#### Extending the swsusp Hibernation Framework to ARM

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#### Introduction

- Russ Dill of Texas Instruments
- swsusp/hibernation on ARM
  - Overview
  - Challenges
  - Implementation
  - Remaining work
  - Debugging
- swsusp restore from U-Boot
- Code at: <insert code link here before presentation>



#### **Motivation**

- Hibernation provides zero power consumption sleep
- Allows for snapshot boot
- Shares requirements with self-refresh only sleep modes
  - RTC-Only+DDR self-refresh

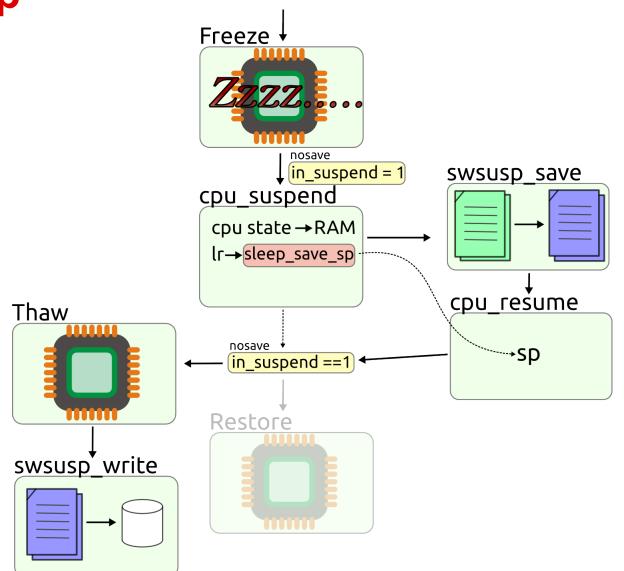


#### swsusp

- Mainline hibernation implementation since 2.6.0
  - TuxOnIce (Suspend2)
- Uses swap device to store image
- Can be used with uswsusp to support additional features
  - Encryption
  - Limitless storage options
  - Graphical progress
- Limited to snapshotting 1/2 of system RAM

