

Установка Snort



Snort, Apache, PHP, MySQL and BASE Install on SuSe 9.2



BASE - Basic Analysis and Security Engine

Исходные данные:

Hardware:

IBM xSeries 335, CPU Xeon 2,8 MHz, 2,5 GB RAM, 70GB SCSI Hot-swap HDD (RAID-1), Ethernet 10/100/1000

Software:

SuSe Linux 9.2, kernel 2.6.8-24.5-smp

Установка SuSe 9.2:

Установка в основном проходит с параметрами по-умолчанию.

Язык и клавиатура: English

Устанавливаем статический ip-адрес для одного из интерфейсов, например eth0

Отключаем файрвол.

Конфигурация пакетов: на основе Standart system with KDE, дополнительно устанавливаем следующие пакеты:

- Exрест 5.41-2
- Ethereal 0.10.6-3
- Nmap 3.70-2
- Gd 2.0.28-2.3
- Libpng-devel 1.2.6-4
- Libpng 1.2.6-4
- Libpcap 0.8.3-3
- Zlib 1.2.1
- Libjpeg 6.2.0
- Gcc 3.3.4
- Lynx 2.8.5-32
- Flex 2.5.4a-295
- Pcre-devel 4.5.2
- Termcap 2.0.8-878
- Ncurses-devel 5.4
- Gcc-c++ 3.3.4

Установка времени: выставляем корректно время

Система по-умолчанию запускается на 3м уровне.

После установки:

Через yast запускаем on-line обновление.

Отключаем неиспользуемые сервисы:

```
# chkconfig -d isdn
# chkconfig -d portmap
# chkconfig -d isdn
# chkconfig -d cups
# chkconfig -d nfs
# chkconfig -d nfsboot
# chkconfig -d smbfs
# chkconfig -d powersaved
# chkconfig -d ypbind
```

Отключаем все сервисы запускаемые через xinetd (по-умолчанию все отключено), можно сделать через yast

Изменение конфигурации SSH, редактируем файл /etc/ssh/sshd_config:

```
Protocol 2
PermitRootLogin no
PermitEmptyPasswords no
```

Закачиваем файлы необходимые для установки SNORT:

Download Snort 2.2.0

<http://www.snort.org/dl/snort-2.2.0.tar.gz>

Download ADODB 4.54

<http://adodb.sourceforge.net/>

Download BASE 1.0

<http://base.secureideas.net/>

Download JpGraph 1.16

<http://www.aditus.nu/jpgraph/downloads/jpgraph-1.16.tar.gz>

Download Apache 2.0.52

<http://httpd.apache.org/>

Download PHP 4.3.9

<http://www.php.net/>

Download MySQL 4.0.20

<http://www.mysql.ru/cgi-bin/download/mysql-4.0.20.tar.gz>

Download Oinkmaster 1.1

<http://oinkmaster.sourceforge.net/download.shtml>

Download Webmin 1.170

<http://prdownloads.sourceforge.net/webadmin/webmin-1.170.tar.gz>

Инсталляция MySQL:

В директории /root редактируем файл.bash_profile:

```
PATH=$PATH:$HOME/bin:/usr/local/mysql/bin
export PATH
```

Или создаем новые добавив в начало файла заголовков (без кавычек)
“# .bash_profile”

Копируем mysql-4.0.20.tar.gz в /tmp/1

```
# groupadd mysql
# useradd -g mysql mysql
# cp mysql-4.0.20.tar.gz /tmp/1/
# cd /tmp/1
# tar -xvzf mysql-4.0.20.tar.gz
# cd mysql-4.0.20
# ./configure --prefix=/usr/local/mysql
# make
# make install
# scripts/mysql_install_db
# chown -R root /usr/local/mysql
# chown -R mysql /usr/local/mysql/var
# chgrp -R mysql /usr/local/mysql
# cp support-files/my-medium.cnf /etc/my.cnf
# cp support-files/mysql.server /etc/init.d/mysql
# chown root.root /etc/init.d/mysql
# chmod 755 /etc/init.d/mysql
# chkconfig --add /etc/init.d/mysql
```

