agriculture Forestry and Fishing	332	76	256
Mining And Quarrying	186	13	173
	281	89	173
Manufacturing			
Electricity Gas Steam and Air conditioning supply	15	4	11
Water Supply Sewerage Waste Management and Remediation activities	61	10	51
Construction	398	38	360
Wholesale and Retail trade; Repair of motor vehicles and motorcycles	679	371	308
Transportation and Storage	195	27	168
Accommodation and Food Service activities	380	276	104
Information and Communication	35	13	22
Financial Insurance Activities	104	74	30
Real estate Activities	1	1	0
Professional Scientific and Technical activities	74	36	38
Administrative and Support service activities	734	294	440
Public Administration and Defence; compulsory social security	262	85	177
Education	631	412	219
Human Health and Social work activities	329	219	110
Arts Entertainment and Recreation	15	3	12
Other Services activities	187	115	72
Activities of Private Households	442	333	109
Activities of extraterritorial organisation and bodies	3	3	0
Don't Know	69	27	42

Table 5.52 Main industry of employed population aged 15 years and above by sex, Rural

Main Industry	Total	Female	Male
Total	15 791	6 237	9 554
Agriculture Forestry and Fishing	10 951	4 172	6 779
Mining And Quarrying	217	20	197
Manufacturing	603	82	521
Electricity Gas Steam and Air conditioning supply	8	2	6
Water Supply Sewerage Waste Management and Remediation activities	18	2	16
Construction	333	22	311
Wholesale and Retail trade; Repair of motor vehicles and motorcycles	380	234	146
Transportation and Storage	108	21	87
Accommodation and Food Service activities	537	336	201
Information and Communication	16	10	6
Financial Insurance Activities	23	17	6
Real estate Activities	2	0	2
Professional Scientific and Technical activities	75	23	52
Administrative and Support service activities	914	468	446
Public Administration and Defence; compulsory social security	222	45	177
Education	495	311	184
Human Health and Social work activities	96	65	31
Arts Entertainment and Recreation	30	8	22
Other Services activities	137	96	41
Activities of Private Households	565	276	289
Activities of extraterritorial organisation and bodies	6	3	3
Don't Know	55	24	31

Table 5.53 Main job employed population aged 15 years and above by sex, Kunene

Main job	Total	Female	Male
Total	21 204	8 756	12 448
Subsistence/Communal Farmer (With Paid Employees)	604	159	445
Subsistence/Communal Farmer (Without Paid Employees)	7 220	3 787	3 433
Commercial Farmer (With Paid Employees)	396	106	290
Other Employer	236	100	136
Own Account Worker	440	201	239
Employee (Communal Farms)	751	75	676
Employee (Commercial Farms)	1 758	349	1 409
Employee (Government)	2 727	1 326	1 401
Employee (Parastatal)	492	176	316
Employee (Private)	5 564	2 057	3 507
Unpaid Family Worker (Subsistence/Communal)	817	320	497
Other Unpaid Family Worker	127	70	57
Other	52	23	29
Don't Know	20	7	13

Table 5.54 Main job employed population aged 15 years and above by sex, Urban

Main job	Total	Female	Male
Total	5 413	2 519	2 894
Subsistence/Communal Farmer (With Paid Employees)	110	49	61
Subsistence/Communal Farmer (Without Paid Employees)	223	100	123
Commercial Farmer (With Paid Employees)	51	18	33
Other Employer	102	46	56
Own Account Worker	229	119	110
Employee (Communal Farms)	35	12	23
Employee (Commercial Farms)	51	25	26
Employee (Government)	1 721	870	851
Employee (Parastatal)	343	132	211
Employee (Private)	2 444	1 086	1 358
Unpaid Family Worker (Subsistence/Communal)	26	13	13
Other Unpaid Family Worker	42	32	10
Other	28	13	15
Don't Know	8	4	4

Table 5.55 Main job employed population aged 15 years and above by sex, Rural

Main job	Total	Female	Male
Total	15 791	6 237	9 554
Subsistence/Communal Farmer (With Paid Employees)	494	110	384
Subsistence/Communal Farmer (Without Paid Employees)	6 997	3 687	3 310
Commercial Farmer (With Paid Employees)	345	88	257
Other Employer	134	54	80
Own Account Worker	211	82	129
Employee (Communal Farms)	716	63	653
Employee (Commercial Farms)	1 707	324	1 383
Employee (Government)	1 006	456	550
Employee (Parastatal)	149	44	105
Employee (Private)	3 120	971	2 149
Unpaid Family Worker (Subsistence/Communal)	791	307	484
Other Unpaid Family Worker	85	38	47
Other	24	10	14
Don't Know	12	3	9

Table 6.1 Household population by main source of income, Kunene

,		
Source of income	Households	Population
Total	18 495	84 606
Farming	5 847	36 135
Business Activity - Not Farming	1 424	5 707
Wages and Salaries	7 575	25 999
Old-Age Pension	2 039	10 835
Cash Remittances	959	3 285
Retirement Fund	136	529
Orphan's Grant	99	520
Disability Grant	127	631
Other	289	965

Table 6.2 Household population by main source of income, Urban

Source of income	Households	Population
Total	5 716	22 342
Farming	361	1 569
Business Activity - Not Farming	815	3 388
Wages and Salaries	3 062	11 486
Old-Age Pension	642	2 949
Cash Remittances	517	1 766
Retirement Fund	90	343
Orphan's Grant	44	206
Disability Grant	54	238
Other	131	397

Table 6.3 Household population by main source of income, Rural

meeme, marar		
Source of income	Households	Population
Total	12 779	62 264
Farming	5 486	34 566
Business Activity - Not Farming	609	2 319
Wages and Salaries	4 513	14 513
Old-Age Pension	1 397	7 886
Cash Remittances	442	1 519
Retirement Fund	46	186
Orphan's Grant	55	314
Disability Grant	73	393
Other	158	568

Table 6.4 Household population by main source of income, Epupa

Source of income	Households	Population
Total	2 781	17 579
Farming	2 161	14 508
Business Activity - Not Farming	142	575
Wages and Salaries	173	702
Old-Age Pension	210	1 394
Cash Remittances	31	107
Retirement Fund	3	5
Orphan's Grant	14	83
Disability Grant	16	84
Other	31	121

Table 6.5 Household population by main source of income, Kamanjab

Source of income	Households	Population
Total	2 391	7 889
Farming	212	905
Business Activity - Not Farming	111	362
Wages and Salaries	1 787	5 528
Old-Age Pension	156	678
Cash Remittances	65	202
Retirement Fund	5	29
Orphan's Grant	3	19
Disability Grant	3	15
Other	49	151