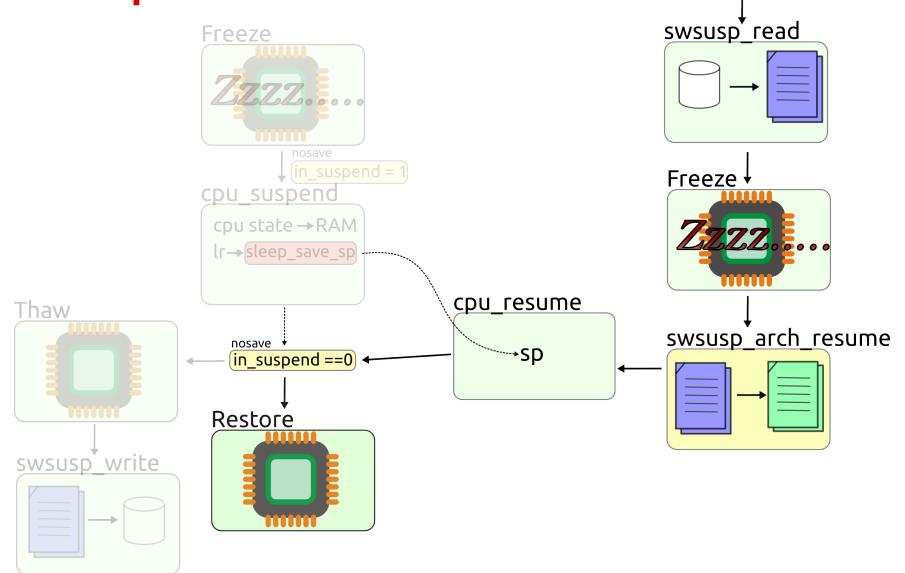


#### swsusp





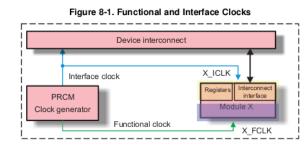
#### swsusp



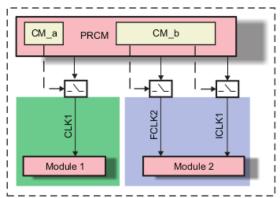


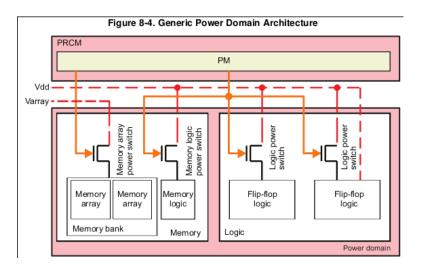
#### OMAP PM

- Clocks
  - Clock gating
  - Clock domains
  - Clock scaling
- Power
  - Power domains
    - Logic
    - Retention
  - Voltage scaling
- PRCM Controls these features



#### Figure 8-2. Generic Clock Domain

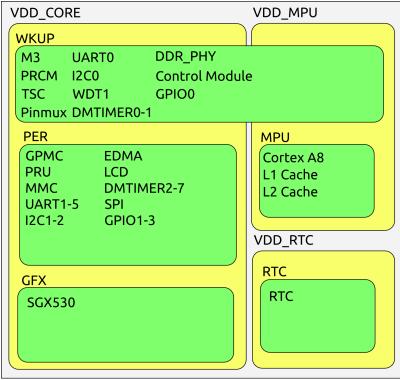






#### AM33xx PM Overview

- MPU, PER, and GFX power domains can be turned off during suspend
- Current OMAP PM core assumes WKUP domain will always have power





#### **WKUP Context**

- Used for:
  - Power, reset, and clock management (PRCM)
  - Pin mux configuration
  - modules that wake up the processor from suspend
- After hibernation, we need to restore this state



# PRCM

- Power domains
  - Represented by arch/arm/mach-omap2/powerdomain.c



#### PRCM

- Reset state and module state
  - Represented by omap\_hwmod, leverage it



#### PRCM

- Clocks domains
  - Represented by arch/arm/mach-omap2/clockdomain.c

```
static int am33xx_clkdm_save_context(struct clockdomain *clkdm)
Ł
        clkdm->context = am33xx_cm_read_reg_bits(clkdm->cm_inst,
                                clkdm->clkdm_offs, AM33XX_CLKTRCTRL MASK);
        return 0;
}
static int am33xx clkdm restore context(struct clockdomain *clkdm)
        switch (clkdm->context) {
        case OMAP34XX_CLKSTCTRL_DISABLE_AUTO:
                am33xx clkdm deny idle(clkdm);
                break;
        case OMAP34XX CLKSTCTRL FORCE SLEEP:
                am33xx_clkdm_sleep(clkdm);
                break:
        case OMAP34XX_CLKSTCTRL_FORCE_WAKEUP:
                am33xx_clkdm_wakeup(clkdm);
                break;
        case OMAP34XX CLKSTCTRL ENABLE AUTO:
                am33xx_clkdm_allow_idle(clkdm);
                break;
        }
        return 0;
}
```





- Clocks
  - Leverage the clock tree by adding context save/restore callbacks

```
static int clk_save_context(struct clk *clk)
                                                                        int clk divider save context(struct clk hw *hw)
{
                                                                        Ł
       struct clk *child;
                                                                                struct clk_divider *divider = to_clk_divider(hw);
       struct hlist_node *tmp;
                                                                                u32 val:
       int ret = 0;
                                                                                val = readl(divider->reg) >> divider->shift;
       hlist_for_each_entry(child, tmp, &clk->children, child_node) {
                                                                                divider->context = val & div mask(divider);
               ret = clk_save_context(child);
               if (ret < 0)
                       return ret;
                                                                                return 0:
       }
                                                                        }
       if (clk->ops && clk->ops->save_context)
                                                                        void clk divider restore context(struct clk hw *hw)
               ret = clk->ops->save_context(clk->hw);
                                                                        ł
                                                                                struct clk divider *divider = to_clk_divider(hw);
        return ret;
                                                                                u32 val;
}
                                                                                val = readl(divider->reg);
static void clk restore context(struct clk *clk)
                                                                                val &= ~(div_mask(divider) << divider->shift);
{
       struct clk *child;
                                                                                val |= divider->context << divider->shift;
       struct hlist_node *tmp;
                                                                                writel(val, divider->reg);
                                                                        }
       if (clk->ops && clk->ops->restore_context)
               clk->ops->restore_context(clk->hw);
       hlist_for_each_entry(child, tmp, &clk->children, child_node)
               clk_restore_context(child);
}
```



