

ADA

VOTING RECORD 1970

ADA's Voting Record is being issued early this year, together with a special Foreign Policy Voting Record. At the end of the year a supplement will be issued if events warrant. (A few December 1969 votes, taken after work on the 1969 Record was largely completed, have been included in the 1970 Record.)

ADA is releasing the regular record at this time because 1970 election stakes are very high and because political interest is high. Hundreds of thousands of new political activists are evaluating the performance of their Senators and Representatives. Perhaps more than ever before political action is being determined in part by legislative records.

And because the war in Southeast Asia has focused the attention of the American people on U.S. foreign policy, ADA also is issuing a Foreign Policy Voting Record, showing votes of House members and Senators whose terms expire this year on foreign policy issues selected from ADA records going back to the early sixties.

One fact that emerges is that there were not very many foreign policy issues to choose among, especially in the House, whose foreign policy role has dwindled with the years until it is little more than an appropriations conveyor.

Another fact of interest is that many hawks of yesterday have turned into today's doves—a perfect picture of the changing political climate in America.

\$4,000. Amendment adopted 36-34, Feb. 23, 1970.

A vote for is plus, a vote against minus.

15. School Desegregation

Amendment by Sen. Mathias (R-Md.) to the Labor-HEW appropriations bill to modify restrictive amendments which would cripple school desegregation enforcement. Amendment accepted 42-32, Feb. 28, 1970.

A vote for is plus, a vote against minus.

16. Nomination of G. Harrold Carswell

Supreme Court nomination of G. Harrold Carswell as an Associate Justice of the U.S. Supreme Court. Nomination rejected 51-45, April 8, 1970.

A vote against is plus, a vote for minus.

17. Cambodia

Sen. Byrd's (D-W. Va.) amendment stating that provisions limiting U.S. military involvement in Cambodia would give the President a free hand, without Congressional review, in taking such action as might be necessary to protect U.S. forces in South Vietnam. Rejected 52-47, June 11, 1970.

A vote against is plus, a vote for minus.

18. Surplus Arms Program

Amendment by Sen. Dominick (R-Colo.) to increase the ceiling limitation on the surplus arms program. Amendment rejected 43-38, June 18, 1970.

A vote against is plus, a vote for minus.

19. Cambodia

Motion to table a motion to reconsider the vote on the Griffin (R-Mich.) amendment to the Cooper-Church amendment. The Griffin amendment permitted the U.S. to pay soldiers from other countries to fight in Cambodia, without congressional approval for the expenditure. The defeat of the Griffin amendment required a series of complicated parliamentary maneuvers. The vote chosen here was the essential vote in ultimately defeating the Griffin amendment. Motion to table rejected 47-46, June 30, 1970.

A vote against is plus, a vote for minus.

20. D.C. Crime Bill

Final vote on the conference report on the D.C. Court Reform and Criminal Procedures Act of 1970. Conference report adopted 54-33, July 23, 1970.

A vote against is plus, a vote for minus.

The Act provides for reorganization of the D.C. court system and revision of its criminal laws to include repressive provisions: pre-trial detention under certain conditions, mandatory sentences for some repeat offenders, no-knock search and seizure, and expanded use of wire-taps.

EXPLANATORY NOTE

The Voting Record is offered as a guide in judging the performance of Senators and Congressmen on issues of importance. Readers, however, will recognize the Record's inherent limitations. It is, of course, no measure of a legislator's creative ability or the diligence with which he performs his work in committee. It does not reflect on its face the failure of the Congress to deal with some major issues or the degree of responsibility of individual legislators. These judgments cannot be made in statistics or percentages; they require the use of other yardsticks and careful scrutiny on an individual basis of the capability and performance of legislators.

It may be noted that many procedural votes have been chosen. Votes on rules for debate or on procedures for amending important legislation on the floor often reveal basic liberal and conservative positions which are obscured in the vote for final passage or defeat.

1970 SENATE ISSUES

1. Tax Reform

Amendment to the tax bill providing that the tax base on inherited property be the same for the inheritor as it was for the decedent. Amendment defeated 47-31, Dec. 5, 1969.

A vote for is plus, a vote against minus.

2. Military Aid to Greece

Sen. Dodd's (D-Conn.) amendment to foreign aid legislation overturning a Foreign Relations Committee ban of further grants of military aid to Greece. Amendment adopted 45-38, Dec. 12, 1969.

A vote against is plus, a vote for minus.

3. Aid to Laos and Thailand

Motion by Sen. McGee (D-Wyo.) to table the Cooper-Mansfield amendment to the Defense Appropriations Bill. The Cooper-Mansfield amendment limited aid to Laos and Thailand. Motion rejected 48-41, Dec. 15, 1969.

A vote against is plus, a vote for minus.

4. School Desegregation

Amendment by Sen. Scott (R-Pa.) to the Labor-HEW Appropriations Bill to modify the restrictive Whitten amendments which would cripple school desegregation enforcement. Amendment accepted 52-37, Dec. 17, 1969.

A vote for is plus, a vote against minus.

5. Campus Disorders

Sen. Javits' (R-N.Y.) amendment deleting from the Labor-HEW Appropriations Bill for fiscal 1970 provisions that would restrict universities and colleges. Amendment accepted 49-43, Dec. 17, 1969.

A vote for is plus, a vote against minus.

The Senate Appropriations Committee had added a provision specifying that if colleges had experienced two or more disruptions without taking action against participants or seeking aid from law enforcement officials, then HEW could demand from the schools plans for dealing with disorders as a prerequisite for granting federal aid.

6. Philadelphia Plan

Issue of germaneness of an amendment to the fiscal 1970 Supplemental Appropriations Bill intended to kill the Philadelphia Plan. The Philadelphia Plan requires the hiring of minority construction workers on federal construction projects. Germaneness sustained 52-37, Dec. 18, 1969.

A vote against germaneness is plus, a vote for minus.

7. Foreign Military Aid

Motion by Sen. Mansfield (D-Mont.) to table the conference report on the fiscal 1970 Foreign Aid Appropriations Bill so that funds for military aid to Taiwan and South Korea would not exceed the ceiling established in the au-

thorization bill. Motion accepted 39-29, Dec. 20, 1969.