Table 6.6 Household population by main source of income, Khorixas

income, knorizas		
Source of income	Households	Population
Total	3 132	12 138
Farming	375	1 652
Business Activity - Not Farming	241	1 015
Wages and Salaries	1 426	5 054
Old-Age Pension	606	2 713
Cash Remittances	282	1 004
Retirement Fund	62	263
Orphan's Grant	22	93
Disability Grant	38	136
Other	80	208

Table 6.7 Household population by main source of income, Opuwo

micomic, opanio		
Source of income	Households	Population
Total	5 178	26 742
Farming	2 411	15 145
Business Activity - Not		
Farming	601	2 423
Wages and Salaries	1 397	4 794
Old-Age Pension	475	3 230
Cash Remittances	177	570
Retirement Fund	21	84
Orphan's Grant	25	143
Disability Grant	25	197
Other	46	156

Table 6.8 Household population by main source of income, Outjo

Source of income	Households	Population
Total	3 279	12 054
Farming	170	751
Business Activity - Not		
Farming	222	858
Wages and Salaries	2 158	7 728
Old-Age Pension	309	1 233
Cash Remittances	297	1 011
Retirement Fund	32	97
Orphan's Grant	23	122
Disability Grant	28	115
Other	40	139

Table 6.9 Household population by main source of income, Sesfontein

Source of income	Households	Population
Total	1 734	8 204
Farming	518	3 174
Business Activity - Not		
Farming	107	474
Wages and Salaries	634	2 193
Old-Age Pension	283	1 587
Cash Remittances	107	391
Retirement Fund	13	51
Orphan's Grant	12	60
Disability Grant	17	84
Other	43	190

Table 6.10 Distribution of households owning communication assets by area

Area	Households	Car	Bicycle	Animal Drawn	Radio	Television	Telephone	Computer/L aptop
			,	Cart			(Mobile) a _l	
Kunene	18 495	2 820	1043	2 820	1 043	9 183	2 443	353
Urban	5 716	1 283	506	1283	506	3 842	222	91
Rural	12 779	1 537	537	1 537	537	5 341	2 221	262
Epupa	2 781	160	48	160	48	480	87	49
Kamanjab	2 391	333	208	333	208	1 623	332	47
Khorixas	3 132	585	91	585	91	1796	750	50
Opuwo	5 178	948	280	948	280	2360	624	78
Outjo	3 279	563	383	563	383	2120	193	95
Sesfontein	1 734	231	33	231	33	804	457	34

Table 6.11 Households and population by main language spoken, Kunene

Main Language	Households	Population
Total	18 495	84 606
San languages	126	497
Caprivi languages	77	280
Herero languages	8 761	49 295
Kavango languages	554	1 510
Nama/Damara languages	5 989	24 503
Oshiwambo languages	1 731	4 705
Setswana	17	65
Afrikaans	782	2 479
German	53	124
English	252	617
Other European languages	54	168
Other African languages	69	222
Asian languages	21	77
Don't know	9	64

Table 6.12 Households and population by main language spoken, Urban

Main Language	Households	Population
Total	5 716	22 342
San languages	46	168
Caprivi languages	38	134
Herero languages	1 585	6 524
Kavango languages	66	250
Nama/Damara languages	2 602	11 095
Oshiwambo languages	808	2 396
Setswana	2	11
Afrikaans	346	1 186
German	7	19
English	144	330
Other European languages	23	67
Other African languages	41	128
Asian languages	7	30
Don't know	1	4

Table 6.13 Households and population by main language spoken, Rural

Main Language	Households	Population
Total	12 779	62 264
San languages	80	329
Caprivi languages	39	146
Herero languages	7 176	42 771
Kavango languages	488	1 260
Nama/Damara languages	3 387	13 408
Oshiwambo languages	923	2 309
Setswana	15	54
Afrikaans	436	1 293
German	46	105
English	108	287
Other European languages	31	101
Other African languages	28	94
Asian languages	14	47
Don't know	8	60

Table 7.1 Households and Population by type of housing unit, Kunene

Type of housing unit	Households	Population
Total	18 495	84 606
Detached House	6 292	25 587
Semi-Detached House	1 440	5 591
Apartment/Flat	648	1 646
Guest Flat	80	235
Part Commercial/Industrial	82	276
Mobile Home	404	1 325
Single Quarters	188	649
Traditional Dwelling	7 603	43 182
Improvised Housing Unit		
(Shack)	1 617	5 583
Other	141	532

Table 7.4 Households and Population by type of Housing unit, Epupa

Type of housing unit	Households	Population
Total	2 781	17 579
Detached House	432	2 408
Semi-Detached House	22	91
Apartment/Flat	14	69
Guest Flat	9	30
Part Commercial/Industrial	5	17
Mobile Home	25	100
Single Quarters	31	128
Traditional Dwelling	2 165	14 369
Improvised Housing Unit		
(Shack)	53	246
Other	25	121

Table 7.2 Households and Population by type of housing unit, Urban

mousing unit, orban		
Type of housing unit	Households	Population
Total	5 716	22 342
Detached House	3 041	12 412
Semi-Detached House	761	3 181
Apartment/Flat	351	888
Guest Flat	35	85
Part Commercial/Industrial	60	210
Mobile Home	97	297
Single Quarters	68	251
Traditional Dwelling	306	1 341
Improvised Housing Unit		
(Shack)	963	3 560
Other	34	117

Table 7.5 Households and Population by type of Housing unit, Kamanjab

riousing unit, namanjus				
Type of housing unit	Households	Population		
Total	2391	7889		
Detached House	1339	4685		
Semi-Detached House	253	811		
Apartment/Flat	192	458		
Guest Flat	6	16		
Part Commercial/Industrial	1	2		
Mobile Home	51	143		
Single Quarters	19	64		
Traditional Dwelling	250	911		
Improvised Housing Unit				
(Shack)	230	652		
Other	50	147		

Table 7.3 Households and Population by type of housing unit, Rural

nousing unit, kurai		
Type of housing unit	Households	Population
Total	12 779	62 264
Detached House	3 251	13 175
Semi-Detached House	679	2 410
Apartment/Flat	297	758
Guest Flat	45	150
Part Commercial/Industrial	22	66
Mobile Home	307	1 028
Single Quarters	120	398
Traditional Dwelling	7 297	41 841
Improvised Housing Unit		
(Shack)	654	2 023
Other	107	415

Table 7.6 Households and Population by type of Housing unit, Khorixas

Type of housing unit	Households	Population
Total	3 132	12 138
Detached House	1 559	6 405
Semi-Detached House	374	1 575
Apartment/Flat	104	250
Guest Flat	7	20
Part Commercial/Industrial	25	67
Mobile Home	16	51
Single Quarters	9	30
Traditional Dwelling	917	3 357
Improvised Housing Unit		
(Shack)	117	373
Other	4	10