- Controls how internal signals are routed to external pins
- Contains memory map of register area, but no complete description of registers
- AM335X errata complicates the situation, certain registers lose context when the PER domain powers during suspend
- The pinctrl subsystem needs knowledge of which registers are available, and which domain they are in.



Temporary measure, list each power domain register set as a pinconf function





Code added to pinctrl to save/restore a pinctrl function group

```
{
                                                                                                            struct pcs_device *pcs;
int pinmux_save_context(struct pinctrl_dev *pctldev, const char *function)
                                                                                                            struct pcs_function *func:
{
                                                                                                            int i;
         const struct pinmux ops *pmxops = pctldev->desc->pmxops;
         int ret:
                                                                                                            pcs = pinctrl_dev_get_drvdata(pctldev);
                                                                                                            func = radix tree lookup(&pcs->ftree, fselector);
                                                                                                            if (!func) {
         ret = pinmux func name to selector(pctldev, function);
                                                                                                                   dev_err(pcs->dev, "%s could not find function%i\n",
         if (ret < 0) {
                                                                                                                           _func__, fselector);
                                                                                                                   return - ENODEV;
                  dev_err(pctldev->dev, "invalid function %s\n", function);
                                                                                                           }
                  return ret;
        }
                                                                                                            for (i = 0; i < func->nvals; i++) {
                                                                                                                   struct pcs_func_vals *vals;
         if (!pmxops || !pmxops->save_context)
                                                                                                                   vals = &func->vals[i];
                  return -EINVAL;
                                                                                                                   vals->val = pcs->read(vals->reg);
                                                                                                           }
         return pmxops->save_context(pctldev, ret);
                                                                                                            return 0;
                                                                                                    }
EXPORT SYMBOL(pinmux save context);
                                                                                                     static void pcs_restore_context(struct pinctrl_dev *pctldev, unsigned fselector)
void pinmux_restore_context(struct pinctrl_dev *pctldev, const char *function)
                                                                                                            struct pcs_device *pcs;
ł
                                                                                                            struct pcs_function *func;
                                                                                                            int i;
         const struct pinmux_ops *pmxops = pctldev->desc->pmxops;
         int ret;
                                                                                                            pcs = pinctrl_dev_get_drvdata(pctldev);
                                                                                                            func = radix_tree_lookup(&pcs->ftree, fselector);
         ret = pinmux func name to selector(pctldev, function);
                                                                                                            if (!func) {
                                                                                                                   dev_err(pcs->dev, "%s could not find function%i\n",
         if (ret < 0) {
                                                                                                                          __func__, fselector);
                  dev_err(pctldev->dev, "invalid function %s\n", function);
                                                                                                                   return:
                  return;
                                                                                                           3
        }
                                                                                                            for (i = 0; i < func->nvals; i++) {
                                                                                                                   struct pcs_func_vals *vals;
         if (!pmxops || !pmxops->restore context)
                                                                                                                   unsigned val, mask;
                  return;
                                                                                                                   vals = &func->vals[i];
                                                                                                                   val = pcs->read(vals->reg);
         pmxops->restore_context(pctldev, ret);
                                                                                                                   if (!vals->mask)
                                                                                                                          mask = pcs->fmask;
                                                                                                                   else
EXPORT_SYMBOL(pinmux_restore_context);
                                                                                                                          mask = pcs->fmask & vals->mask;
                                                                                                                   val &= ~mask;
                                                                                                                   val |= (vals->val & mask);
                                                                                                                   pcs->write(val, vals->reg);
                                                                                                           }
```