A vote for is plus, a vote against minus.

8. Organized Crime Control

Amendment to the Organized Crime Control Act by Sen. Tydings (D-Md.) to create the position of Assistant Attorney General for Organized Crime Control. Amendment defeated 45-29, Jan. 22, 1970.

A vote for is plus, a vote against minus.

9. Crime Control

Amendment by Sen. Kennedy (D-Mass.) and Sen. Hart (D-Mich.) to delete Title VII, Organized Crime Control Act of 1969. Title VII overturned a Supreme Court decision protecting rights of defendants. Amendment rejected 53-20, Jan. 23, 1970.

A vote for is plus, a vote against minus.

10. No-Knock Search and Seizure

Motion by Sen. Ervin (D-N.C.) to table the amendment by Sen. Griffin (R-Mich.) to allow police entry through the no-knock procedure under the Controlled Dangerous Substances Act. Motion rejected 44-40, Jan. 27, 1970.

A vote for is plus, a vote against minus.

11. Marijuana Penalties

Amendment to the Controlled Dangerous Substances Act by Sen. Hughes (D-Iowa) to reduce penalties for possession or distribution of marijuana. Penalties for sale of marijuana would not be reduced. Amendment rejected 58-24, Jan. 28, 1970.

A vote for is plus, a vote against minus.

12. Federal School Aid

Amendment by Sen. Dominick (R-Colo.) to the Elementary and Secondary Education legislation to prevent children residing in federally financed public housing from being counted for aid to federally impacted areas. Amendment rejected 43-32, Feb. 6, 1970.

A vote against is plus, a vote for minus.

13. School Integration

Amendment by Sen. Stennis (D-Miss.) to the Elementary and Secondary Education amendments requiring equal enforcement throughout the country in dealing with both de jure and de facto school segregation. The amendment set no policy for enforcement and serves to preserve segregated schools in the South. Amendment adopted 56-36, Feb. 18, 1970.

A vote against is plus, a vote for minus.

14. Child Nutrition

Amendment by Sen. McGovern (D-S.D.) to strengthen the National School Lunch Act of 1946 and the Child Nutrition Act of 1966 to authorize \$150 million through fiscal 1973 for the school breakfast program and to determine eligibility on the basis of family income under

1970 SENATE VOTING RECORD

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	LQ
ALABAMA																					
ALLEN	+	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	15	
SPARKMAN	A	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	15	
ALASKA																					
GRAVEL	A	A	+	+	+	+	A	+p	A	+p	A	+	+	+	+a	+	+	+p	+	75	
Stevens	*	-	-	+	+	-	A	-	A	-	A	-	A	-	A	-	A	-	A	20	
ARIZONA																					
Fannin	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	A	-	-	-	-	0	
Goldwater	-p	-	-	-	-	-	A	A	-	A	-	A	-	A	A	-	-	-	-	0	
ARKANSAS																					
FULBRIGHT	+	+	+	+	+	+	-	-	-	+	A	-	-	A	-p	+	+	+p	+	55	
McClellan	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0	
CALIFORNIA																					
CRANSTON	A	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	A	+	+	+a	+	+	+	+	+	+	90	
Murphy	-	-	-	-	-	-	A	-	-	-a	A	-	-	-	-	-a	-	-	-a	-	0
COLORADO																					
Allott	-	+	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-p	-	-	p	-	-	-	-	-	-	5	
Dominick	-	-	-	+	-	-	-	-	-	-p	A	-	+a	-	+	-	-	-	-	15	
CONNECTICUT																					
DODD	+	-	-	+	-	-	-	-	-	-	A	+	A	A	+	-	-p	A	A	20	
RIBICOFF	+	+	+	+	+p	+	+	+	+p	+	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	95	
DELAWARE																					
Boggs	-	+	+	+	-	+	A	-	-	-	-p	+	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	30	
Williams	-	+	-	-	-	-	A	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	10	
FLORIDA																					
HOLLAND	+	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	+	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	15	
Gurney	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	+p	-p	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-a	-	-	5	
GEORGIA																					
RUSSELL	A	-	A	-p	A	-p	A	-	-	-	-	+	-	-p	-	-	-	A	A	5	
TALMADGE	-	-	-	-	-	-	A	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0	
HAWAII																					
INOUE	-	+	+	+p	A	A	A	+	A	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+p	+	75	
Fong	-	+	-	+	-	+	-	+	-	-	+	-	+	+	+	+	-	-	+	45	
IDAHO																					
CHURCH	-	+	+	+	+	+	A	A	+	+	+	+	A	A	+	+	+	+	+	75	
Jordan	-	-	+	-	-	-	A	-	-a	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5	
ILLINOIS																					
Percy	-	+	+	+	+	+p	-a	-p	-a	+p	-	A	+	+	+a	+	+	-	-	55	
Smith	-a	-	-	-	-	-	+p	-p	-p	-	-a	+p	+a	-p	-p	-	-	-a	-	15	
INDIANA																					
BAYH	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	A	+	-	A	+a	A	+p	+	+	+p	A	+	75	
HARTKE	+	+	+	+	+	+p	+	A	-	A	A	+A	A	+A	A	+	+	A	+	60	
IOWA																					
HUGHES	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	+p	+	+	+	+	95	
Miller	+	-a	-p	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	A	+a	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	10	
KANSAS																					
Dole	-	-	-	+	+	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	10	
Pearson	-	-	-	+	-	A	A	A	-	-	+	-	-a	+	-	-	-	-	-	20	
KENTUCKY																					
Cook	A	+	-	+	+	-	+p	-a	+	-	-p	-	+p	+	-	A	-	+	45		
Cooper	-	+p	A	A	A	A	-a	+	+	-p	-	+p	+	-	-	+a	-	+	+	50	
LOUISIANA																					
ELLENDER	+	+	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	A	-	15	
LONG	+	A	-	-	-	-	A	-	-	-	-	-	A	-p	-	-	-	-p	-	5	

**KEY TO SYMBOLS
FOR HOUSE AND SENATE VOTES**

DEMOCRATS AS THE MAJORITY PARTY ARE LISTED IN UPPER CASE. Republicans are in upper and lower case. The number next to a Representative's name refers to his district. AL means the Representative has no specific district but was elected "at large."