Table 7.7 Households and Population by type of housing unit, Opuwo

Type of housing unit	Households	Population
Total	5 178	26 742
Detached House	1 526	6 082
Semi-Detached House	287	1 107
Apartment/Flat	212	562
Guest Flat	28	87
Part Commercial/Industrial	10	24
Mobile Home	187	603
Single Quarters	40	109
Traditional Dwelling	2 772	17 725
Improvised Housing Unit		
(Shack)	84	296
Other	32	147

Table 7.9 Households and Population by type of Housing unit, Sesfontein

Type of housing unit	Households	Population
Total	1 734	8 204
Detached House	330	1 506
Semi-Detached House	88	295
Apartment/Flat	36	111
Guest Flat	5	28
Part Commercial/Industrial	6	21
Mobile Home	54	192
Single Quarters	12	23
Traditional Dwelling	1 153	5 794
Improvised Housing Unit		
(Shack)	37	191
Other	13	43

Table 7.8 Households and Population by type of housing unit, Outjo

nousing unit, outjo		
Type of housing unit	Households	Population
Total	3279	12054
Detached House	1106	4501
Semi-Detached House	416	1712
Apartment/Flat	90	196
Guest Flat	25	54
Part Commercial/Industrial	35	145
Mobile Home	71	236
Single Quarters	77	295
Traditional Dwelling	346	1026
Improvised Housing Unit		
(Shack)	1096	3825
Other	17	64

Table 7.10 Households and Population by tenure status, Kunene

status, Runene		
Tenure status	Households	Population
Total	18495	84606
Owner Occupied With Mortgage	1850	8201
Owner Occupied Without		
Mortgage	11419	58584
Rented (Government)	368	1123
Rented (Local Authority)	602	2657
Rented (Parastatal)	46	144
Rented (Private Firm)	187	592
Rented (Individual)	423	1302
Occupied Rent Free	3426	11426
Other	174	577

Table 7.12 Households and Population b tenure status, Rural

Tenure status Households Population Total 12779 62264 Owner Occupied With Mortgage 728 3531 Owner Occupied Without Mortgage 8719 47347 Rented (Government) 0 0 Population 12779 62264 Rented (Government) 66 304	iturar		
Owner Occupied With Mortgage 728 3531 Owner Occupied Without Mortgage 8719 47347 Rented (Government) 0 0	Tenure status	Households	Population
Owner Occupied Without Mortgage 8719 47347 Rented (Government) 0 0	Total	12779	62264
Mortgage 8719 47347 Rented (Government) 0 0	Owner Occupied With Mortgage	728	3531
Rented (Government) 0 0	Owner Occupied Without		
•	Mortgage	8719	47347
Pontod (Local Authority) 66 204	Rented (Government)	0	0
Kented (Local Authority) 00 304	Rented (Local Authority)	66	304
Rented (Parastatal) 0 0	Rented (Parastatal)	0	0
Rented (Private Firm) 65 216	Rented (Private Firm)	65	216
Rented (Individual) 94 492	Rented (Individual)	94	492
Occupied Rent Free 2973 9927	Occupied Rent Free	2973	9927
Other 134 447	Other	134	447

Table 7.11 Households and Population by tenure status, Urban

Tenure status	Households	Population
Total	5716	22342
Owner Occupied With Mortgage	1122	4670
Owner Occupied Without		
Mortgage	2700	11237
Rented (Government)	368	1123
Rented (Local Authority)	536	2353
Rented (Parastatal)	46	144
Rented (Private Firm)	122	376
Rented (Individual)	329	810
Occupied Rent Free	453	1499
Other	40	130

Table 7.13 Households and Population by main materials used for outer walls, Kunene

materials used for outer wans, Runene		
Main material	Households	Population
Total	18 495	84 606
Cement Blocks/Brick	6 265	24 198
Burnt Bricks/Face Bricks	88	340
Mud/Day Bricks	289	1 231
Corrugated Iron/Zinc	2 252	7 547
Prefabricated Materials	505	1 462
Wood Poles/Sticks or		
Grass/Reeds	789	3 954
Sticks with Mud/Day Cow Dung	7 718	43 915
Tin	66	270
Other	523	1 689

Table 7.16 Households and Population by main materials used for outer walls, Epupa

Main material	Households	Population
Total	2 781	17 579
Cement Blocks/Brick	120	490
Burnt Bricks/Face Bricks	1	3
Mud/Day Bricks	62	327
Corrugated Iron/Zinc	65	250
Prefabricated Materials	12	75
Wood Poles/Sticks or		
Grass/Reeds	349	2 099
Sticks with Mud/Day Cow Dung	2 121	14 039
Tin	2	10
Other	49	286

Table 7.14 Households and Population by main materials used for outer walls, Urban

materials ascaror oa	te. wans, orban	
Main material	Households	Population
Total	5 716	22 342
Cement Blocks/Brick	3 635	14 692
Burnt Bricks/Face Bricks	34	149
Mud/Day Bricks	115	413
Corrugated Iron/Zinc	1 254	4 496
Prefabricated Materials	92	289
Wood Poles/Sticks or		
Grass/Reeds	134	531
Sticks with Mud/Day Cow Dung	316	1 270
Tin	39	176
Other	97	326

Table 7.17 Households and Population by main materials used for outer walls, Kamanjab

		•
Main material	Households	Population
Total	2 391	7 889
Cement Blocks/Brick	1 347	4 518
Burnt Bricks/Face Bricks	13	48
Mud/Day Bricks	18	67
Corrugated Iron/Zinc	366	1 156
Prefabricated Materials	140	357
Wood Poles/Sticks or		
Grass/Reeds	17	46
Sticks with Mud/Day Cow Dung	348	1 289
Tin	3	12
Other	139	396

Table 7.15 Households and Population by main materials used for outer walls, Rural

	· · · · · · · · ·	
Main material	Households	Population
Total	12 779	62 264
Cement Blocks/Brick	2 630	9 506
Burnt Bricks/Face Bricks	54	191
Mud/Day Bricks	174	818
Corrugated Iron/Zinc	998	3 051
Prefabricated Materials	413	1 173
Wood Poles/Sticks or		
Grass/Reeds	655	3 423
Sticks with Mud/Day Cow Dung	7 402	42 645
Tin	27	94
Other	426	1 363

Table 7.18 Households and Population by main materials used for outer walls, Khorixas

Main material	Households	Population
Total	3 132	12 138
Cement Blocks/Brick	1 615	6 851
Burnt Bricks/Face Bricks	21	78
Mud/Day Bricks	24	101
Corrugated Iron/Zinc	415	1 304
Prefabricated Materials	58	191
Wood Poles/Sticks or		
Grass/Reeds	29	91
Sticks with Mud/Day Cow Dung	922	3 410
Tin	5	16
Other	43	96