Добавляем в файл /etc/ld.so.conf строки (без кавычек)
“/usr/local/mysql/lib/mysql”
“/usr/local/lib ”

Выполняем
ldconfig -v

Инсталляция Apache и PHP:

Копируем httpd-2.0.52.tar.gz в /tmp/2

```
# cp httpd-2.0.52.tar.gz /tmp/2/
# cd /tmp/2
# tar -xvzf httpd-2.0.52.tar.gz
# cd httpd_2.0.52
# ./configure --prefix=/srv/www --enable-so
# make
```

```
# make install
# /srv/www/bin/apachectl start
```

Проверяем что Apache запустился, заходим браузером.

```
# /srv/www/bin/apachectl stop
```

Создаем скрипт автозапуска (см. приложение 1), кладем его в /etc/init.d.

```
# cd /etc/init.d
# chkconfig -add apache2
```

Копируем php-4.3.9.tar.tar в /tmp/3

```
# cp php-4.3.9.tar.tar /tmp/3/
# cd /tmp/3
# tar -xvzf php-4.3.9.tar.tar
# cd php-4.3.3
# ./configure --prefix=/srv/www/php --with-apxs2=/srv/www/bin/apxs --with-config-file-path=/srv/www/php --enable-sockets --with-mysql=/usr/local/mysql --with-zlib --with-gd (одной строкой)
# make
# make install
# cp php.ini-dist /srv/www/php/php.ini
```

Редактируем /srv/www/conf/httpd.conf, добавляем или редактируем следующие строки:

```
LoadModule php4_module modules/libphp4.so
AddType application/x-tar .tgz
AddType image/x-icon .ico
AddType application/x-httpd-php .php
DirectoryIndex index.php index.html index.html.var
```

Apache устанавливается в /srv/www. Для проверки работы Apache, создаем файл /srv/www/htdocs/test.php содержащий строку “<?php phpinfo(); ?>” (без кавычек). Стартуем Apache

```
# /ect/init.d/apache2 start
заходим браузером http://IP\_Address/test.php
```

Инсталируем SNORT:

Копируем snort-2.2.0.tar.gz в /tmp/4

```
# cp snort-2.2.0.tar.gz /tmp/4/
# cd /tmp/4
# groupadd snort
# useradd -g snort snort
# tar -xvzf snort-2.2.0.tar.gz
```

```
# cd snort-2.2.0
# ./configure --with-mysql=/usr/local/mysql
# make
# make install
# mkdir /etc/snort
# mkdir /var/log/snort
# cd rules
```

делаем следующий блок для каждого интерфейса где должен быть запущен snort, ethx – х номер интерфейса

```
# mkdir /etc/snort/ethx
# mkdir /var/log/snort/ethx
# cp * /etc/snort/ethx
# cd ../etc
# cp snort.conf /etc/snort/ethx
# cp *.config /etc/snort/ethx
# cp unicode.map /etc/snort/ethx
# cp threshold.conf /etc/snort/ethx
# cd ..
```

Создаем скрипт автозапуска (см. приложение 2), кладем его в /etc/init.d.

```
# cd /etc/init.d
# chown root.root /etc/init.d/snort
# chmod 755 /etc/init.d/snort
# chkconfig -add snort
```

Редактируем
INTERFACES="ethx ethy"

Редактируем каждый /etc/snort/ethx/snort.conf file:

```
var HOME_NET $ethx_ADDRESS (ethx - номер интерфейса который будем мониторить)
или
var HOME_NET сеть/маска
var RULE_PATH /etc/snort/ethx (указываем где хранятся правила)
output database: log, mysql, user=snort password=new_password dbname=snort host=localhost
```