}



static int pcs\_save\_context(struct pinctrl\_dev \*pctldev, unsigned fselector)

- Current solution is a bit of a hack and likely not upstreamable.
- Possible solution?
  - New type of pinctrl register grouping
  - Would contain reference to power domain register group is contained in
  - Code could use syscore suspend/resume callbacks to save and restore context
- Problem
  - omap2+ power domains are currently arch specific



#### clocksource/clockevent

- Clockevent is already handled properly, disabling on suspend and reprogramming on resume
- Clocksource is assumed to be always running and within a domain that does not lose power
- Clocksource is also required for many kernel delay calculations. Must be restored before most other kernel code

```
static cycle t clksrc suspend cyc;
                                                                                 static void omap_clksrc_resume(struct clocksource *cs)
                                                                                 ł
static void omap clksrc suspend(struct clocksource *cs)
                                                                                          char name[10];
{
                                                                                          struct omap_hwmod *oh;
        char name[10];
                                                                                          u32 ctx_loss_cnt_after;
        struct omap_hwmod *oh;
                                                                                          sprintf(name, "timer%d", clksrc.id);
        sprintf(name, "timer%d", clksrc.id);
                                                                                          oh = omap_hwmod_lookup(name);
        oh = omap hwmod lookup(name);
                                                                                         if (!oh)
        if (!oh)
                                                                                                 return:
                return;
                                                                                         ctx_loss_cnt_after = omap_hwmod_get_context_loss_count(oh);
        clksrc_suspend_cyc = (cycle_t)__omap_dm_timer_read_counter(&clksrc, 1);
                                                                                         if (ctx_loss_cnt_after != clksrc.ctx_loss_count) {
        clksrc.ctx loss count = omap hwmod get context loss count(oh);
                                                                                                 omap2_dflt_clk_restore_context(__clk_get_hw(clksrc.fclk));
                                                                                                 omap_hwmod_reset(oh);
                                                                                                  __omap_dm_timer_load_start(&clksrc,
                                                                                                                  OMAP_TIMER_CTRL_ST | OMAP_TIMER_CTRL_AR,
                                                                                                                  clksrc_suspend_cyc, 1);
                                                                                                 ___omap_dm_timer_int_enable(&clksrc, OMAP_TIMER_INT_OVERFLOW);
                                                                                          }
                                                                                 }
```



# SRAM

- Internal memory on many OMAP processors used to run suspend resume code or code that modifies memory controller registers or clocking
- Currently restored for OMAP3, but in an OMAP3 specific way Make it more general instead

```
void omap sram save context(void)
        if (omap sram backup) {
                unsigned long start = omap_sram_ceil - omap_sram_base;
                memcpy(omap sram backup, omap sram base, omap sram skip);
                memcpy(omap sram backup + start, omap sram ceil,
                                                         omap_sram_size - start);
        }
}
void omap sram restore context(void)
Ł
        if (omap_sram_backup) {
                unsigned long start = omap sram ceil - omap sram base;
                memcpy(omap_sram_base, omap_sram_backup, omap_sram_skip);
                memcpy(omap sram ceil, omap sram backup + start,
                                                         omap_sram_size - start);
        }
```



- Many devices just need to know that their power domain lost context
- Teach arch/arm/mach-omap2/powerdomain.c about hibernation induced off modes.

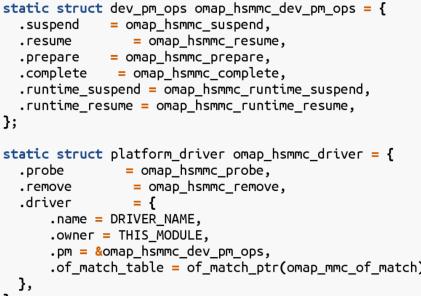
```
static int pwrdm_lost_power(struct powerdomain *pwrdm, void *unused)
{
    enum pwrdm_func_state fpwrst;
    /*
    * Power has been lost across all powerdomains, increment the
    * counter.
    */
    if (pwrdm->fpwrst == PWRDM_FUNC_PWRST_OFF)
        return 0;
    pwrdm->fpwrst_counter[PWRDM_FUNC_PWRST_OFF - PWRDM_FPWRST_OFFSET]++;
    fpwrst = _pwrdm_read_fpwrst(pwrdm);
    if (fpwrst != PWRDM_FUNC_PWRST_OFF)
        pwrdm->fpwrst_counter[fpwrst - PWRDM_FPWRST_OFFSET]++;
    pwrdm->fpwrst = fpwrst;
    return 0;
}
```