- LQ** (Liberal Quotient) is the rating of a member's liberalism determined by the percentage of his votes cast, paired or announced, in support of liberal policy measured against the number of votes counted.

 - + Indicates a vote which ADA believes to be in harmony with liberal policies.
 - Indicates a vote which ADA believes to be contrary to liberal policies.
 - +p Indicates a pair in favor of what ADA considers the liberal position.
 - p Indicates a pair contrary to what ADA considers the liberal position.
 - +a Means the member was absent but was officially announced favoring the liberal position.
 - a Means a member was absent but was officially announced as opposing the liberal position.
 - A** Indicates the member was officially recorded as absent, or as present without an announced position.

SENATE FOREIGN POLICY ISSUES

1. Test Ban Treaty

Sen. Mansfield (D-Mont.) motion to table the reservation to the Limited Nuclear Test Ban Treaty stipulating the treaty does not preclude use of nuclear weapons in armed conflicts. Motion to table passed 61-33, Sept. 2, 1963.

A vote to table the reservation is plus, a vote against minus.

Sen. Tower (R-Texas) and Sen. Long (D-La.) urged an "understanding" that the treaty would not prohibit use of nuclear weapons in armed conflicts. President Kennedy and Senate treaty supporters considered the "understanding" to be in reality a treaty reservation and vigorously opposed it. (The treaty does not prohibit use of nuclear weapons in armed conflicts.) Any reservation risked USSR rejection of the treaty.

2. Test Ban Treaty

Passage of the Limited Nuclear Test Ban Treaty, 80-19, Sept. 24, 1963.

A vote for the treaty is plus, a vote against minus.

3. Trade with Communist Countries

Sen. Mansfield motion to table Sen. Mundt's (R-S.D.) bill prohibiting U.S. government guaranteed credit on trade with Communist countries. Passage of the bill would have meant killing wheat sales to the USSR and Hungary. Motion to table passed 57-35, Nov. 26, 1963.

A vote for tabling is plus, a vote against minus.

4. CIA

Sen. Russell's (D-Ga.) point of order objecting to resolution adding three Senate Foreign Rela-

tions Committee members to the CIA Oversight Committee. The Senate upheld it and referred the resolution to the Armed Services Committee, thereby preventing a vote on the resolution. Point of order sustained 61-28, July 14, 1966.

A vote against the point of order is plus, a vote for minus.

5. Military Aid

Sen. McGovern's (D-S.D.) amendment to reduce military aid funds by \$250 million for fiscal 1967. Amendment defeated 71-23, July 27, 1966.

A vote for the amendment is plus, a vote against minus.

6. Selective Service

Final vote on the conference report on the Military Selective Service Act of 1967. The conference report extended the military draft and related statutes for four years, from July 1, 1967, to July 1, 1971; prohibited the President from instituting a draft lottery; and limited the President's authority to order other draft revisions. Conference report accepted 72-23, June 14, 1967.

A vote against the report is plus, a vote for minus.

With this amendment to the Foreign Aid Authorization, Sen. Jackson (D-Wash.) and Sen. Tower sought to restore a special Defense Department revolving fund, removed by the Senate Foreign Relations Committee, which provided financing for arms sales to underdeveloped countries. The amendment also provided new authority for the Defense Department to buy promissory notes given arms manufacturers by nations purchasing the arms.

8. Arms Control and Disarmament

Sen. Clark (D-Pa.) amendment to extend the life of the Arms Control and Disarmament Agency (ACDA) for three years through June 30, 1971, and authorize \$33 billion. Amendment rejected 53-18, April 22, 1968.

A vote for the amendment is plus, a vote against minus.

9. ABM

Sen. Hart (D-Mich.) and Sen. Cooper (R-Ky.) amendment to the Military Construction Authorization delaying authorization of \$227.3 million for the Sentinel ABM system until fiscal 1970. Amendment rejected 52-34, June 24, 1968.

A vote for the amendment is plus, a vote against minus.

10. Nuclear Nonproliferation Treaty

Ervin reservation to the Nuclear Nonproliferation Treaty on nuclear attacks. The effect of any reservation on the treaty would have been to undermine the agreement. Reservation rejected 69-25, March 13, 1969.

SENATE FOREIGN POLICY ISSUES

A vote against the reservation is plus, a vote for minus.

11. National Commitments

Mundt-Dodd (D-Conn.) substitute amendment specifying when affirmative action by Congress was necessary in order to make a national commitment. Amendment rejected 50-36, June 25, 1969.

A vote against is plus, a vote for minus.

The Foreign Relations Committee resolution which the Mundt-Dodd substitute would have amended defined a national commitment as the use of U.S. armed forces on foreign territory or a promise to assist a foreign country by armed force or financial resources and stipulated that a national commitment could result "only from affirmative action taken by the executive and legislative branches" in the form of a treaty, statute or concurrent resolution. The substitute would have permitted the President to define a national commitment in almost all contingencies without legislative affirmation.

12. ABM

Hart-Cooper amendment to the Military Procurement Authorization Bill for fiscal 1970, restricting funds for the Safeguard ABM system to research and development, and prohibiting deployment. Amendment rejected 51-49, Aug. 6, 1969.

A vote for is a plus, a vote against minus.

The amendment was the rallying point for Senate ABM critics during the weeks of debate on the ABM. The unprecedented close vote gave critics of U.S. nuclear policy and excessive defense spending a foundation for further assaults on national defense and security policy.

13. Defense Auditing

Amendment to the Military Procurement Au-

thorization Bill for fiscal 1970 setting up audits over defense contracts. Amendment adopted 47-46, Aug. 7, 1969.

A vote for is plus, a vote against minus.