В конце файла раскомментируем те правила которые необходимо включить

Устанавливаем скрипт автоматического обновления правил Oinkmaster:

```
# cp oinkmaster-1.1.tar.gz /tmp/5/
# cd /tmp/5
# tar -xvzf oinkmaster-1.1.tar.gz
# cd oinkmaster-1.1
# cp oinkmaster.pl /etc/snort/
# cp oinkmaster.conf /etc/snort/eth0/
```

```
.....  
# cp oinkmaster.conf /etc/snort/ethx/  
# cp oinkmaster.1 /usr/local/man/man.1/man1/
```

В зависимости от версии snort правим параметр url в файле /etc/snort/ethx/oinkmaster.conf

Устанавливаем базу данных в MySQL:

Запускаем mysql

```
# /etc/init.d/mysql start  
# /usr/local/mysql/bin/mysql
```

```
mysql> SET PASSWORD FOR root@localhost=PASSWORD('new_password');  
>Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.25 sec)
```

```
mysql> create database snort;  
>Query OK, 1 row affected (0.01 sec)
```

```
mysql> grant INSERT,SELECT on root.* to snort@localhost;  
>Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.02 sec)
```

```
mysql> SET PASSWORD FOR snort@localhost=PASSWORD('new_password ');  
>Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.25 sec)
```

```
mysql> grant CREATE, INSERT, SELECT, DELETE, UPDATE on snort.* to snort@localhost;  
>Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.02 sec)
```

```
mysql> grant CREATE, INSERT, SELECT, DELETE, UPDATE on snort.* to snort;  
>Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.02 sec)
```

```
mysql> exit  
>Bye
```

Переходим в директорию в которую развернули snort

```
# cd /tmp/4  
# /usr/local/mysql/bin/mysql -u root -p < ./contrib/create_mysql snort  
Enter password:  
(Указываем пароль пользователя root (mysql))
```

Устанавливаем дополнительные таблицы:

```
# zcat ./contrib/snortdb-extra.gz | /usr/local/mysql/bin/mysql -p snort  
Enter password:
```

(Указываем пароль пользователя snort (mysql))

Проверяем что все таблицы создались корректно:

```
# /usr/local/mysql/bin/mysql -p  
>Enter password:
```



```
mysql> SHOW DATABASES;  
(You should see the following)
```

```
+-----+  
| Database  
+-----+  
| mysql  
| snort  
| test  
+-----+  
3 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

```
mysql> use snort  
>Database changed  
mysql> SHOW TABLES;
```

```
+-----+  
| Tables_in_snort  
+-----+  
| data  
| detail  
| encoding  
| event  
| flags  
| icmp_hdr  
| ip_hdr  
| opt  
| protocols  
| reference  
| reference_system  
| schema  
| sensor  
| services  
| sig_class  
| sig_reference  
| signature  
| tcp_hdr  
| udp_hdr  
+-----+  
19 rows in set (0.00 sec)  
>Bye
```

Инсталируем JGraph:

Копируем jgraph-1.16.tar.gz в /srv/www/htdocs

```
# cp jgraph-1.16.tar.gz /srv/www/htdocs  
# cd /srv/www/htdocs
```

```
# tar -xvzf jpgraph-1.16.tar.gz
# rm -rf jpgraph-1.16.tar.gz
```

Инсталируем ADODB:

Копируем adodb454.gz в /srv/www/htdocs

```
# cp adodb454.gz /srv/www/htdocs/
# cd /srv/www/htdocs
# tar -xvzf adodb454.gz
# rm -rf adodb454.gz
```

Инсталируем BASE:

Копируем base-1.0.tar.gz в /srv/www/htdocs

```
# cp base-1.0.tar.gz /srv/www/htdocs
# cd /srv/www/htdocs
# tar -xvzf base-1.0.tar.gz
# rm -rf base-1.0.tar.gz
# cd base
# cp base_conf.php.dist base_conf.php
```

Редактируем /srv/www/htdocs/base/base_conf.php

```
$BASE_Language = "russian";
$Use_Auth_System = 0;
$BASE_urlpath = "/base";
$DBlib_path = "/srv/www/htdocs/adodb";
$DBtype = "mysql";
```