- Many devices that depend on a context loss count function pointer do not get that pointer under DT based systems
  - gpio-omap
  - omap\_hsmmc
  - omap-serial
- Currently a hack fix with a pointer to omap\_pm\_get\_dev\_context\_loss\_count
- There is a need for a generic framework to inform devices when they have lost power



- Some devices misconfigured in such a way to prevent suspend/resume callbacks during hibernation
   suspend = omap\_hsmmc\_su .resume = omap\_hsmmc\_su
- When not using dev\_pm\_ops, the platform\_driver .suspend/.resume callbacks are used for hibernation thaw/freeze/restore/poweroff functionality
- However, when using dev\_pm\_ops these must be filled in. The helper macro, SET\_SYSTEM\_SLEEP\_PM\_OPS should be used to fill in the thaw/freeze/restore/poweroff callbacks (unless special thaw/freeze/restore/poweroff behavior is required).





- Some device \*do\* need special hibernation callbacks
- The omap watchdog requires special handling because the state of the watchdog under the boot kernel is not known

```
static int omap_wdt_restore(struct device *dev)
        struct watchdog device *wdog = dev get drvdata(dev);
       struct omap wdt dev *wdev = watchdog get drvdata(wdog);
       omap wdt resume(dev);
         * We don't know what the resume kernel last pinged the WDT with. If
         * it pinged it with the same value we ping it with, the ping will be
         * ignored. Double ping to be sure we reset the timer.
         */
       if (wdev->omap_wdt_users)
               omap wdt ping(wdog);
       return 0;
static const struct dev_pm_ops omap_wdt_pm_ops = {
        .suspend
                       = omap wdt suspend,
        .freeze
                       = omap_wdt_suspend,
        .poweroff
                       = omap wdt suspend,
                       = omap wdt resume,
        .resume
                       = omap wdt resume,
        .thaw
                       = omap wdt restore,
        .restore
};
```



#### **Saving/Restoring WKUP Domain**

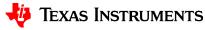
• Putting it all together in pm33xx.c

```
static int am33xx_wkup_save_context(void)
        int ret;
        ret = pinmux_save_context(pmx_dev, "am33xx_pmx_wkup");
        if (ret < 0)
                return ret;
        omap intc save context();
        am33xx control save context();
        clks save context();
        pwrdms_save_context();
        omap hwmods save context();
        clkdm save context();
        omap_sram_save_context();
        return 0;
}
static void am33xx wkup restore context(void)
Ł
        clks_restore_context();
        pwrdms_restore_context();
        clkdm_restore_context();
        omap hwmods restore context();
        am33xx control restore context();
        pinmux restore context(pmx dev, "am33xx pmx wkup");
        omap_intc_restore_context();
        wkup_m3_reinitialize();
        omap_sram_restore_context();
}
```



### **Hibernation support for ARM**

- Minimum implementation
  - swsusp\_arch\_suspend
    - Save current cpu state
    - Call swsusp\_save to snapshot memory
    - Return control to swsusp\_arch\_suspend caller
  - swsusp\_arch\_resume
    - Perform page copies of pages in the restore\_pbelist
    - Restore cpu state from swsusp\_arch\_suspend
    - Return control to swsusp\_arch\_suspend caller
  - pfn\_is\_no\_save
    - Return true if this pfn is not to be saved in the hibernation image
  - save\_processor\_state
    - Save any extra processor state (fp registers, etc)
  - restore\_processor\_state
    - Restore extra processor state