Table 7.19 Households and Population by main materials used for outer walls, Opuwo

illaterials used for outer walls, Opuwo		
Main material	Households	Population
Total	5 178	26 742
Cement Blocks/Brick	1 471	5 344
Burnt Bricks/Face Bricks	15	65
Mud/Day Bricks	133	527
Corrugated Iron/Zinc	152	431
Prefabricated Materials	58	208
Wood Poles/Sticks or		
Grass/Reeds	249	1 205
Sticks with Mud/Day Cow		
Dung	2 913	18 366
Tin	19	90
Other	168	506

Table 7.21 Households and Population by main materials used for outer walls, Sesfontein

Main material	Households	Population
Total	1 734	8 204
Cement Blocks/Brick	269	1 153
Burnt Bricks/Face Bricks	7	22
Mud/Day Bricks	28	112
Corrugated Iron/Zinc	65	225
Prefabricated Materials	47	137
Wood Poles/Sticks or		
Grass/Reeds	37	199
Sticks with Mud/Day Cow		
Dung	1 214	6 146
Tin	6	12
Other	61	198

Table 7.20 Households and Population by main materials used for outer walls, Outjo

materials ascaror e		.,
Main material	Households	Population
Total	3 279	12 054
Cement Blocks/Brick	1 443	5 842
Burnt Bricks/Face Bricks	31	124
Mud/Day Bricks	24	97
Corrugated Iron/Zinc	1 189	4 181
Prefabricated Materials	190	494
Wood Poles/Sticks or		
Grass/Reeds	108	314
Sticks with Mud/Day Cow		
Dung	200	665
Tin	31	130
Other	63	207

Table 7.22 Households and Population by main materials used for the roof, Kunene

Main material	Households	Population
Total	18 495	84 606
Corrugated Iron Sheet	13 355	55 444
Asbestos Sheet	288	1 157
Brick Tiles	21	63
Concrete	16	60
Thatch Grass	2 047	12 619
Slate	33	149
Wood Covered with		
melthoid	56	303
Sticks with Mud/Cow Dung	1 869	12 206
Tin	116	537
Other	694	2 068

Table 7.23 Households and Population by main materials used for roof, Urban

Main material	Households	Population
Total	5 716	22 342
Corrugated Iron Sheet	5 243	20 471
Asbestos Sheet	165	719
Brick Tiles	6	16
Concrete	13	49
Thatch Grass	93	396
Slate	21	73
Wood Covered with		
melthoid	15	56
Sticks with Mud/Cow Dung	27	106
Tin	39	200
Other	94	256

Table 7.24 Households and Population by main Materials used for roof, Rural

Main material	Households	Population
Total	12 779	62 264
Corrugated Iron Sheet	8 112	34 973
Asbestos Sheet	123	438
Brick Tiles	15	47
Concrete	3	11
Thatch Grass	1 954	12 223
Slate	12	76
Wood Covered with		
melthoid	41	247
Sticks with Mud/Cow Dung	1 842	12 100
Tin	77	337
Other	600	1 812

Table 7.25 Households and Population by main materials used for roof, Epupa

materials ascaror	roor, zpapa	
Main material	Households	Population
Total	2 781	17 579
Corrugated Iron Sheet	475	2 381
Asbestos Sheet	4	30
Brick Tiles	1	2
Concrete	0	0
Thatch Grass	1 046	6 946
Slate	1	10
Wood Covered with		
melthoid	14	98
Sticks with Mud/Cow Dung	1 185	7 788
Tin	17	126
Other	38	198

Table 7.26 Households and Population by main materials used for roof, Kamanjab

	,,	
Main material	Households	Population
Total	2 391	7 889
Corrugated Iron Sheet	2 046	6 871
Asbestos Sheet	35	120
Brick Tiles	6	28
Concrete	2	10
Thatch Grass	50	139
Slate	0	0
Wood Covered with		
melthoid	1	2
Sticks with Mud/Cow Dung	12	45
Tin	12	37
Other	227	637

Table 7.27 Households and Population by main materials used for roof, Khorixas

Main material	Households	Population
Total	3 132	12 138
Corrugated Iron Sheet	2 879	11 158
Asbestos Sheet	150	663
Brick Tiles	2	4
Concrete	2	9
Thatch Grass	7	30
Slate	4	28
Wood Covered with		
melthoid	5	24
Sticks with Mud/Cow Dung	19	64
Tin	16	51
Other	48	107

Table 7.28 Households and Population by main materials used for roof, Opuwo

materials asca for	.co., opano	
Main material	Households	Population
Total	5 178	26 742
Corrugated Iron Sheet	3 634	17 388
Asbestos Sheet	30	93
Brick Tiles	1	3
Concrete	11	36
Thatch Grass	698	4 520
Slate	12	52
Wood Covered with		
melthoid	22	117
Sticks with Mud/Cow Dung	554	3 821
Tin	25	109
Other	191	603

Table 7.30 Households and Population by main materials used for roof, Sesfontein

Main material	Households	Population
Total	1 734	8 204
Corrugated Iron Sheet	1 410	6 618
Asbestos Sheet	14	64
Brick Tiles	4	7
Concrete	0	0
Thatch Grass	146	727
Slate	2	16
Wood Covered with		
melthoid	7	40
Sticks with Mud/Cow		
Dung	74	416
Tin	14	74
Other	63	242

Table 7.29 Households and Population by main materials used for roof, Outjo

materials asca re	oo., outjo	
Main material	Households	Population
Total	3 279	12 054
Corrugated Iron Sheet	2 911	11 028
Asbestos Sheet	55	187
Brick Tiles	7	19
Concrete	1	5
Thatch Grass	100	257
Slate	14	43
Wood Covered with		
melthoid	7	22
Sticks with Mud/Cow Dung	25	72
Tin	32	140
Other	127	281

Table 7.31 Households and Population by main materials used for the floor, Kunene

Main material	Households	Population
Total	18 495	84 606
Sand/Earth	5 507	23 403
Cement	7 376	30 140
Mud/Clay	3 929	24 843
Wood	138	487
Concrete	174	678
Tiles		
(Ceramic/Wood/Plastic)	999	3 704
Other	372	1 351

Table 7.32 Households and Population by main materials used for floor, Urban

Main material	Households	Population
Total	5 716	22 342
Sand/Earth	1 326	4 829
Cement	3 258	13 178
Mud/Clay	138	564
Wood	53	223
Concrete	103	370
Tiles		
(Ceramic/Wood/Plastic)	776	2 981
Other	62	197

Table 7.33 Households and Population by main materials used for floor, Rural

Main material	Households	Population
Total	12 779	62 264
Sand/Earth	4 181	18 574
Cement	4 118	16 962
Mud/Clay	3 791	24 279
Wood	85	264
Concrete	71	308
Tiles		
(Ceramic/Wood/Plastic)	223	723
Other	310	1 154