14. Bomber Fund Cuts

The amendment, introduced by Sen. Schweiker (R-Pa.), directs the Secretary of Defense and the Comptroller General, who heads the General Accounting Office, to set up a reporting system for major contracts entered into by the Department of Defense, any of its departments or agencies, or any armed service. It directs the Secretary of Defense to transmit quarterly the findings of each review to the Congress and its respective committees on Armed Services and Appropriations. The Comptroller General will make an independent audit of the reporting system developed by the Secretary of Defense and furnish to Congress annually a report as to the adequacy of the reporting system.

15. Military Aid to Greece

An amendment offered by Sen. McGovern to the Military Procurement Authorization Act for fiscal 1970 to reduce funds for the Air Force's new AMSA-B-1A bomber from \$95 million to \$20 million. The amendment was defeated 56-32, Sept. 16, 1969.

A vote for is plus, a vote against minus.

16. Aid to Laos and Thailand

Sen. Dodd's amendment to foreign aid legislation overturning a Foreign Relations Committee ban of further grants of military aid to Greece. Adopted 45-38, Dec. 12, 1969.

A vote against is plus, a vote for minus.

17. Foreign Military Aid

Motion by Sen. Mansfield to table the conference report on the fiscal 1970 Foreign Aid Appropriations Bill so that funds for military aid to Taiwan and South Korea would not exceed the ceiling established in the authorization bill. Motion accepted 39-29, Dec. 20, 1969.

A vote for is plus, a vote against minus.

Motion to table rejected 48-41, Dec. 15, 1969.
A vote against is plus, a vote for minus.

18. Cambodia

Motion by Sen. Byrd's (D-W. Va.) amendment stating that provisions limiting U.S. military involvement in Cambodia would give the President a free hand, without Congressional review, in taking such action as might be necessary to protect U.S. forces in South Vietnam. Rejected 52-47, June 11, 1970.

A vote against is plus, a vote for minus.

19. Surplus Arms Program

Sen. Dominick's (R-Colo.) amendment to increase the ceiling limitation on the surplus arms program. Amendment rejected 43-38, June 18, 1970.

A vote against is plus, a vote for minus.

20. Cambodia

Motion to table a motion to reconsider the vote on the Griffin (R-Mich.) amendment to the Cooper-Church amendment. The Griffin amendment permitted the U.S. to pay soldiers from other countries to fight in Cambodia, without Congressional approval for the expenditure. The defeat of the Griffin amendment required a series of complicated parliamentary maneuvers. The vote chosen here was the essential vote in ultimately defeating the Griffin amendment. Motion to table rejected 47-46, June 30, 1970.

A vote against is plus, a vote for minus.

SENATE FOREIGN POLICY VOTING RECORD

1970 HOUSE ISSUES

1. Interest Rates

Motion by Rep. Widnall (R-N.J.) to recommit and thereby defeat bill to reduce interest rates. Motion rejected 206-193, Dec. 17, 1969.

A vote against is plus, a vote for minus.

2. School Desegregation

Motion by Rep. Flood (D-Pa.) to table Rep. Conte's (R-Mass.) motion instructing House conferees to accept pro-civil rights and school integration Senate amendments to the Labor-HEW Appropriations Bill. Motion rejected 216-181, Dec. 18, 1969.

A vote against is plus, a vote for minus.

3. Nationalist China

Motion by Rep. Conte (R-Mass.) to recommit the Foreign Aid Appropriations Bill for fiscal 1970 to House-Senate conference with instructions to delete \$54.5 million to supply Nationalist China with a squadron of jet fighter planes. Motion rejected 220-136, Dec. 20, 1969.

A vote for is plus, a vote against minus.

4. Philadelphia Plan

Motion by Rep. Mahon (D-Texas) killing the Philadelphia Plan. The Philadelphia Plan would require the hiring of minority construction workers on federal construction projects. Motion rejected 208-156, Dec. 22, 1969.

A vote against is plus, a vote for minus.

5. Labor-HEW Appropriations

Motion to override President Nixon's veto of

the Fiscal 1970 Appropriations Bill for Labor-HEW. A two-thirds majority was needed to override the President's veto. Override rejected 191-226, Jan. 28, 1970.

A vote for the motion is plus, a vote against minus.

6. Industrial Security

Final vote on the Defense Facilities and Industrial Security Act of 1970. The bill adds a fourth title to the Internal Security Act of 1950. The measure passed 274-65, Jan. 29, 1970.

A vote against is plus, a vote for minus.

The measure provides a legislative base for three national security programs: protection of industrial facilities and defense production; protection of classified data released to contractors; and protection of vessels and waterfront facilities. It was opposed by House liberals as a threat to civil liberties, under which Vietnam war opponents, draft resisters, student activists, civil rights workers, labor organizers could be refused employment.

7. Labor-HEW Appropriations

Motion by Rep. Flood (D-Pa.) to move the previous question, thereby adopting the pro-segregation Whitten amendments. Motion adopted 238-157, Feb. 19, 1970.

A vote against is plus, a vote for minus.

8. School Desegregation

Motion by Rep. Conte (R-Mass.) to instruct House conferees to accept pro-integration Senate amendments to the second Fiscal 1970 Labor-HEW Appropriations Bill. Motion adopted 231-152, March 3, 1970.

A vote for is plus, a vote against minus.

9. D.C. Crime Bill

Final vote on the District of Columbia Court Reform and Criminal Procedures Act of 1970, to provide for reorganization of the D.C. court system and revision of its criminal laws to include repressive provisions: pre-trial detention of persons accused of certain crimes, mandatory sentences for repeat offenders, no-knock search and seizure, expanded use of wiretaps, and transfer of the District's Lorton Reformatory (for juveniles) to federal jurisdiction. Passed 294-47, March 19, 1970.

A vote against is plus, a vote for minus.

10. Family Assistance

Final vote on the Family Assistance Act replacing the Aid to Families with Dependent Children program with a family assistance plan providing guaranteed federal payment to poor families. Passed 243-155, April 16, 1970.

A vote for is plus, a vote against minus.