#### **Hibernation support for ARM**

- swsusp\_arch\_suspend
  - Utilizes cpu\_suspend to save current cpu state
  - Second argument of cpu\_suspend is called after state is saved
  - Calling cpu\_resume causes execution to return to cpu\_suspend caller
  - Utilizing soft\_restart disables MMU as cpu\_resume expects

```
* Snapshot kernel memory and reset the system.
 * After resume, the hibernation snapshot is written out.
 */
static int notrace swsusp arch save image(unsigned long unused)
        extern int swsusp save(void);
        int ret;
        ret = swsusp_save();
        if (ret == 0)
                soft restart(virt to phys(cpu resume));
        return ret:
}
 * Save the current CPU state before suspend / poweroff.
int notrace swsusp_arch_suspend(void)
        return cpu_suspend(0, __swsusp_arch_save_image);
```



#### **Hibernation support for ARM**

- swsusp\_arch\_resume
  - Uses stack allocated in nosave region to prevent ourselves from overwriting our stack
  - We will overwrite our code, but with the same bytes
  - Uses cpu\_resume to restore cpu state and return to cpu\_suspend caller

```
* The framework loads the hibernation image into a linked list anchored
 * at restore_pblist, for swsusp_arch_resume() to copy back to the proper
 * destinations.
 * To make this work if resume is triggered from initramfs, the
 * pagetables need to be switched to allow writes to kernel mem.
static void notrace swsusp arch restore image(void *unused)
        extern struct pbe *restore pblist;
        struct pbe *pbe;
        cpu_switch_mm(idmap_pgd, &init_mm);
        for (pbe = restore_pblist; pbe; pbe = pbe->next)
                copy page(pbe->orig address, pbe->address);
        soft_restart_noirg(virt_to_phys(cpu_resume));
static u8 __swsusp_resume_stk[PAGE_SIZE/2] __nosavedata;
* Resume from the hibernation image.
 * Due to the kernel heap / data restore, stack contents change underneath
 * and that would make function calls impossible; switch to a temporary
 * stack within the nosave region to avoid that problem.
 */
int __naked swsusp arch resume(void)
        extern void call with stack(void (*fn)(void *), void *arg, void *sp);
        cpu_init(); /* get a clean PSR */
        call_with_stack(__swsusp_arch_restore_image, 0,
                __swsusp_resume_stk + sizeof(__swsusp_resume_stk));
        return 0;
}
```



#### AM33xx Hibernation Support

- With prep work done, adding hibernation support to AM33xx is actually fairly straightforward
- begin/end wrap all hibernation code
- We use disable/enable\_hlt to prevent pm\_idle from being called

- The enter call back just powers down the machine
- These calls make sure that the hardware is in the same state before running the restored image as when it was made

```
static int am33xx_hibernation_begin(void)
{
          disable_hlt();
          return 0;
}
static void am33xx_hibernation_end(void)
{
          enable_hlt();
}
```

```
static int am33xx_hibernation_enter(void)
{
    machine_power_off();
    return 0;
}
static int am33xx_hibernation_pre_restore(void)
{
    omap2_gpio_prepare_for_idle(1);
    return 0;
}
static void am33xx_hibernation_restore_cleanup(void)
{
    omap2_gpio_resume_after_idle();
}
```



#### AM33xx Hibernation Support

- pre\_snapshot saves all our state registers and prepares the GPIOs for power loss
- leave is called after restoring an image. We inform the power domains that they have lost power and we restore our wkup context
- finish is called both after restoring an image (after leave) and after snapshotting the system. We continue our context restore and also undo the actions in pre\_snapshot

```
static int am33xx_hibernation_pre_snapshot(void)
        am33xx_per_save_context();
        omap2 gpio prepare for idle(1);
        am33xx wkup save context();
        return 0;
}
static void am33xx hibernation leave(void)
        pwrdms lost power();
        am33xx wkup restore context();
static void am33xx hibernation finish(void)
        omap2 gpio resume after idle();
        am33xx_per_restore_context();
ł
```