Table 7.34 Households and Population by main materials used for floor, Epupa

Main material	Households	Population
Total	2 781	17 579
Sand/Earth	1 019	6 417
Cement	228	1 058
Mud/Clay	1 420	9 591
Wood	15	102
Concrete	7	58
Tiles		
(Ceramic/Wood/Plastic)	19	72
Other	73	281

Table 7.35 Households and Population by main materials used for floor, Kamanjab

		<u> </u>
Main material	Households	Population
Total	2 391	7 889
Sand/Earth	778	2 375
Cement	1 405	4 899
Mud/Clay	93	346
Wood	11	20
Concrete	15	40
Tiles		
(Ceramic/Wood/Plastic)	72	173
Other	17	36

Table 7.36 Households and Population by main materials used for floor, Khorixas

Main material	Households	Population
Total	3 132	12 138
Sand/Earth	806	2 515
Cement	1 685	7 038
Mud/Clay	167	680
Wood	20	51
Concrete	24	137
Tiles		
(Ceramic/Wood/Plastic)	400	1 617
Other	30	100

Table 7.37 Households and Population by main materials used for floor, Opuwo

materials assumed, eparts		
Main material	Households	Population
Total	5 178	26 742
Sand/Earth	1 086	5 684
Cement	1 879	7 847
Mud/Clay	1 760	11 594
Wood	31	106
Concrete	95	331
Tiles		
(Ceramic/Wood/Plastic)	162	554
Other	165	626

Table 7.38 Households and Population by main materials used for floor, Outjo

Main material	Households	Population
Total	3 279	12 054
Sand/Earth	1 408	4 650
Cement	1 422	5 743
Mud/Clay	55	194
Wood	48	187
Concrete	13	55
Tiles		
(Ceramic/Wood/Plastic)	303	1 144
Other	30	81

Table 7.39 Households and Population by main materials used for floor. Sesfontein

materiais use	eu ioi ilooi, ses	iontem
Main material	Households	Population
Total	1 734	8 204
Sand/Earth	410	1 762
Cement	757	3 555
Mud/Clay	434	2 438
Wood	13	21
Concrete	20	57
Tiles		
(Ceramic/Wood/Plastic)	43	144
Other	57	227

Table 7.40 Households and Population by main source of energy for cooking, Kunene

Journe of Circipy	ioi cookiiig, ke	
Energy for cooking	Households	Population
Total	18 495	84 606
Electricity from Mains	2 794	9 410
Electricity from Generator	93	323
Gas	1 022	3 419
Paraffin/Kerosene	39	146
Wood/Charcoal from Wood	14 300	70 264
Charcoal-coal	184	863
Animal Dung	10	34
Solar Energy	41	123
Other specify	12	24

Table 7.43 Households and Population by main source of energy for cooking, Epupa

	0,	
Energy for cooking	Households	Population
Total	2 781	17 579
Electricity from Mains	66	261
Electricity from Generator	7	12
Gas	29	136
Paraffin/Kerosene	6	31
Wood/Charcoal from Wood	2 600	16 704
Charcoal-coal	55	360
Animal Dung	5	23
Solar Energy	13	52
Other specify	0	0

Table 7.41 Households and Population by main source of energy for cooking, Urban

	U,	
Energy for cooking	Households	Population
Total	5 716	22 342
Electricity from Mains	2 063	7 104
Electricity from Generator	18	48
Gas	536	1 950
Paraffin/Kerosene	16	43
Wood/Charcoal from Wood	3 016	12 948
Charcoal-coal	58	230
Animal Dung	2	5
Solar Energy	1	4
Other specify	6	10

Table 7.44 Households and Population by main
Source of energy for cooking. Kamaniah

Source of energy	for cooking, Ka	ımanjab
Energy for cooking	Households	Population
Total	2 391	7 889
Electricity from Mains	252	693
Electricity from Generator	7	26
Gas	256	652
Paraffin/Kerosene	2	4
Wood/Charcoal from Wood	1 858	6 468
Charcoal-coal	15	43
Animal Dung	0	0
Solar Energy	1	3
Other specify	0	0

Table 7.42 Households and Population by main source of energy for cooking, Rural

		-
Energy for cooking	Households	Population
Total	12 779	62 264
Electricity from Mains	731	2 306
Electricity from Generator	75	275
Gas	486	1 469
Paraffin/Kerosene	23	103
Wood/Charcoal from Wood	11 284	57 316
Charcoal-coal	126	633
Animal Dung	8	29
Solar Energy	40	119
Other specify	6	14

Table 7.45 Households and Population by main Source of energy for cooking, Khorixas

Energy for cooking	Households	Population
Total	3 132	12 138
Electricity from Mains	777	2 822
Electricity from Generator	14	28
Gas	176	699
Paraffin/Kerosene	5	15
Wood/Charcoal from Wood	2 111	8 426
Charcoal-coal	22	81
Animal Dung	1	2
Solar Energy	25	63
Other specify	1	2

Table 7.46 Households and Population by main source of energy for cooking, Opuwo

Jource of chergy	TOT COOKING,	opawo
Energy for cooking	Households	Population
Total	5 178	26 742
Electricity from Mains	974	3 137
Electricity from Generator	17	41
Gas	197	674
Paraffin/Kerosene	16	63
Wood/Charcoal from Wood	3 946	22 691
Charcoal-coal	22	128
Animal Dung	2	4
Solar Energy	0	0
Other specify	4	4

Table 7.48 Households and Population by main source of energy for cooking, Sesfontein

Energy for cooking	Households	Population
Total	1 734	8 204
Electricity from Mains	144	492
Electricity from		
Generator	25	133
Gas	78	221
Paraffin/Kerosene	4	13
Wood/Charcoal from		
Wood	1 469	7 288
Charcoal-coal	11	49
Animal Dung	0	0
Solar Energy	1	1
Other specify	2	7

Table 7.47 Households and Population by main source of energy for cooking, Outjo

30ance of chergy	ioi cookiiig, o	
Energy for cooking	Households	Population
Total	3 279	12 054
Electricity from Mains	581	2 005
Electricity from Generator	23	83
Gas	286	1 037
Paraffin/Kerosene	6	20
Wood/Charcoal from Wood	2 316	8 687
Charcoal-coal	59	202
Animal Dung	2	5
Solar Energy	1	4
Other specify	5	11

Table 7.49 Households and Population by main source of energy for lighting, Kunene

source of energy for lighting, Runene		
Energy for lighting	Households	Population
Total	18 495	84 606
Electricity from Mains	5 653	23 061
Electricity from Generator	278	963
Gas	112	468
Paraffin/Kerosene	2 359	10 320
Wood/Charcoal from Wood	3 230	20 693
Charcoal-coal	38	277
Candles	6 042	25 687
Animal Dung	2	13
Solar Energy	486	1 904
Other	295	1 220