11. Military Procurement—Cambodia

Rep. Rivers' (D-S.C.) motion to order the previous question on the Military Procurement Authorization. The purpose of voting down the call for the previous question would have been to permit a roll call vote on the Leggett amendment to the bill. The Leggett (D-Calif.) amendment placed restraints on the use of funds to

A vote for *is plus*, a vote against *minus*.

170, July 23, 1970.

Rep. O'Hara's (D-Mich.) motion to recommit the conference report on the Employment Security Committee's bill to the Senate Select Committee on Small Business was rejected by a vote of 1970 to 1970.

18. Unemployment Compensation for Farm Workers

A vote against is plus, a vote for minus.

Motion to table the motion instructing House conferees to concur in the Senate-passed Cooper-Church amendment barring further troop commitments to Cambodia. The Cooper-Church amendment was added in the Senate to the Foreign Military Sales Act previously passed by the House. Motion to table adopted 237-153, July 9, 1970.

17. Cambodia—Cooper-Church

A vote against is plus, a vote for minus.

Rules Committee amendment to strike the pre-
amble to a resolution creating a Select House
Southwest Asia Study Committee. The pream-
ble stated that the Cambodian operations and
the renewed air action over North Vietnam
added a new dimension to the war and that the
House needed accurate and detailed informa-
tion to fulfill its role. The preamble sigmafied
concern over the extension of the war into
Cambodia. Amendment to strike preamble
adopted 211-85, June 8, 1970.

16. Cambodia

A vote for is plus, a vote against minus.

15. Voting Rights A- - 18-Year-Old Vote
Motion to accept the previous question and thereby extend the pro-civil rights 1965 Voting Rights Act and grant the vote to 18-year-olds.

18 X-74 B-100-A4 19 V-212-B1-100-A4 19

Motion passed 251-133, May 20, 1970.

Rep. Rives' (D-S.C.) motion to order the pre-
vious question on the Military Construction
Authorization Bill. A vote against the previous
question was aimed at denying \$322 million
in the bill for construction of the ABM system.

14. ABM

A vote against it is plus, a vote for minus. Members opposed to the use of American troops in Cambodia used the debate on the second Supplemental Appropriations Bill in an attempt to prohibit the use of funds for such actions. Rep. Boland (D-Mass.), sponsored the Cambodian amendment which would have prevented use of fiscal 1971 funds to support pre-bat forces in Cambodia and in other countries.

13. Cambodia

A vote against is plus, a vote for minus.

Final vote on the military procurement au-
thorization Bill which provides \$20,237,489,000
for military procurement and research for fis-
cal 1971. Passed 326-69, May 6, 1970.

12. Military Procurement

A vote against is plus, a vote for minus.

support combat forces in Cambodia and in other countries. A vote against the call for the previous question indicated a member's willingness to be recorded on the League's amendment. Adopted 248-146, May 6, 1970.

1970 HOUSE VOTING RECORD

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	LQ
ALABAMA																			
3 ANDREWS	A	A	A	-p	+	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	6	
7 BEVILL	+	-	A	-p	+	-p	-	-	-	-	A	-	-	-	-	-	-	11	
5 FLOWERS	+	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	A	A	A	-	-	-	-	6	
8 JONES	+	-	+	-	+	-	-	A	-	-	-	-	-	-p	-	-	-	17	
4 NICHOLS	+	-	-	-p	+	-	-	A	-	-	-	-	-	-	A	-	-	11	
6 Buchanan	-	-	-	+	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	6	
2 Dickinson	-	-	-	+	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	A	-	-	-	-	-	6	
1 Edwards	-	-	-	+	-	-	-	-	-	A	A	-	-	-	-	-	-	6	
ALASKA																			
AL Pollock	-p	'A	-	+p	+	A	-p	-	-	A	A	A	A	A	+p	A	-p	A	17
ARIZONA																			
2 UDALL	+	+	+	+	+	A	+	A	A	+	+	-	+	+	-	+	+	72	
1 Rhodes	-	+	-	+	-	-	-	+	-	+	-	-	-	-	-	-p	-	22	
3 Steiger	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	A	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0	
ARKANSAS																			
1 ALEXANDER	+	-	-	-	+	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	A	+	-	17	
2 MILLS	+	-	-	A	+	A	-	-	A	+	-	-	-	-	A	-	-	17	
4 PRYOR	+	-	-	+	-	-	A	-	+	-	+p	+	-	A	-	-	A	39	
3 Hammerschmidt	-	-	-	+p	-	-	+	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	11	
CALIFORNIA																			
5 BURTON	+	+	+	+	+	+p	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	A	+	+	94	
7 COHELAN	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	100	
9 EDWARDS	+p	+	A	A	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	A	+	+	83	
34 HANNA	+p	A	+	+	+	-	+	-	+p	+	-	+	+	+	A	+	+p	72	
2 JOHNSON	+	+	-	+	+	-	+	-	+p	-p	-p	-	+	-	+	+	+	50	
4 LEGGETT	+	+	-	+	+	-	+	-	+p	-p	-p	-	+	-	+	+p	+p	89	
15 McFALL	+	+	+	+	+	+p	+	A	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	44	
8 MILLER	+	+	A	A	+	+	+	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	A	-	-	50	
3 MOSS	A	A	A	A	+p	+p	A	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	67	
16 SISK	A	A	A	A	-	-	A	+	+	-	-	-	-	-	A	-	-	33	
38 TUNNEY	+p	A	A	+	+	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	+p	+	+	50	
37 VAN DEERLIN	+	+	+	+	+	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	+p	+	+	83	
14 WALDIE	+	+	+	+	+	A	+	+	-	+p	+p	+p	+p	+p	+	+	+	100	
1 Clausen	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-p	-	-	11	
10 Gubser	-	-	-	-	-	A	+	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-p	-	-	22	
11 McCloskey	A	+	+	+	-	+p	A	+	-	+p	+p	+p	+p	+p	-	-	-	67	
6 Mailiard	-	+	+	+	-	-	A	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	A	33	
18 Mathias	-	+	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	A	-	-	17	
33 Pettis	-	-	-	-	-	A	+	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	28	
12 Talcott	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	22	
13 Teague	-	-	-	A	A	A	A	-	A	A	A	A	A	-	-	-	-	6	
35 Utt	-	-	-	-	-	A	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
36 Wilson	-	+	-	-	-	-p	-	A	+	-	-p	-	-	A	-	-p	-	22	
LOS ANGELES COUNTY																			
17 ANDERSON	+	+	+	+	A	+	+	-p	+	+	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	83	
29 BROWN	+	+	+	-	+p	A	+	+p	+	+p	+p	+a	+p	+p	A	+p	+	83	
22 CORMAN	+	+	A	+	+p	+p	+	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	+	+	89	
21 HAWKINS	+	+	+	+p	+p	+	+	+	+	+	+	-	-	-	-	-	-	94	
19 HOLIFIELD	+	+	+	+p	+p	+	A	+p	+	+p	+p	+	+	+	+	+	+	56	
26 REES	+	+	A	A	+	+	A	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	83	
30 ROYBAL	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	100	
31 WILSON	+	+	+	+	-	-	A	A	+	+	-p	-p	A	+p	+	67	-	33	
28 Bell	-	+	+	-	A	-	+	-	-	A	-	-	-	-	-p	-	-p	0	
23 Clawson	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0	
27 Goldwater	-	-	A	A	-	-	A	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0	
32 Hosmer	-	+	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	28	
24 Vacancy	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
20 Smith	-	-	-	A	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	6	
25 Wiggins	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	A	-	-	A	-	-	-	17	
COLORADO																			
4 ASPINALL	+	-	-	A	+	-	-	A	-	-	-	-	-	-	A	+p	-	22	
3 EVANS	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	83	
1 ROGERS	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	-	+	+	-	+	+	+	-	A	A	67	
2 Brotzman	-	+	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	22	
CONNECTICUT																			
1 DADDARIO	+	+	+	+	A	+	+	-	+	+	-	+	+	+	A	+p	-	78	
3 GIAIMO	+	+	-	+	-	-	-	-	-	A	A	+	+	+	A	+p	-	50	
5 MONAGAN	+	+	-	A	A	A	+	-p	+	+	-	+	+	+	A	+p	-	67	
2 ST. ONGE	+	+	-	+p	+	+	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	33	
6 Meskill	-	+	-	+	-	-	-	A	+	-p	A	-p	-	-	A	A	+	50	
4 Welcker	-	+	+	+	-	-	-	+	-	-	-p	+	+	A	+	A	+	50	

