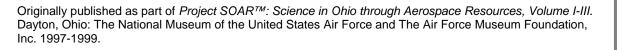


# Lesson Plan: An Uplifting Experience

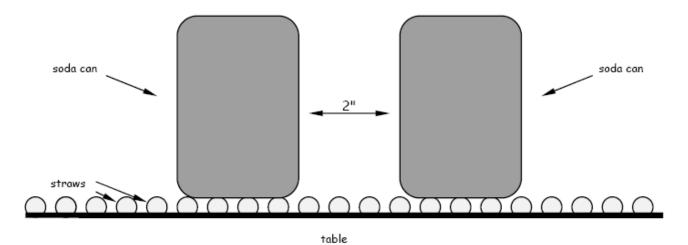
Grade Level:	5
Subject Area:	Science
Time Required:	Preparation: 1 hour Activity: 2 hours
National Standards Correlation:	<ul> <li>Science (grades 5-8)</li> <li>Science as Inquiry Standard: Abilities necessary to do scientific inquiry.</li> <li>Science in Personal and Social Perspectives Standard: Science and technology in society.</li> <li>Physical Science Standard: Motion and forces.</li> <li>Unifying Concepts and Processes Standard: Change, constancy, and measurement.</li> <li>Unifying Concepts and Processes Standard: Evidence, models, and explanation.</li> </ul>
Summary:	Students will conduct four activities using simple materials to demonstrate Bernoulli's Principle, the concept of lift as a force in flight, and angle of attack. Students will make predictions and record results. During this lesson, students will learn about Bernoulli's Principle and lift.
Objectives:	<ul> <li>Students will:</li> <li>Build an airfoil</li> <li>Explain and demonstrate Bernoulli's Principle</li> <li>Explore the action of lift as a force in flight</li> </ul>
Materials:	<ul> <li>Activity I:</li> <li>Each student will need a paper strip (4" x 11")</li> <li>Activity II:</li> <li>25 or more drinking straws</li> <li>2 empty soda cans</li> <li>Activity III:</li> <li>Index cards (4" x 6")</li> <li>Duct tape</li> <li>One drinking straw</li> <li>Fishing line</li> <li>Hair dryer</li> <li>Table</li> </ul>
Safety Instructions:	Use caution when operating the hair dryer — it can get very HOT!
Procedure	<i>A. Warm-up</i> Review Bernoulli's Principle. Have students hold the short end of a strip of paper (4" x 11") at both corners. Students will hold the paper close to their mouths and blow forcefully across the top of the paper. The paper should lift.





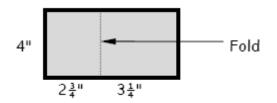
## B. Activity I

- 1. Place 25 straws in a row on a tabletop, making sure the straws are very close together (<sup>1</sup>/<sub>4</sub>" apart).
- 2. Place two soda cans on top of the straws approximately 2" apart. The cans will be free to roll.
- 3. Predict what will happen when air is blown between the cans.
- 4. Blow between the cans, using a straw to blow air through. Bernoulli's Principle should be demonstrated when the cans move closer together.
- 5. Record results.
- 6. Experiment changing the distances of straws and cans. Predict and record results.



### C. Activity II: Making an Airfoil

- 1. Review the concept of an airfoil (using information in background).
- 2. Fold a 4" x 6" index card in two, leaving an overlap of about  $\frac{1}{2}$ ".



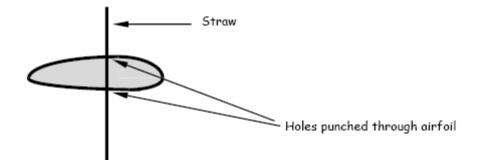
- 3. Push the overlapping ends together. One side of the folded index card will curve up.
- 4. Tape the ends together.



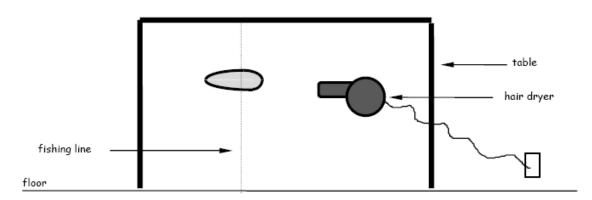


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- 5. Use a pen to punch 2 holes through the middle of the airfoil (one hole on the top and one on the bottom).
- 6. Carefully push a drinking straw through the holes.



- 7. Pull a piece of fishing line through the straw. Cut the fishing line long enough to fit between the underside of a table and the floor. Hold the fishing line in place, making sure it is perpendicular (90°) to the floor and table.
- 8. Tape the fishing line in place between the table and floor. The airfoil should be able to slide freely up and down the line.
- 9. Lift the wing up slightly and aim the hair dryer at the folded edge.
- 10. Turn the dryer on. The wing should lift. Point the dryer straight for the best lift.



### D. Activity III: Angle of Attack

- 1. Using the airfoil set-up from Activity II, experiment with angle of attack by moving the string to an 80° angle rather than 90° angle. Turn hair dryer on. Observe results.
- 2. Move string to  $70^{\circ}$  and  $60^{\circ}$ . Observe results.

Assessment/ Evaluation:

Students should be evaluated based on recordings of predictions and results of activities where applicable.



#### **Extensions:**

- 1. Change the size and shape of the airfoils in Activity II.
- 2. Turn the airfoil upside down and test it again in Activity II.
- 3. Try to move the hair dryer further away in Activity II.
- 4. Research Daniel Bernoulli's life and present a report to the class.

Resources/ References:

Hetzel, June, and Wyma, Brenda. *Flight*. Cypress, California: Creative Teaching Press, Inc., 1995.

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Johnstone, Hugh. Aircraft and Space Rockets. New York: Gloucester Press, 1989.

Robson, Pam. Air, Wind, & Flight. New York: Gloucester Press, 1992.

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