WORCESTER PORCELAIN & KEY DATES IN HISTORY

1751	First Worcester Porcelain factory founded by Dr. Wall and 14 partners
1753	The British Museum is established
1754	First company showroom opened in Aldersgate Street, London
1756	Printing on porcelain is invented at Worcester by Robert Hancock.
1760	George III becomes King
1764	Start of the Industrial Revolution in England
1767	Exhibition room opened in Spring Gardens, Charing Cross
1768	Royal Academy founded with Sir Joshua Reynolds as its first president.
1770	The first Royal dinner service made by Worcester for George III's brother, the Duke of Gloucester.
1773	The Boston Tea Party
1774	Dr Wall retired leaving William Davis as manager of the factory
1776	American Declaration of Independence
1783	Thomas Flight bought the Worcester factory, for his sons Joseph and John
1783	Robert Chamberlain establishes a rival porcelain factory in Severn Street, Worcester.
1788	King George III and Queen Charlotte attended the Worcester Music Meeting (forerunner to the Three Choirs Festival) and visited Flight's Worcester factory.
1788	The most prestigious shop No.1 Coventry Street (off Piccadilly Circus) opened on the advice of King George III, run by Joseph Flight
1789	George Washington became the first President of the USA
1789	King George III awarded Worcester its first Royal Warrant, allowing use of the Royal Coat of Arms and the words 'Manufacturers to their Majesties'.
1802	Admiral Nelson and Emma Hamilton visit Chamberlain's factory and order a large service
1804	Napoleon was crowned Emperor of France
1805	Nelson dies at the Battle of Trafalgar
1811	Chamberlain created a book of 400 designs for The Prince Regent
1815	Wellington defeats Napoleon at the Battle of Waterloo
1820	Chamberlain experiments with bone china production
1825	The first passenger railway is opened
1830	Flight, Barr & Barr make the Coronation Service for King William IV
1837	Queen Victoria ascended the throne
1839	William Henry Fox Talbot invents the Calotype photograph
1840	First adhesive postage stamp, the 'Penny Black', was issued in Britain
1840	The former rivals, Chamberlain and Flight & Barr merge to form one company
1847	The factory Act restricts working to 10 hours per day for women & children
1851	Australian Gold Rush

1851	The Great Exhibition held at Crystal Palace
1851	The Worcester Royal Porcelain Company is managed by Richard William Binns and William Henry Kerr.
1853	David Livingstone discovers Victoria Falls
1854	The Charge of the Light Brigade
1859	Charles Darwin publishes The Origin of Species
1851-1887	Severn Street factory expanded from 70 to 700 employees. The factory concentrated on figurines and vases and introduced 2500 new decorative items
1860	Prince Albert admires the Worcester Enamels and orders a dessert service for Queen Victoria, painted by Thomas Bott.
1862	The formation of Royal Worcester
1862	Prince Albert dies of Typhoid
1869	Suez Canal opened
1874	The first Exhibition of the Impressionists in Paris
1876	Invention of the telephone (Alexander Graham Bell)
1878	Royal Worcester displayed The Potter's Vases at the Paris Exhibition.
1880	The first piece of Royal Worcester Painted Fruit was painted by Octar Copson.
1884	Visit to Royal Worcester by the Prince and Princess of Wales
1885	Invention of motorcar engine (Benz and Daimler independently)
1887	Queen Victoria's Golden Jubilee
1889	Royal Worcester buys out the Grainger porcelain company
1889	Vincent Van Gogh painted Starry Night
1891	Charles William Dyson Perrins becomes a Director of Royal Worcester
1893	The Chicago World Fair - George Owen perfects pierced porcelain
1895	The first cinema opened in Paris
1896	Hadley & Sons Art Pottery set up in Diglis Road, Worcester
1901	Queen Victoria dies and Edward VII becomes King
1902	The Grainger factory closed and the workforce move to Royal Worcester
1905	Hadley & Sons is bought by Royal Worcester
1908	Henry Ford produced first Model T car
1911	Coronation of George V
1912	Titanic struck an iceberg in the Atlantic
1914	The start of The First World War
1914	The Government asks Royal Worcester to make hard porcelain for use in hospitals, laboratories and schools.
1925	Invention of the television (John Logie Baird)
1926	The General Strike
1927	The launch of BBC Radio
1927	C.W.Dyson Perrins purchased the museum collection
1929	Wall Street Crash
1931	Royal Worcester launched a new range of bone china figures at Beaux Arts Gallery, London
1931	Tableware was revolutionised by the introduction of fireproof porcelain.

1934	Charles Dyson Perrins buys Royal Worcester and becomes Chairman.
1935	George V and Queen Mary are the first limited edition figures made by Royal Worcester
1936	The launch of BBC television
1936	Dorothy Doughty designs the first in a series of over sixty models of American Birds.
1939	The start of The Second World War The Royal Worcester factory is used to make electrical resistors and spark plugs.
1946	The Dyson Perrins Museum Trust founded to care for the museum collection.
1947	Doris Lindner models a portrait of Princess Elizabeth on her horse, Tommy.
1948	The establishment of the National Health Service
1949	First non-stop round the world flight
1951	Princess Elizabeth visits the Royal Worcester factory and opens the new museum.
1952	Elizabeth II becomes Queen
1953	Edmund Hilary and Sherpa Tenzing Norgay were the first men to climb Everest.
1954	The Worcester Royal Porcelain Co. becomes a public company
1958	The EEC established by the Treaty of Rome
1958	The first motorway opened in Britain
1961	First man in Space (Yuri Gagarin, Soviet Union)
1962	Evesham Pattern was designed by Professor Robert Baker, Ronald Van Ruyckevelt and other members of the team in Royal Worcester's Design Department.
1963	The Great Train Robbery
1963	Assassination of US President John F. Kennedy
1968	Apollo 11, First moon exploration (Neil Armstrong and Buz Aldrin)
1968	The investiture of The Prince of Wales
1972	Ronald van Ruyckevelt designs a large model of two white doves to celebrate the Silver Wedding of the Queen and the Duke of Edinburgh
1976	Royal Worcester and Spode came under common ownership
1976	Concorde brought into regular service
1979	Margaret Thatcher became Britain's first woman Prime Minister
1982	The Falklands War
1986	Completion of the M25
1990	The Berlin Wall is pulled down
2001	Queen Elizabeth II and the Duke of Edinburgh visit Royal Worcester to as part of the 250th Anniversary celebrations.

Copyright 2004 Worcester Porcelain Museum

The Worcester Porcelain Museum Severn Street, Worcester WR1 2NE Registered Charity No.223753 Telephone +44 (0)1905 746000

E-mail: museum@royal-worcester.co.uk