Table 7.50 Households and Population by main source of energy for lighting, Urban

<u> </u>	
Households	Population
5 716	22 342
3 581	14 498
28	106
36	134
123	408
60	315
3	3
1 802	6 603
0	0
30	119
53	156
	5 716 3 581 28 36 123 60 3 1 802 0

Table 7.51 Households and Population by main source of energy for lighting, Rural

Source of energy for lighting, itural		
Energy for lighting	Households	Population
Total	12 779	62 264
Electricity from Mains	2 072	8 563
Electricity from Generator	250	857
Gas	76	334
Paraffin/Kerosene	2 236	9 912
Wood/Charcoal from Wood	3 170	20 378
Charcoal-coal	35	274
Candles	4 240	19 084
Animal Dung	2	13
Solar Energy	456	1 785
Other	242	1 064

Table 7.52 Households and Population by main source of energy for lighting, Epupa

50 a. 60 61 611618/ 101 118111118/ = Pupu		
Energy for lighting	Households	Population
Total	2 781	17 579
Electricity from Mains	171	881
Electricity from Generator	19	53
Gas	28	155
Paraffin/Kerosene	28	124
Wood/Charcoal from Wood	2 117	14 045
Charcoal-coal	27	204
Candles	330	1 780
Animal Dung	2	13
Solar Energy	27	137
Other	32	187

Table 7.53 Households and Population by main source of energy for lighting, Kamanjab

Households	Population
2 391	7 889
623	2 018
97	273
10	25
368	1 253
42	152
0	0
1 000	3 286
0	0
221	765
30	117
	2 391 623 97 10 368 42 0 1 000 0

Table 7.54 Households and Population by main source of energy for lighting, Khirixas

200		
Energy for lighting	Households	Population
Total	3 132	12 138
Electricity from Mains	1 535	6 439
Electricity from Generator	19	83
Gas	13	48
Paraffin/Kerosene	854	3 022
Wood/Charcoal from Wood	49	238
Charcoal-coal	0	0
Candles	567	1 989
Animal Dung	0	0
Solar Energy	86	292
Other	9	27

Table 7.55 Households and Population by main source of energy for lighting, Opuwo

Jource of chergy	ioi ligitulig, c	pawo
Energy for lighting	Households	Population
Total	5 178	26 742
Electricity from Mains	1 436	5 880
Electricity from Generator	38	115
Gas	27	120
Paraffin/Kerosene	508	3 094
Wood/Charcoal from		
Wood	974	6 054
Charcoal-coal	8	70
Candles	2 037	10 681
Animal Dung	0	0
Solar Energy	44	233
Other	106	495

Table 7.57 Households and Population by main source of energy for lighting, Sesfontein

Energy for lighting	Households	Population
Total	1 734	8 204
Electricity from Mains	364	1 516
Electricity from Generator	50	238
Gas	15	46
Paraffin/Kerosene	451	2 286
Wood/Charcoal from Wood	33	164
Charcoal-coal	0	0
Candles	703	3 459
Animal Dung	0	0
Solar Energy	47	215
Other	71	280

Table 7.56 Households and Population by main source of energy for lighting, Outjo

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Energy for lighting	Households	Population
Total	3 279	12 054
Electricity from Mains	1 524	6 327
Electricity from Generator	55	201
Gas	19	74
Paraffin/Kerosene	150	541
Wood/Charcoal from		
Wood	15	40
Charcoal-coal	3	3
Candles	1 405	4 492
Animal Dung	0	0
Solar Energy	61	262
Other	47	114

Table 7.58 Households and Population by main source of energy for heating, Kunene

Energy for heating	Households	Population
Total	18 495	84 606
Electricity from Mains	2 200	8 162
Electricity from Generator	96	393
Gas	200	840
Wood/Charcoal from Wood	9 402	48 770
Charcoal-Coal	214	994
Animal Dung	6	19
Solar Energy	80	299
None	6 227	24 837
Other	70	292

Table 7.59 Households and Population by main source of energy for heating, Urban

Energy for heating	Households	Population
Total	5 716	22 342
Electricity from Mains	1 699	6 581
Electricity from Generator	22	98
Gas	113	462
Wood/Charcoal from Wood	1 571	6 337
Charcoal-Coal	76	284
Animal Dung	2	5
Solar Energy	10	39
None	2 203	8 472
Other	20	64

Table 7.60 Households and Population by main source of energy for heating, Rural

Energy for heating	Households	Population
Total	12 779	62 264
Electricity from Mains	501	1 581
Electricity from Generator	74	295
Gas	87	378
Wood/Charcoal from Wood	7 831	42 433
Charcoal-Coal	138	710
Animal Dung	4	14
Solar Energy	70	260
None	4 024	16 365
Other	50	228

Table 7.61 Households and Population by main source of energy for heating, Epupa

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Energy for heating	Households	Population
Total	2 781	17 579
Electricity from Mains	41	134
Electricity from Generator	11	36
Gas	23	127
Wood/Charcoal from Wood	2 173	13 902
Charcoal-Coal	61	361
Animal Dung	2	9
Solar Energy	16	89
None	444	2 863
Other	10	58

Table 7.62 Households and Population by main source of energy for heating, Kamanjab

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Energy for heating	Households	Population
Total	2 391	7 889
Electricity from Mains	160	468
Electricity from Generator	6	23
Gas	26	79
Wood/Charcoal from Wood	1 023	3 700
Charcoal-Coal	6	26
Animal Dung	0	0
Solar Energy	15	39
None	1 149	3 540
Other	6	14

Table 7.63 Households and Population by main source of energy for heating, Khorixas

	O,	
Energy for heating	Households	Population
Total	3 132	12 138
Electricity from Mains	653	2 537
Electricity from Generator	8	19
Gas	19	95
Wood/Charcoal from Wood	1 058	3 700
Charcoal-Coal	41	177
Animal Dung	1	2
Solar Energy	28	74
None	1 312	5 482
Other	12	52

Table 7.64 Households and Population by main source of energy for heating, Opuwo

Source of effergy i	or neating, op	uwo
Energy for heating	Households	Population
Total	5 178	26 742
Electricity from Mains	602	2 105
Electricity from Generator	17	73
Gas	29	131
Wood/Charcoal from Wood	3 221	18 550
Charcoal-Coal	28	161
Animal Dung	1	3
Solar Energy	8	41
None	1 252	5 592
Other	20	86

Table 7.65 Households and Population by main source of energy for heating, Outjo

Energy for heating	Households	Population
Total	3 279	12 054
Electricity from Mains	639	2 554
Electricity from Generator	30	102
Gas	84	344
Wood/Charcoal from		
Wood	935	3 732
Charcoal-Coal	63	196
Animal Dung	2	5
Solar Energy	8	33
None	1 512	5 052
Other	6	36