```
$alert_dbname = "snort";
$alert_host = "localhost";
$alert_port = "";
$alert_user = "snort";
$alert_password = "new_password";
```

```
$archive_dbname = "snort";
$archive_host = "localhost";
$archive_port = "";
$archive_user = "snort";
$archive_password = "new_password";
```

```
$ChartLib_path = "/srv/www/htdocs/jpgraph-1.16/src";
```

```
$chart_file_format = "png";
```

Запускаем apache, mysql, snort и заходим браузером по адресу http://yourhost/base/base_main.php.

При первом запуске будет предложено инициализировать БД, заходи в "Setup page", нажимаем "Create BASE AG".

Заходим на `http://yourhost/base/`

Устанавливаем пароль на BASE:

```
# mkdir /srv/www/passwords
# /srv/www/bin/htpasswd -c /srv/www/passwords/passwords/passwords base
```

base – пользователь под которым будем обращаться к BASE.

Добавляем в `/srv/www/conf/httpd.conf`

```
<Directory "/srv/www/htdocs/base">
  AuthType Basic
  AuthName "SnortIDS"
  AuthUserFile /srv/www/passwords/passwords
  Require user base
</Directory>
```

Now restart the http service (`/etc/init.d/httpd restart`) and next time you go to the acid webpage you will get a prompt for a username and password. (if you are running some of the anti-spyware features of software like spybot search and destroy you will get an error when trying to view this page, or any that require authentication)

Инсталируем дополнительный сенсор FW

Ставим `mysql-devel` и `mysql-client`

```
# ln -s /usr/lib/mysql/ /usr/local/lib/mysql
```

Распаковываем snort

```
# cd snort-2.2.0
```

```
# ./configure --with-mysql
```

```
.....
```

```
# /usr/local/mysql/bin/mysql -u root -p
```

```
mysql> SET PASSWORD FOR 'snort'@'%'=PASSWORD('new_password');
```

```
>Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.25 sec)
```

```
mysql> exit;
```

```
>Bye
```

Инсталируем Webmin

```
# cp webmin-1.170.tar.gz /tmp/7/
```

```
# cd /tmp/7
# tar -xvzf webmin-1.170.tar.gz
# cd webmin-1.170
# ./setup.sh /usr/local/webmin
```

Инсталируем perl-Net_SSLeay 1.25-29 и openssl-devel 0.9.7d-25
perl-DBD-mysql 2.9004-2

Troubleshooting

If you are having trouble type the following

```
snort -c /etc/snort/snort.conf
```

It will give you output that will be helpful. It will tell you if you are having problems with rules or if you have a bad line in your conf file. If you do this and read the output you will be able to fix most of the problems I get e-mailed with.

Make sure that the line for MySQL in the snort.conf file is not wrapped or cut into two lines. I have seen this happen a lot.

Приложение 1.

```
#!/bin/sh
#
# /etc/init.d/apache2
#
### BEGIN INIT INFO
# Provides:          apache2 httpd2
# Required-Start:    $local_fs $remote_fs $network
# X-UnitedLinux-Should-Start: $named $time postgresql sendmail mysql ypclient

dhcp radiusd
# Required-Stop:     $local_fs $remote_fs $network
# X-UnitedLinux-Should-Stop:
# Default-Start:    3 5
# Default-Stop:     0 1 2 6
# Short-Description: Apache2 httpd
# Description:      Start the httpd daemon Apache 2
### END INIT INFO

pname=apache2

apache_exe=/srv/www/bin/apachectl

#
# main part
#
case "$1" in
start*)
    echo -n "Starting httpd2 "
    $apache_exe start
    ;;
stop)
    echo -n "Shutting down httpd2 "
    $apache_exe stop
    ;;
restart)
    $0 stop
    $0 start "$@"
    # Remember status and be quiet
    ;;
*)
    cat >&2 <<-EOF
    Usage: $0 <command>
    where <command> is one of:
        start      - start httpd
        stop       - stop httpd (sendign SIGTERM to parent)
        restart    - stop httpd if running; start httpd
        help      - this screen