HOUSE FOREIGN POLICY ISSUES

1. Food for Peace

Motion to recommit Food for Peace legislation, thereby barring sales to Poland and Yugoslavia. Passed 183-175, Sept. 3, 1964.

A vote against recommittal is plus, a vote for minus.

Due to the absence of many Administration supporters, Rep. Findley's (R-Ill.) motion to recommit the Food for Peace bill—with instructions to prohibit U.S. sale of surplus goods to Communist countries—carried. (The House-Senate conferees retained the restriction in modified form by requiring such countries to make purchases of farm surplus goods in U.S. dollars, a new restriction for the Food for Peace program.)

2. Western Hemisphere Jingoism

Consideration of resolution authorizing unilateral intervention by the U.S. in Western Hemisphere countries where a Communist threat may exist. Adopted 312-52, Sept. 20, 1965.

A vote against the resolution is plus, a vote for minus.

Rep. Selden (D-Ala.) introduced a resolution that authorized the unilateral intervention of any country in the Western Hemisphere to oppose communism in any other country. The resolution undermines OAS agreements requiring multilateral action. The resolution would not have reached the House floor if the White House had opposed it.

3. Vietnam Funds

Motion to recommit the Vietnam Supplemental Appropriations Authorization. Recommital rejected 372-18, March 2, 1967.

A vote for the motion is plus, a vote against minus.

Rep. Brown (D-Calif.) moved to recommit the fiscal 1967 Supplemental Appropriations Authorization of \$4.5 billion for the Vietnam war, with instructions to add an amendment stating the sense-of-Congress that no funds authorized by the bill were to be used to carry out military operations in or over North Vietnam. The intention was to halt the bombing of North Vietnam and ensure against future land war in North Vietnam.

4. Defense Procurement Authorization

Rep. Rivers (D-S.C.) moved the previous question on the O'Konski (R-Wis.) motion to recommit the Defense Procurement Authorization.

To oppose Rivers' motion has the effect of supporting a 10 percent cut in the military procurement authorization. Motion passed 223-141, Oct. 3, 1969.

A vote against is plus, a vote for minus.

5. Selective Service Reform

A motion to move the previous question and end debate on Selective Service. To oppose the motion has the effect of supporting comprehensive draft reform beyond the lottery system. The motion was passed 265-129, Oct. 30, 1969.

A vote against is plus, a vote for minus.

6. Vietnam

No-amendment rule for consideration of House resolution on Vietnam—"Toward Peace with Justice in Vietnam"—in support of the Administration's Vietnam policy. To oppose the motion has the effect of supporting alternatives to the pro-Nixon Administration Vietnam resolution. The motion to move the previous question on the rule passed 225-132, Dec. 1, 1969.

A vote against is plus, a vote for minus.

7. Vietnam

Adoption of the resolution "Toward Peace with Justice in Vietnam" by 324-55, Dec. 2, 1969.

A vote against is plus, a vote for minus.

The resolution endorsed the Nixon policy and gave the President carte blanche in dealing with the Vietnam problem. No hearings were held and the House floor rule forbade any amendments.

8. Nationalist China

Motion by Rep. Conte (R-Mass.) to recommit the Foreign Aid Appropriations Bill for fiscal 1970 to House-Senate conference with instructions to delete \$54.5 million to supply Nationalist China with a squadron of jet fighter planes.

Motion rejected 220-136, Dec. 20, 1969.

A vote for is plus, a vote against minus.