Table 7.66 Households and Population by main source of energy for heating, Sesfontein

Energy for heating	Households	Population
Total	1 734	8 204
Electricity from Mains	105	364
Electricity from Generator	24	140
Gas	19	64
Wood/Charcoal from Wood	992	5 186
Charcoal-Coal	15	73
Animal Dung	0	0
Solar Energy	5	23
None	558	2 308
Other	16	46

Table 7.67 Households and Population by main source of water for cooking/drinking, Kunene

Source of water for		
cooking/drinking	Households	Population
Total	18 495	84 606
Piped Water Inside	2 463	9 514
Piped Water Outside	3 513	13 364
Public Pipe	2 996	11 561
Borehole with Tank Covered	3 070	14 768
Borehole with Open Tank	1 536	8 141
River/Dam/Stream	3 320	18 443
Canal	14	75
Well Protected	365	2 168
Well Unprotected	747	4 611
Other	471	1 961

Table 7.68 Households and Population by main source of water for cooking/drinking, Urban

	<u> </u>	
Source of water for		
cooking/drinking	Households	Population
Total	5 716	22 342
Piped Water Inside	1 772	7 192
Piped Water Outside	1 643	6 533
Public Pipe	1 953	7 202
Borehole with Tank Covered	6	18
Borehole with Open Tank	5	25
River/Dam/Stream	10	42
Canal	1	8
Well Protected	7	12
Well Unprotected	33	120
Other	286	1 190

Table 7.69 Households and Population by main source of water for cooking/drinking, Rural

Source of water for		
cooking/drinking	Households	Population
Total	12 779	62 264
Piped Water Inside	691	2 322
Piped Water Outside	1 870	6 831
Public Pipe	1 043	4 359
Borehole with Tank Covered	3 064	14 750
Borehole with Open Tank	1 531	8 116
River/Dam/Stream	3 310	18 401
Canal	13	67
Well Protected	358	2 156
Well Unprotected	714	4 491
Other	185	771

Table 7.70 Households and Population by main source of water for cooking/drinking, Epupa

Source of water for		
cooking/drinking	Households	Population
Total	2 781	17 579
Piped Water Inside	33	130
Piped Water Outside	78	317
Public Pipe	89	350
Borehole with Tank Covered	525	3 274
Borehole with Open Tank	315	2 135
River/Dam/Stream	1 294	8 641
Canal	2	15
Well Protected	74	451
Well Unprotected	370	2 259
Other	1	7

Table 7.71 Households and Population by main source of water for cooking/drinking, Kamanjab

Source of water for		•
cooking/drinking	Households	Population
Total	2 391	7 889
Piped Water Inside	329	1 039
Piped Water Outside	959	3 209
Public Pipe	274	928
Borehole with Tank Covered	409	1 452
Borehole with Open Tank	139	425
River/Dam/Stream	238	695
Canal	1	1
Well Protected	9	47
Well Unprotected	1	1
Other	32	92

Table 7.72 Households and Population by main source of water for cooking/drinking, Khorixas

Source of water for		_
cooking/drinking	Households	Population
Total	3 132	12 138
Piped Water Inside	770	3 262
Piped Water Outside	794	3 267
Public Pipe	445	1 525
Borehole with Tank Covered	424	1 560
Borehole with Open Tank	127	416
River/Dam/Stream	451	1 590
Canal	2	19
Well Protected	14	56
Well Unprotected	4	13
Other	101	430

Table 7.73 Households and Population by main source of water for cooking/drinking, Opuwo

Source of water for		
cooking/drinking	Households	Population
Total	5 178	26 742
Piped Water Inside	448	1 629
Piped Water Outside	757	2 816
Public Pipe	992	4 134
Borehole with Tank Covered	778	4 761
Borehole with Open Tank	592	3 815
River/Dam/Stream	780	4 933
Canal	1	8
Well Protected	217	1 344
Well Unprotected	322	2 097
Other	291	1 205
•		

Table 7.74 Households and Population by main source of water for cooking/drinking, Outjo

Source of water for		
cooking/drinking	Households	Population
Total	3 279	12 054
Piped Water Inside	778	3 099
Piped Water Outside	637	2 575
Public Pipe	992	3 666
Borehole with Tank Covered	498	1 571
Borehole with Open Tank	163	438
River/Dam/Stream	158	483
Canal	5	20
Well Protected	27	112
Well Unprotected	7	19
Other	14	71

Table 7.75 Households and Population by main source of water for cooking/drinking, Sesfontein

Source of water for		
cooking/drinking	Households	Population
Total	1 734	8 204
Piped Water Inside	105	355
Piped Water Outside	288	1 180
Public Pipe	204	958
Borehole with Tank Covered	436	2 150
Borehole with Open Tank	200	912
River/Dam/Stream	399	2 101
Canal	3	12
Well Protected	24	158
Well Unprotected	43	222
Other	32	156

Table 7.76 Households and Population by main type of toilet facility, Kunene

Type of toilet facility	Households	Population
Total	18 495	84 606
Private Flush Connected to Sewer	3 000	12 100
Shared Flush Connected to Sewer	1 300	4 388
Private Flush Connected to Septic/Cesspool	424	1 525
Shared Flush Connected to Septic/Cesspool	342	1 035
Pit Latrine with Ventilation Pipe	802	3 534
Covered Pit Latrine without Ventilation Pipe	329	1 511
Uncovered Pit Latrine without Ventilation Pipe	180	790
Bucket Toilet	306	1 392
No Toilet Facility	11 684	57 764
Other	128	567

Table 7.77 Households and Population by main type of toilet facility, Urban

Type of toilet facility	Households	Population
Total	5 716	22 342
Private Flush Connected to Sewer	2 220	9 300
Shared Flush Connected to Sewer	765	2 754
Private Flush Connected to Septic/Cesspool	109	395
Shared Flush Connected to Septic/Cesspool	51	141
Pit Latrine with Ventilation Pipe	334	1 348
Covered Pit Latrine without Ventilation Pipe	77	416
Uncovered Pit Latrine without Ventilation Pipe	60	282
Bucket Toilet	67	295
No Toilet Facility	1 995	7 277
Other	38	134

Table 7.78 Households and Population by main type of

Type of toilet facility	Households	Population
Total	2 781	17 579
Private Flush Connected to Sewer	26	117
Shared Flush Connected to Sewer	9	48
Private Flush Connected to Septic/Cesspool	16	57
Shared Flush Connected to Septic/Cesspool	13	72
Pit Latrine with Ventilation Pipe	76	292
Covered Pit Latrine without Ventilation Pipe	9	42
Uncovered Pit Latrine without Ventilation Pipe	30	105
Bucket Toilet	29	158
No Toilet Facility	2 557	16 583
Other	16	105