    EOF
    exit 1
esac

#!/bin/bash
# /etc/init.d/snort
### BEGIN INIT INFO
```

```

# Provides: snort
# Required-Start: apache2 mysql $network
# Required-Stop: mysql
# Default-Start: 3 5
# Default-Stop: 0 1 2 4 6
# short-Description: start and stop Snort
# Description: Network Intrusion Dectection
#
# $JFW: snort_new,v 1.16 2003/11/29 14:51:37 tflat Exp $
#
# Author:   James F. Wilkus   <james@unixninja.us>
# About:    Snort Control Script
#           This script was written to handle multiple interfaces, and as a
#           frontend to oinkmaster. For each interface in INTERFACES,
#           create a directory that contains all snort rules and configs.
#
#           Each interface has its own configuration files and rule
#           sets. I needed a way to control different rule sets for each
#           interface.
#
#           Here is an example:
#
#           INTERFACES="r10 fxp0"
#
#           /etc/snort
#             oinkmaster.pl
#             r10/
#               *.rules
#               snort.conf
#               oinkmaster.conf
#             fxp0/
#               *.rules
#               snort.conf
#               oinkmaster.conf
#
#
# Usage:    rc.snort -i &lt;interface&gt; [ start | update | stop ]
#
#
# Other:
#
# oinkmaster is a snort signature management tool. I highly suggest it. You
# can get it from:
#
# http://www.snort.org/dl/contrib/signature\_management/oinkmaster/oinkmaster-0.6.tar.gz
#
# For use on SuSE/RedHat systems, copy this script to /etc/init.d and run:
#
## chkconfig snort on
#

umask 022

SNORT_PATH=/usr/local/bin
SNORTDIR=/etc/snort
SNORTLOG=/var/log/snort
SNORTUSER=snort
SNORTGROUP=snort

```

```

INTERFACES="eth4 eth5"
OPTIONS="-D"

test -x $SNORT_PATH/snort || exit 0

start_snort()
{
  for INT in ${INTERFACES}
  do
    unset SKIP
    PIDFILE="/var/run/snort_${INT}.pid"
    SNORTCONF="${SNORTDIR}/${INT}/snort.conf"
    if [ -f "${PIDFILE}" ]; then
      SPROC=$( cat ${PIDFILE} )
      SNORTPID=$( ps -p ${SPROC} | grep -v PID )
      if [ -z "${SNORTPID}" ]; then
        echo "Removing stale PID file for ${INT}."
        rm ${PIDFILE}
      else
        echo "Snort is still running on ${INT}, skipping!"
        SKIP=YES
      fi
    fi
    if [ "${SKIP}" != "YES" ]; then
      echo "Snorting ${INT}"
      ifconfig ${INT} up
      $SNORT_PATH/snort -I -i ${INT} -c ${SNORTCONF} -g ${SNORTGROUP} -l ${SNORTLOG}/${INT}
      $OPTIONS
    fi
  done
}

oinkmaster()
{
  for INT in ${INTERFACES}
  do
    ${SNORTDIR}/oinkmaster.pl -C ${SNORTDIR}/${INT}/oinkmaster.conf -o ${SNORTDIR}/${INT}
  done
}

stop_snort()
{
  for INT in ${INTERFACES}
  do
    PIDFILE="/var/run/snort_${INT}.pid"
    if [ -f "${PIDFILE}" ]; then
      SPROC=$( cat ${PIDFILE} )
      echo "Stopping snort pid ${SPROC}"
      kill ${SPROC}
      rm ${PIDFILE}
    else
      echo "Snort is not running on ${INT}!"
    fi
  done
}

case $1 in
  start)
    start_snort ;;
  stop)

```

```
    stop_snort ;;
update)
    echo "Updating Snort rules"
    oinkmaster ;;
restart)
    $0 stop
    $0 start
    ;;
*)
    echo "$0 [ start | stop | restart ]" ;;
esac
```