9. Military Procurement—Cambodia

Rep. Rivers' (D-S.C.) motion to order the previous question on the Military Procurement Authorization. The purpose of voting down the call for the previous question would have been to permit a roll call vote on the Leggett amendment to the bill. The Leggett (D-Calif.) amendment placed restraints on the use of funds to support combat forces in Cambodia and in other countries. A vote against the call for the previous question indicated a member's willingness to be recorded on the Leggett amendment. Adopted 248-146, May 6, 1970.
A vote against is plus, a vote for minus.

10. Military Procurement

Final vote on the Military Procurement Authorization Bill which provides \$20,237,489,000 for military procurement and research for fiscal 1971. Passed 326-69, May 6, 1970.
A vote against is plus, a vote for minus.

11. Cambodia

Rep. Mahon's (D-Texas) motion to order the previous question on the fiscal 1970 Supplemental Appropriations Bill. Motion to order the previous question passed 220-134, May 7, 1970.
A vote against is plus, a vote for minus.
Members opposed to the use of American troops in Cambodia used the debate on the second Supplemental Appropriations bill in an attempt to prohibit the use of funds for such actions. Rep. Edward Boland (D-Mass.) sponsored the Cambodian amendment which would have prevented the use of fiscal 1971 funds to support combat forces in Cambodia and in other countries.

12. ABM

Rep. Rivers' (D-S.C.) motion to order the previous question on the Military Construction Authorization Bill. A vote against the previous question was aimed at denying \$322 million in the bill for construction of the ABM system. Motion passed 251-133, May 20, 1970.
A vote against is plus, a vote for minus.

13. Cambodia

Rules Committee amendment to strike the preamble to a resolution creating a Select House Southeast Asia Study Committee. The preamble stated that the Cambodian operations and the renewed air action over North Vietnam added a new dimension to the war and that the House needed accurate and detailed information to fulfill its role. The preamble signified concern over the extension of the war into Cambodia. Amendment to strike preamble adopted 211-85, June 8, 1970.
A vote against is plus, a vote for minus.

14. Cambodia—Cooper-Church

Motion to table the motion instructing House conferees to concur in the Senate-passed Cooper-Church amendment barring further troop commitments to Cambodia. The Cooper-Church amendment was added in the Senate to the Foreign Military Sales Act previously passed by the House. Motion to table adopted 237-153, July 9, 1970.
A vote against is plus, a vote for minus.

HOUSE FOREIGN POLICY VOTING RECORD

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	%
HAWAII	AL MATSUNAGA	+P	+	-	+	-	+	+	-	+	+	+	+	64
	AL MINK	+P	+	+	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	+	92
IDAHo	2 Hansen	-	-	A	-	-	-	-	-	-	A	-	0	
	1 McClure	-	-	A	A	-	-	-	-	-	A	-	0	
ILLINOIS	21 Gray	+	-	A	-	-	-	-	-	A	+	14		
	24 Price	+	-	-	-	-	-	-	+	+	P	50		
	23 ShipleY	+P	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	A	7		
	16 Anderson	-P	A	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	A	0		
	17 Arends	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	A	-	7	
	14 Erlenborn	-	-	A	-	-	-	-	-	-	A	-	8	
	20 Findley	-	-	-	+	-	-	-	-	-	A	-	0	
	12 McClory	-P	-	-	P	-	-	-	-	-	A	-	0	
	18 Michel	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	A	-	0	
	19 Railsback	-	-	-	+	A	A	+	-	-	A	-	0	
	15 Reid	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	A	-	0	
	22 Springer	-	A	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	A	-	0	
	7 Annunzio	-	A	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	A	-	0	
	1 Dawson	A	-	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	-	8	
	5 Kluczynski	+P	A	A	-	-	-	-	-	-	A	+P	14	
	2 Mikva	-	-	-	+P	+	-	-	-	-	A	-	7	
	3 Murphy	+	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	A	-	0	
	11 Pucinski	-	-	A	-P	+	-	-	-	-	P	-	14	
	6 Vacancy	-	-	-	A	-	-	-	-	-	A	-	0	
	8 Rostenkowski	+	-	-	A	-	-	-	-	-	A	-	21	
	9 Yates	+	-	-	A	-	-	-	-	-	A	-	0	
	10 Collier	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	A	-	0	
	13 Crane	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	A	-	0	
	4 Derwinski	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	A	-	0	
	11 Dennis	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	A	-	0	
	2 Landgrebe	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	A	-	0	
	7 Myers	-	A	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	P	A	-	
	5 Roudebush	-	A	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	P	A	-	
	8 Zion	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	A	-	0	
IOWA	2 Culver	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	A	+	77	
	5 Smith	-	A	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	P	-	36	
	3 Gross	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	A	-	21	
	4 Kyi	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	A	-	71	
	6 Wayne	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	A	-	75	
	7 Scherle	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	A	-	36	
	1 Schweigle	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	A	+P	64	

KANSAS	2 Hize	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	A	-	0	
	1 Sebellius	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	A	-	0	
	4 Shriver	+	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	A	-	7	
	5 Skubitz	+	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	A	-	7	
	3 Winn	-	A	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	A	-	0	
KENTUCKY	2 Natcher	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	A	-	0	
	7 Perkins	+	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	A	-	0	
	1 Stubblefield	+	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	P	-	7	
	6 Watts	+	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	A	-	7	
	5 Carter	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	A	-	8	
	3 Conger	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	A	-	0	
	4 Snyder	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	A	-	0	
LOUISIANA	2 Boggs	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	A	-	0	
	3 Caffrey	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	P	A	-	
	7 Edwards	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	P	P	-	
	1 Hebert	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	A	-	0	
	8 Long	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	A	-	0	
	5 Passman	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	A	-	0	
	6 Narick	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	A	-	0	
	4 Waggonner	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	A	-	0	
MAINE	2 Hathaway	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	A	+	77	
	1 Kyros	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	A	+	62	
MARYLAND	4 Fallon	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	A	-	71	
	7 Friedel	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	A	-	7	
	3 Garhatz	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	A	-	14	
	2 Long	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	A	-	57	
	6 Beall	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	A	-	0	
	8 Gude	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	A	-	75	
	5 Hogan	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	A	-	9	
	1 Morton	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	A	-	0	
MASSACHUSETTS	2 Boland	+P	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	A	+	71	
	11 Burke	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	A	+	21	
	4 Donohue	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	A	+	43	
	6 Harrington	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	A	+	57	
	7 MacDonald	-	+A	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	A	+	82	
	9 McCrory	-	House Speaker	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	A	+	93	
	8 O'Neill	-	-	-	+P	-	-	-	-	-	A	+	64	
	3 Philbin	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	A	+	21	
	1 Conte	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	A	+	71	
	10 Heckler	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	A	+	75	
	12 Keith	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	A	+	36	
	5 Morse	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	A	+	64	