Table 7.79 Households and Population by main type of toilet facility, Kamanjab

Type of toilet facility	Households	Population
Total	2 391	7 889
Private Flush Connected to Sewer	368	1 271
Shared Flush Connected to Sewer	315	963
Private Flush Connected to Septic/Cesspool	160	523
Shared Flush Connected to Septic/Cesspool	154	419
Pit Latrine with Ventilation Pipe	53	195
Covered Pit Latrine without Ventilation Pipe	63	250
Uncovered Pit Latrine without Ventilation Pipe	29	64
Bucket Toilet	34	135
No Toilet Facility	1 173	3 886
Other	42	183

Table 7.80 Households and Population by main type of of toilet facility, Rural

Type of toilet facility	Households	Population
Total	12 779	62 264
Private Flush Connected to Sewer	780	2 800
Shared Flush Connected to Sewer	535	1 634
Private Flush Connected to Septic/Cesspool	315	1 130
Shared Flush Connected to Septic/Cesspool	291	894
Pit Latrine with Ventilation Pipe	468	2 186
Covered Pit Latrine without Ventilation Pipe	252	1 095
Uncovered Pit Latrine without Ventilation Pipe	120	508
Bucket Toilet	239	1 097
No Toilet Facility	9 689	50 487
Other	90	433

Table 7.81 Households and Population by main type of toilet facility, Opuwo

Type of toilet facility	Households	Population
Total	5 178	26 742
Private Flush Connected to Sewer	475	1 655
Shared Flush Connected to Sewer	333	934
Private Flush Connected to Septic/Cesspool	23	63
Shared Flush Connected to Septic/Cesspool	30	83
Pit Latrine with Ventilation Pipe	240	1 040
Covered Pit Latrine without Ventilation Pipe	75	408
Uncovered Pit Latrine without Ventilation Pipe	78	416
Bucket Toilet	76	427
No Toilet Facility	3 819	21 610
Other	29	106

Table 7.82 Households and Population by main type of toilet facility, Khorixas

Type of toilet facility	Households	Population
Total	3 132	12 138
Private Flush Connected to Sewer	1 086	4 713
Shared Flush Connected to Sewer	356	1 434
Private Flush Connected to Septic/Cesspool	29	123
Shared Flush Connected to Septic/Cesspool	30	112
Pit Latrine with Ventilation Pipe	109	468
Covered Pit Latrine without Ventilation Pipe	76	371
Uncovered Pit Latrine without Ventilation Pipe	24	106
Bucket Toilet	89	335
No Toilet Facility	1 326	4 459
Other	7	17

Table 7.83 Households and Population by main type of toilet facility, Sesfontein

Type of toilet facility	Households	Population
Total	1 734	8 204
Private Flush Connected to Sewer	100	367
Shared Flush Connected to Sewer	80	247
Private Flush Connected to Septic/Cesspool	21	85
Shared Flush Connected to Septic/Cesspool	31	73
Pit Latrine with Ventilation Pipe	116	675
Covered Pit Latrine without Ventilation Pipe	70	320
Uncovered Pit Latrine without Ventilation Pipe	13	73
Bucket Toilet	22	118
No Toilet Facility	1 259	6 140
Other	22	106

Table 7.84 Households and Population by main type of toilet facility, Outjo

Type of toilet facility	Households	Population
Total	3 279	12 054
Private Flush Connected to Sewer	945	3 977
Shared Flush Connected to Sewer	207	762
Private Flush Connected to Septic/Cesspool	175	674
Shared Flush Connected to Septic/Cesspool	84	276
Pit Latrine with Ventilation Pipe	208	864
Covered Pit Latrine without Ventilation Pipe	36	120
Uncovered Pit Latrine without Ventilation Pipe	6	26
Bucket Toilet	56	219
No Toilet Facility	1 550	5 086
Other	12	50

Table 7.85 Households and Population by means of waste/garbage disposal, Kunene

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Means of waste/garbage		
disposal	Households	Population
Total	18 495	84 606
Regularly Collected	3 644	13 855
Irregularly Collected	669	2 693
Burning	9 642	48 207
Roadside Dumping	2 882	12 471
Rubbish Pit	1 176	4 602
Other	482	2 778

Table 7.88 Households and Population by means of waste/garbage disposal, Epupa

Means of waste/garbage			
disposal	Households	Population	
Total	18495	84606	
Regularly Collected	3644	13855	
Irregularly Collected	669	2693	
Burning	9642	48207	
Roadside Dumping	2882	12471	
Rubbish Pit	1176	4602	
Other	482	2778	

Table 7.86 Households and Population by means of waste/garbage disposal, Urban

Means of waste/garbage disposal	Households	Population
Total	5 716	22 342
Regularly Collected	2 863	11 678
Irregularly Collected	393	1 509
Burning	966	3 515
Roadside Dumping	1 234	4 562
Rubbish Pit	246	1 035
Other	14	43

Table 7.89 Households and Population by means of waste/garbage disposal, Kamanjab

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Means of waste/garbage disposal	Households	Population
Total	5 716	22 342
Regularly Collected	2 863	11 678
Irregularly Collected	393	1 509
Burning	966	3 515
Roadside Dumping	1 234	4 562
Rubbish Pit	246	1 035
Other	14	43

Table 7.87 Households and Population by means of waste/garbage disposal, Rural

Households	Population
12 779	62 264
781	2 177
276	1 184
8 676	44 692
1 648	7 909
930	3 567
468	2 735
	12 779 781 276 8 676 1 648 930

Table 7.90 Households and Population by means of waste/garbage disposal, Khorixas

Means of waste/garbage disposal	Households	Population
Total	12779	62264
Regularly Collected	781	2177
Irregularly Collected	276	1184
Burning	8676	44692
Roadside Dumping	1648	7909
Rubbish Pit	930	3567
Other	468	2735

Table 7.91 Households and Population by means of waste/garbage disposal,Opuwo

Means of waste/garbage disposal	Households	Population
Total	12779	62264
Regularly Collected	781	2177
Irregularly Collected	276	1184
Burning	8676	44692
Roadside Dumping	1648	7909
Rubbish Pit	930	3567
Other	468	2735

Table 7.93 Households and Population by means of waste/garbage disposal, Sesfontein

Means of waste/garbage disposal	Households	Population
Total	12779	62264
Regularly Collected	781	2177
Irregularly Collected	276	1184
Burning	8676	44692
Roadside Dumping	1648	7909
Rubbish Pit	930	3567
Other	468	2735

Table 7.92 Households and Population by means of waste/garbage disposal, Outjo

Means of waste/garbage disposal	Households	Population
Total	12779	62264
Regularly Collected	781	2177
Irregularly Collected	276	1184
Burning	8676	44692
Roadside Dumping	1648	7909
Rubbish Pit	930	3567
Other	468	2735

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