# **Debugging Methods**

- Debugging can be difficult as the hardware is usually in some unknown state.
- Debugging using GPIOs
  - GPIOs are usually pretty easy to configure clocks for and enable with just a few register writes, even from assembly
  - Binary search of where the code is failing can be performed by moving the GPIO enable around
- printk
  - The kernel logging facility is useful so long as you are getting to a point where serial output is enabled
- Register map comparisons
  - Utilizing devmem2 to snapshot register values before and after a hibernation file is useful to track down missed registers or buggy restore code

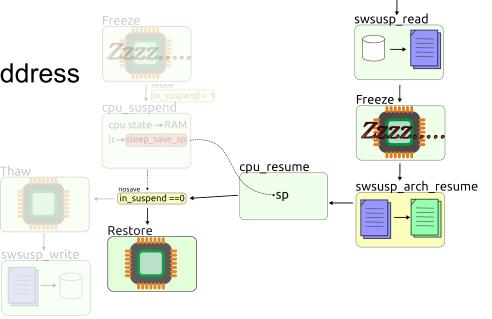


#### **Restore from U-Boot**



#### swsusp and U-Boot

- Restoring from hibernation just involves copying pages from disk into memory and jumping to an address
  - Thats what U-Boot does!
- Restoring from U-Boot can be faster than booting a kernel just to copy pages
- Issues
  - U-Boot has no idea what address to jump to
  - U-Boot doesn't know the contents or even location of the nosave pages





## **Kernel Modifications**

- U-Boot doesn't know about nosave pages or their address
- We instead save and restore them from the kernel
- Backup nosave pages are saved at boot
- Special version of cpu\_resume is provided that restores nosave pages before calling the real cpu\_resume

```
static int __init swsusp_arch_init(void)
{
    char *backup;
    size_t len;
    len = &_nosave_end - &_nosave_begin;
    backup = kmalloc(len, GFP_KERNEL);
    if (backup) {
        pr_info("%s: Backed up %d byte nosave region\n", __func__, len);
        memcpy(backup, &_nosave_begin, len);
    }
    __nosave_backup_phys = virt_to_phys(backup);
    __nosave_begin_phys = virt_to_phys(&_nosave_begin);
    __nosave_end_phys = virt_to_phys(&_nosave_end);
    return 0;
}
```

```
late_initcall(swsusp_arch_init);
```

```
ENTRY(cpu resume restore nosave)
                 r0, = nosave backup phys
        ldr
        ldr
                 r0, [r0]
                 r1, =___nosave_begin_phys
        ldr
                r1, [r1]
        ldr
        ldr
                 r_{2}, = nosave end phys
        ldr
                 r2, [r2]
        ldmia
                r0!, {r3-r10}
1:
                 r1!, {r3-r10}
        stmia
                 г1, г2
        CMD
                 1b
        bne
        b
                 cpu_resume
```



#### **Kernel Modifications**

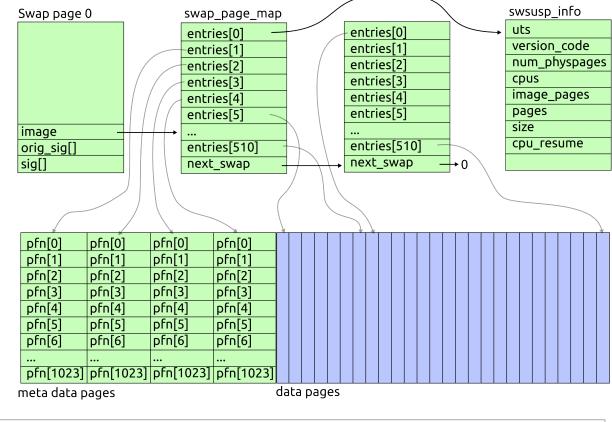
- Need to pass address of cpu\_resume function to U-Boot
  - Store in swsusp\_info page
  - Add arch callback for storing that data in the swsusp\_page
- Just stores the physical address of the new version of cpu\_resume that first copies the nosave pages