	HOUSE	MICHIGAN														
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	%
12 O'HARA	+	+	-	+	+	-	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	+	+	86
18 Broomfield	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	14
3 Brown	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	17
10 Cederberg	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0
6 Chamberlain	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0
2 Esch	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	67
5 Ford	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0
8 Harvey	A	-	-	A	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	7
7 Hutchinson	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0
19 McDonald	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	17
7 Riegle	A	-	-	A	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0
11 Ruppe	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	75
9 Vander Jagt	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	58
1 CONYERS	DETROIT - WAYNE COUNTY	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	58
13 DIGGS	A	-	-	A	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	100
16 DINGELL	A	-	-	A	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	64
15 FORD	A	-	-	A	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	85
17 GRIFFITHS	-P	-	A	-	-	A	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	43
14 NEZI	A	-	-	A	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	86
MINNESOTA																
8 BLATNIK	+	-	A	+	+	+	+	+	+	+P	-P	+P	+	+	+	79
5 FRASER	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	100
4 KARTH	+	-	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	86
7 Langen	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	A	A	-	-	-	-	0
3 MacGregor	-	A	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	A	-	-	-	-	-	7
2 Nelsen	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	A	-	-	-	-	-	0
1 Quie	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	A	-	-	-	-	-	21
6 Zwach	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	A	-	-	-	-	-	17
MISSISSIPPI																
1 ABERNETHY	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	A	-	-	-	-	-	0
5 COLMER	-P	A	-	A	-	-	-	-	-	-P	-	-	-	-	-	0
3 GRIFFIN	-	-	-	A	A	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0
4 MONTGOMERY	-	-	-	A	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0
2 WHITTEN	-	-	-	A	-	-	-	-	-	-	A	-P	0	-	-	0
MISSOURI																
5 BOLLING	A	+	-	+	+	A	-	A	+	+	+	+	A	-	-	50
10 BURLISON	-	-	-	+	+	+	-	+	+	-	+	-	+	-	-	64
1 CLAY	-	-	-	+	+	+	+	A	+P	+P	+P	A	+	-	-	82
6 HULL	-	-	-	A	-	-	-	-	-P	-	A	-	-	-	-	7
9 HUNGATE	-	-	-	A	-	-	-	-	-	P	-	A	-	-	-	69
8 ICHORD	-	-	-	A	-	-	-	-	-	A	-	-	-	-	-	7
4 RANDALL	+	-	-	A	-	-	-	-	-	A	-	-	-	-	-	14
3 SULLIVAN	-	A	-	A	+	-	-	-	-	A	+	-	-	-	-	43
2 SYMINGTON	-	-	-	A	-	-	-	-	-	A	-	-	-	-	-	64
7 Hall	-	-	-	A	-	-	-	-	-	A	-	-	-	-	-	0
MONTANA																
2 WELCHER	+	-	-	+	+	-	+	+	-	+P	+P	+	-	-	-	73
1 OLSEN	+	-	-	+	+	-	+	+	-	+P	+P	+	-	-	-	79

	HOUSE	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	%
	FOREIGN	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	%
RHODE ISLAND	POLICY	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	%
1 ST. GERMAIN	VOTING	+ A	-	+ +	+ -	A +	-	+ +	A +	+ 57						
2 TIERNAN	RECORD	-	+ +	+ -	+ -	+ +	-	+ +	+ +	+ 82						
SOUTH CAROLINA	VERMONT															
3 DORN	AL Stafford	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-							
5 GETTYS	VIRGINIA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-							
6 MCMLIAN	4 ABBITT	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-							
4 MANN	5 DANIEL	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-							
1 RIVERS	1 DOWING	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-							
2 Watson	7 MARSH	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-							
SOUTH DAKOTA	3 SATTERFIELD	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-							
2 Berry	10 Brophy	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-							
1 Reifel	6 Poff	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-							
TENNESSEE	8 Scott	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-							
6 ANDERSON	9 Wampler	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-							
7 BLANTON	2 Whitehurst	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-							
4 EVINS	WASHINGTON	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-							
5 FULTON	7 ADAMS	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-							
8 JONES	5 FOLEY	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-							
3 Brock	3 HANSEN	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-							
2 Duncan	6 HICKS	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-							
9 Kuykendall	2 MEEDS	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-							
1 Quillen	4 May	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-							
TEXAS	1 Petty	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-							
9 BROOKS	WEST VIRGINIA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-							
17 BURLESON	4 HECHLER	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-							
5 CABELL	5 KEE	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-							
22 CASEY	1 MOLLCHAN	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-							
15 DE LA GARZA	3 SLACK	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-							
2 DOWDY	2 STAGGERS	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-							
8 ECKHARDT		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-							
21 FISHER		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-							
20 GONZALEZ		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-							
23 KAZEN		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-							
19 MAHON	WISCONSIN	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-							
1 PATHMAN	2 KASTENHEIER	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-							
10 PICKLE	7 OBEY	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-							
11 POAGE	5 REUSS	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-							
13 PURCELL	4 ZABLOCKI	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-							
4 ROBERTS	8 Byrnes	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-							
6 TEAGUE	9 Davis	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-							
16 WHITE	10 O'Konski	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-							
12 WRIGHT	1 Schadberg	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-							
14 YOUNG	6 Steiger	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-							
7 Bush	3 Thomson	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-							
3 Collins		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-							
18 Price		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-							
WYOMING	AL Hold	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-							