#### swsusp Image Layout

- Each metadata entry is associated with the same numbered data page
- Each data page is to be loaded into memory at the pfn indicated by its metadata pfn
   Swap page 0
   Swap page 0

entry





#### **U-Boot modifications**

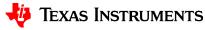
- Provide cmd\_swsusp
  - No-op if S1SUSPEND sig does not exist

```
swsusp - Restore SWSUSP hibernation image
Usage:
swsusp <interface> [<dev[:part]>] [<offset>]
```

- Rewrites sig with orig\_sig to prevent boot loop on bad image
  - Snapshot booting can populate orig\_sig with S1SUSPEND
- Reads in metadata pages with pfn mappings
  - Also populates bitmap of used pages for easy access to free pages

U-Boot# help swsusp

- Copy each data page to memory
  - Original location if it is free
  - Other wise copy to first available free page and update remap list
- Copy finish function and cpu\_resume address to free data page
- Run finish function from free data page (use stack contained in free page)
  - Copies remapped pages to their correct location
  - Jumps to cpu\_resume function



#### **U-Boot Memory Mapping**

- The U-Boot memory mapping makes it very easy to see if we can load a page directly into its original location
- If not, we load it into a location not used by U-Boot or the final location of any of the swsusp pages

Free

Vectors



Stack

I CD

Global data Board info Malloc space

U-Boot data & bss

#### Loading pfn and Free Page Mapping

- We utilize malloc'd pages to store the pfn index
- Mark used pages as we go



### Loading swsusp Pages Into Memory

- Utilize free pages to store remapping lists, malloc'd data will be overwritten
- min\_page is first free page in U-Boot memory map
- max\_page is last free page in U-Boot memory map (well before stack pointer)
- If a page is to be copied into U-Boot's memory space, it is instead copied into an unused free page

```
remap_orig = pg2addr(free_page_get_next());
remap_temp = pg2addr(free_page_get_next());
remap_idx = 0;
for (i = 0; i < swsusp_info->image_pages; i++) {
    u32 page = pfn_pages[i >> 10][i & 0x3ff];
    if (page < min_page || page > max_page) {
        if (nr_remap == remap_idx + 1)
            goto err;
        remap_orig[remap_idx] = pg2addr(page);
        page = free_page_get_next();
        remap_temp[remap_idx] = pg2addr(page);
        remap_idx++;
    }
    if (image_page_get_next(pg2addr(page)) <= 0)
        goto read_err;
}
```



#### **Prepare to Copy Remapped Pages**

- Final copy must happen from memory unused by swsusp or U-Boot
  - remap\_orig/remap\_temp already exist in free page
  - Utilize free page for final copy of remapped pages
    - Copy swsusp\_finish into page
    - Copy context information into page
    - Setup stack pointer at end of page

```
/* put end markers on the remap list */
remap orig[remap idx] = (void *) ~OUL;
remap_temp[remap_idx] = (void *) ~OUL;
/* Make a copy of swsusp_finish in a free data page */
data_page = pg2addr(free_page_get_next());
memcpy(data_page, swsusp_finish, PAGE_SIZE);
swsusp_finish_copy = (void *) data_page;
/* Setup context for swsusp finish */
context = (struct swsusp finish context *) (data page + PAGE SIZE);
context--:
context->remap_orig = remap_orig;
context->remap temp = remap temp;
context->cpu resume = swsusp info->cpu resume;
/* Get a stack pointer for swsusp finish */
stack addr = ((char *) context) + PAGE SIZE - sizeof(u32);
cleanup before linux();
/* Copy the final data from a safe place */
call with stack(swsusp_finish_copy, context, stack_addr);
```



#### **Copy Remaining Pages**

- Moved remapped pages into their originally intended location
- Call cpu\_resume (actually cpu\_resume\_copy\_nosave)

```
static void swsusp finish (void *userdata)
ł
        struct swsusp_finish_context *context = userdata;
        while (*context->remap_orig != (void *) ~OUL) {
                u32 *orig, *temp;
                int count;
                count = PAGE SIZE / 4;
                orig = *context->remap orig;
                temp = *context->remap temp;
                while (count--)
                        *orig++ = *temp++;
                context->remap orig++;
                context->remap temp++;
        }
        context->cpu resume();
}
```







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